Square Wave Generator with Variable Frequency

BY:-23BEC173

What is a Square Wave Generator?

- A Square Wave Generator generates a periodic signal that switches between HIGH and LOW states at consistent intervals. It is frequently utilized for clock signals, PWM, and signal processing.

Importance in Digital Electronics

- 1. Significance in Digital Electronics
- 2. Crucial for timing and synchronization in digital circuitry
- 3. Employed in counters, timers, and communications systems
- 4. Delivers exact frequency control for numerous applications
- 5. Aids in signal testing and processing

Project Objective

- **Purpose:**

  Create a square wave generator capable of adjusting its frequency by utilizing FSM modeling in Verilog for accurate control of the waveform.

- **Key Goals:**

  Adjustable Frequency – Alter ON/OFF durations for adaptability
  FSM Approach -Guarantees precise and effective waveform creation
  FPGA Implementation – Ideal for real-time digital uses

Keywords

- **Square Wave Generator**
- **Finite State Machine (FSM)**
- **Verilog HDL**
- **FPGA**
- **Clock Generation**
- **Digital Signal Processing (DSP)**
- **Variable Frequency Control**

Literature Survey

- **Traditional Methods:**

  555 Timers & Microcontrollers (e.g., Arduino, 8051) are commonly used for square wave generation.

  They require external components for precise frequency control.

  Microcontroller-based solutions consume more power and may lack flexibility

- **Why FSM is Better:**
  Higher Accuracy – Precise frequency control without extra components.
  Efficient Design – Uses a structured state-based approach.
  Better for FPGA – Optimized for digital applications and real-time processing.

Limitations of Traditional Technology

- **Fixed Frequency Output** – Traditional circuits (e.g., 555 timers) have limited or no frequency adjustment.
- **Lack of FSM Modeling** – Many designs use direct logic without FSM, reducing flexibility and precision.
- **High Power Consumption** – Microcontroller-based solutions run continuously, consuming more power.
- **Limited Digital Control** – Analog waveform generators require extra components for accurate frequency tuning.

Proposed Methodology

- **Finite State Machine (FSM) Modeling** – The waveform is generated using a state-based approach, ensuring precise timing and control.
- **ON and OFF State Control** – The FSM switches between:
  HIGH State – Output remains HIGH for a set duration (P_ON).
  LOW State – Output remains LOW for a set duration (P_OFF).
- **Frequency Adjustment** – By modifying **P_ON** and **P_OFF**, the frequency can be controlled dynamically.

Conclusion

- Using FSM modeling, this project successfully produces a square wave generator with a fr equency that can be adjusted.
  Compared to traditional methods, the FSM method is more dependable since it provides p recise control over the waveform.
  Digital signal processing and FPGA applications benefit greatly from the design's Verilog implementation. Adding duty cycle control and allowing real-
  time frequency modifications via user input are possible future improvements.

Thank you