Hackathon Project Phases Template

Project Title:

Blog Generation Using LLAMA 2 and Streamlit

Team Name:

Steel Birds

Team Members:

- Neena Bhanu
- Neha
- Nishitha
- Sri Vidya

Phase-1: Brainstorming & Ideation

Objective:

Develop an Al-powered blog generation tool using LLaMA 2 to assist content creators, researchers, and professionals in quickly generating high-quality written content.

Key Points:

1. Problem Statement:

- o Content creation is time-consuming and requires extensive research.
- Researchers and professionals often need structured blog posts tailored to specific audiences.

2. Proposed Solution:

- A Streamlit-based web application powered by LLaMA 2.
- Allows users to input topic, word count, and target audience to generate customized blogs.

3. Target Users:

- Content creators who need automated blog drafts.
- Researchers seeking structured and technical blog content.
- o Professionals require quick article generation for documentation.

4. Expected Outcome:

 A functional application that generates structured, relevant, and high-quality blog posts based on user input.

Phase-2: Requirement Analysis

Objective:

Define the technical and functional requirements for the LLaMA 2-powered blog generation tool.

Key Points:

1. Technical Requirements:

Programming Language: Python

o Backend: LLaMA 2 Model

Frontend: Streamlit Web Framework

Database: Not required initially

2. Functional Requirements:

- Accept user input for topic, word count, and audience.
- Generate blog content using LLaMA 2.
- Display results in a structured format.
- Option to export generated blogs as a PDF.

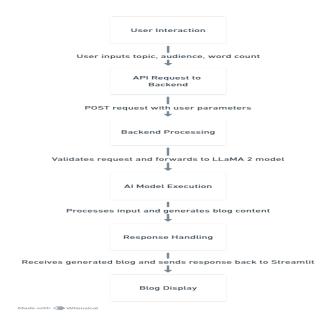
3. Constraints & Challenges:

- Ensuring relevant and non-repetitive content generation.
- Handling large API requests and optimizing response time.
- Providing a user-friendly UI for seamless interaction.

Phase-3: Project Design

Objective:

Develop the architecture and user flow of the application.



Key Points:

1. System Architecture:

- User inputs topic, word count, and target audience.
- o LLaMA 2 processes the input and generates blog content.
- The output is displayed on the frontend with an option to export as a PDF.

2. User Flow:

- Step 1: User enters blog requirements.
- Step 2: Application processes input using LLaMA 2.
- Step 3: Generated blog is displayed for review and export.

3. UI/UX Considerations:

- Minimalist design with clear input fields.
- Readable blog formatting for better user experience.
- Export functionality for convenience.

Phase-4: Project Planning (Agile Methodologies)

Objective:

Break down development tasks for efficient completion.

Sprint	Task	Priority	Duration	Deadline	Assigned To	Dependencies	Expected Outcome
Sprint 1	Environment Setup & API Integration	High	6 hours (Day 1)	End of Day 1	Sri Vidya	LLaMA 2 API, Python, Streamlit	API connection established & working
Sprint 1	Frontend UI Development	_ Medium	2 hours (Day 1)	End of Day 1	Nishitha	API response format finalized	Basic UI with input fields
Sprint 2	Blog Generation & Refinement	High	3 hours (Day 2)	Mid-Day 2	Neena	API response, UI elements ready	Al-generated blogs with structured content
Sprint 2	Error Handling & Debugging	High	1.5 hours (Day 2)	Mid-Day 2	Neha	API logs, UI inputs	Improved API stability
Sprint 3	Testing & UI Enhancements	 Medium	1.5 hours (Day 2)	Mid-Day 2	Neena &Srividya	API response, UI layout completed	Responsive UI, better user experience
Sprint 3	Final Presentation & Deployment	Low	1 hour (Day 2)	End of Day 2	Neha & Nishitha	Working prototype	Demo-ready project

Phase-5: Project Development

Objective:

Implement core features of the blog generation tool.

Key Points:

1. Technology Stack Used:

Frontend: StreamlitBackend: LLaMA 2

Programming Language: Python

2. Development Process:

o Implement API key authentication and model integration.

o Develop content generation logic with adjustable word limits.

o Optimize blog structuring for coherence and readability.

3. Challenges & Fixes:

o Challenge: Ensuring contextually accurate content.

■ Fix: Fine-tune prompts and filtering mechanisms.

o Challenge: High response times for long blogs.

Phase-6: Functional & Performance Testing

■ Fix: Implement efficient API request handling and caching.

Objective:

Ensure that the LLaMA 2-powered blog generation tool works as expected.

Test Case ID	Category	Test Scenario	Expected Outcome	Status	Tester
TC-001	Functional Testing	Generate a 500-word blog on Al for researchers	Relevant and structured blog content	✓ Passed	Tester 1
TC-002	Functional Testing	Generate a 1000-word blog for general audience	Well-structur ed and readable blog	✓ Passed	Tester 2
TC-003	Performance Testing	API response time under 1s for 500-word blogs	Fast blog generation	⚠ Needs Optimization	Tester 3
TC-004	Bug Fixes & Improvement s	Fixed repetitive content generation	Blog uniqueness improved	✓ Fixed	Developer
TC-005	Final	Ensure UI is	UI works	X Failed - UI	Tester 2

	Validation	responsive on all devices	smoothly	broken on mobile	
TC-006	Deployment Testing	Host the app using Streamlit Sharing	App is accessible online		DevOps