

## Coding Set 5

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### 1. Student Result Management System

**Concepts:** Array of objects, data input/output, aggregation logic

**Problem:**

Create a class Student with members: rollNo, name, marks[5], and total.

- Use an array of Student objects to store data of n students.
- Calculate and display the total marks and the student with the **highest total**.

**Hint:**

Loop through array, call member functions for input and calculation.

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### 2. Employee Salary Slip Generator

**Concepts:** Constructor overloading, array of objects, computation logic

**Problem:**

Define a class Employee with data members id, name, basicSalary, hra, da, and netSalary.

- Overload constructors: one default and one parameterized.
  - Store records of n employees in an array.
  - Calculate and display  $\text{netSalary} = \text{basicSalary} + \text{hra} + \text{da}$ .
  - Display employee(s) earning above ₹50,000.
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### 3. Library Book Management

**Concepts:** Array of objects, searching, string handling

**Problem:**

Create a class Book with members: bookID, title, author, and price.

- Read details for n books into an array.
- Implement a function to **search for a book by author name**.
- Display all books written by that author.

**Extension:**

Allow partial match search using `string::find()`.

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### 4. Cricket Player Statistics

**Concepts:** Array of objects, sorting based on member variable

**Problem:**

Design a class Cricketer with members: playerName, matches, runs, average.

- Read data for n players.
- Calculate average = runs / matches.
- Sort and display players in **descending order of average runs**.

**Hint:**

Use a **sorting algorithm (like bubble sort)** with object swapping.

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## 5. Inventory Stock Update

**Concepts:** Array of objects, operator overloading

**Problem:**

Define a class Item with members: code, name, and quantity.

- Overload the + operator to **add quantities** of items with the same code.
- Create an array of items.
- Merge stock from two inventories (two arrays of objects) into a third array.

**Hint:**

Use operator overloading with an array-based merging logic.

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## 6. Flight Reservation System

**Concepts:** Dynamic array of objects, object filtering

**Problem:**

Create a class Flight with data members: flightNo, source, destination, seatsAvailable.

- Allocate flights dynamically (new Flight[n]).
- Display all flights going to a particular destination entered by user.
- Update seat count when a booking is made.

**Hint:**

Use functions for searching and seat modification.

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## 7. Car Dealership Records

**Concepts:** Array of objects, aggregation, string matching

**Problem:**

Make a class Car with data members: model, company, price.

- Store n car objects.
- Display all cars of a particular company.
- Find and display the **most expensive car** in the array.

**Extension:**

Allow case-insensitive search using transform().

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## 8. Online Shopping Cart

**Concepts:** Array of objects, composition, discount logic

**Problem:**

Define a class Product with attributes: id, name, price, discount.

- Create an array of objects representing cart items.
- Compute the **total amount payable** after applying discounts.
- Display products sorted by **final price (after discount)**.

**Hint:**

Use  $(\text{price} - (\text{price} * \text{discount} / 100))$  for each product.

Implement a function to compute the total bill.

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## 9. Complex Number Operations using Array of Objects

**Concepts:** Array of objects, operator overloading, aggregation

**Problem:**

Create a Complex class with data members: real and imag.

- Overload the + and \* operators.
- Create an array of Complex objects.
- Compute the **sum** and **product** of all complex numbers in the array.

**Hint:**

Use loop:

sum = sum + arr[i];

product = product \* arr[i];

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## 10. Student Result Ranking System

**Concepts:** Array of objects, sorting, encapsulation, file handling (optional)

**Problem:**

Design a class Student with members:  
rollNo, name, marks[3], total, and grade.

- Calculate total and grade (A for  $\geq 90$ , B for 80-89, etc.).
- Sort the array by total marks (descending order).
- Display the **rank list** (1st, 2nd, 3rd...).
- (Optional) Write the rank list to a text file.

**Hint:**

Use encapsulation (private members, public access functions).

Use a **sorting algorithm** and maintain ranks dynamically.