

RECURSION (Basics) SOLUTIONS

Solution 1:

```
public class Solution {  
    public static void allOccurrences(int arr[], int key, int i) {  
        if(i == arr.length) {  
            return;  
        }  
  
        if(arr[i] == key) {  
            System.out.print(i+" ");  
        }  
        allOccurrences(arr, key, i+1);  
    }  
    public static void main(String[] args) {  
        int arr[] = {3, 2, 4, 5, 6, 2, 7, 2, 2};  
        int key = 2;  
        allOccurrences(arr, key, 0);  
        System.out.println();  
    }  
}
```

Solution 2:

```
public class Solution {  
    static String digits[] = {"zero", "one", "two", "three", "four", "five", "six",  
"seven", "eight", "nine"};  
  
    public static void printDigits(int number) {  
        if(number == 0) {  
            return;  
        }  
  
        int lastDigit = number%10;  
        printDigits(number/10);  
        System.out.print(digits[lastDigit]+" ");  
    }  
    public static void main(String[] args) {  
        printDigits(1234);  
    }  
}
```

```
        System.out.println();  
    }  
}
```

Solution 3 :

```
public class Solution {  
    public static int length(String str) {  
        if(str.length() == 0) {  
            return 0;  
        }  
  
        return length(str.substring(1)) + 1;  
    }  
  
    public static void main(String[] args) {  
        String str = "abcde";  
        System.out.println(length(str));  
    }  
}
```

Solution 4 :

```
public class Solution {  
    public static int countSubstrs(String str, int i, int j, int n) {  
        if (n == 1) {  
            return 1;  
        }  
  
        if (n <= 0) {  
            return 0;  
        }  
  
        int res = countSubstrs(str, i + 1, j, n - 1) +  
            countSubstrs(str, i, j - 1, n - 1) -  
            countSubstrs(str, i + 1, j - 1, n - 2);  
  
        if (str.charAt(i) == str.charAt(j)) {  
            res++;  
        }  
    }  
}
```

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```
        return res;
    }

    public static void main(String[] args) {
        String str = "abcbab";
        int n = str.length();
        System.out.print(countSubstrs(str, 0, n-1, n));
    }
}
```

Solution 5 :

```
public class Solution {
    public static void towerOfHanoi(int n, String src, String helper, String dest) {
        if(n == 1) {
            System.out.println("transfer disk " + n + " from " + src + " to " + dest);
            return;
        }

        //transfer top n-1 from src to helper using dest as 'helper'
        towerOfHanoi(n-1, src, dest, helper);

        //transfer nth from src to dest
        System.out.println("transfer disk " + n + " from " + src + " to " + helper);
        //transfer n-1 from helper to dest using src as 'helper'
        towerOfHanoi(n-1, helper, src, dest);
    }

    public static void main(String args[]) {
        int n = 4;
        towerOfHanoi(n, "A", "B", "C");
    }
}
```

The Solution for this particular question has also been discussed here :
<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=u-HgzgYe8KA>

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