Workshop #2 Storage & **Databases**

Last Workshop

Compute in the Cloud

Practice your skills on AWS Skill Builder regularly to stay sharp on your skills!





Simple Storage Service (S3)



An object storage service offering industry-leading scalability, data availability, security, and performance.

What is S3 useful for?

- Websites
- Applications
- Backup/Restore
- Big Data
- User Information





S3 is <u>NOT</u> for...

Block Storage

Amazon Elastic Block Store (EBS)

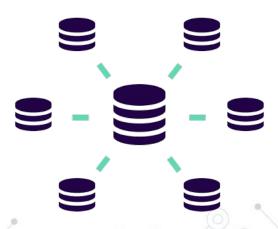
File Systems

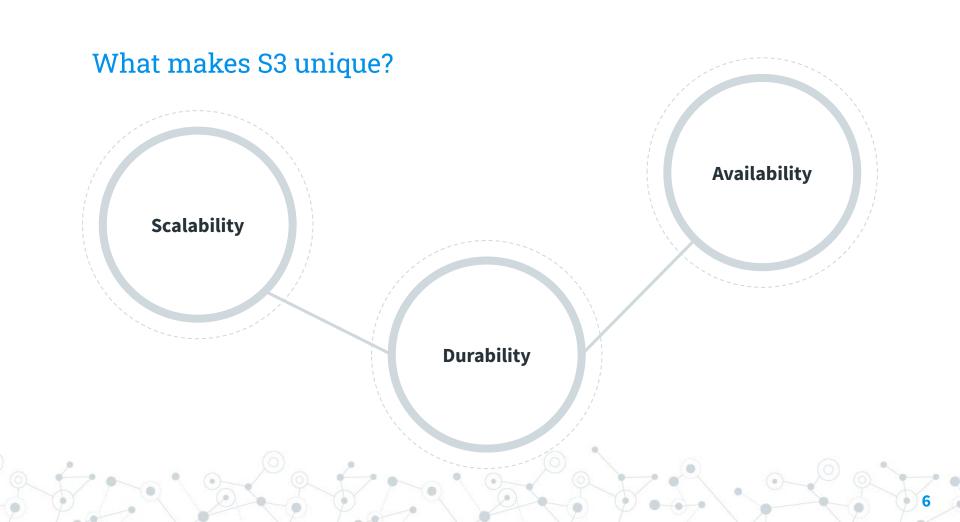
Amazon Elastic File System (EFS)

Databases

Amazon Relational Database Service (Amazon RDS)

Amazon DynamoDB





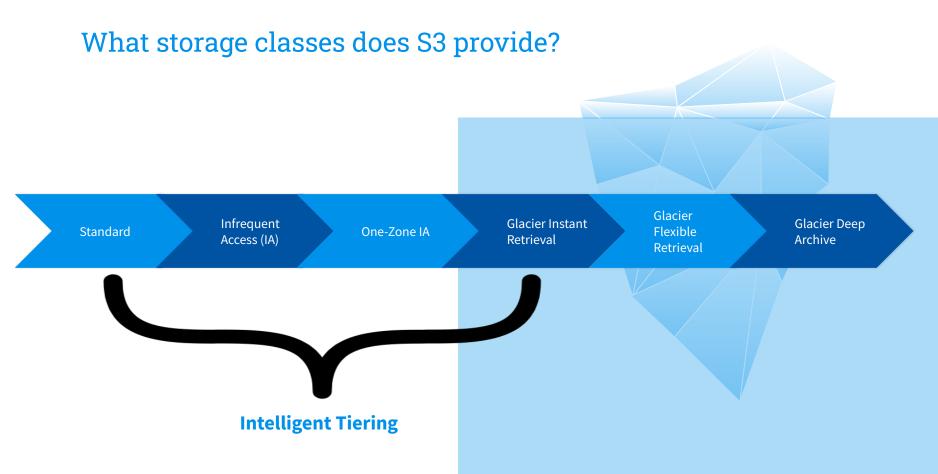


Objects

How does it all work?



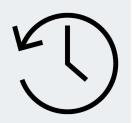
Bucket



What features does S3 offer?

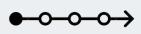
Versioning

Track different versions of objects





Prevent modifications for auditing/legal reasons



Optimize costs by using the right storage class

Lifecycle Policies



Ensure durability of your data by copying it across regions

Cross-Region Replication

How do we keep the data in S3 secure?

Resource Policies

User Policies

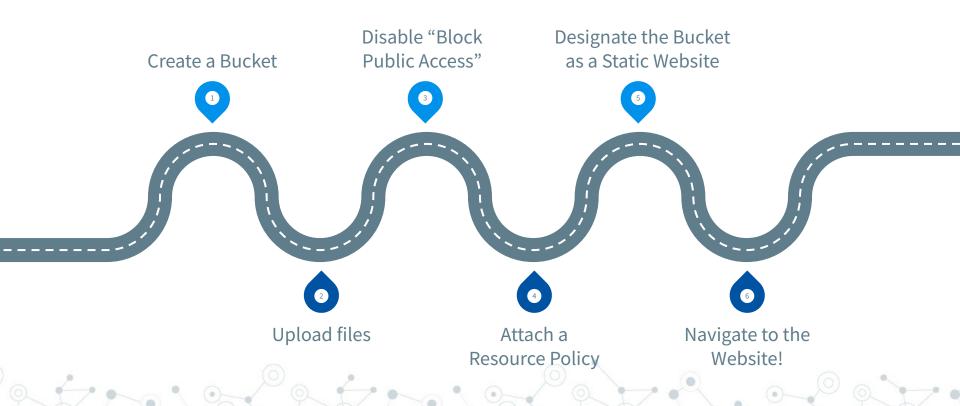
- Access Control Lists (ACLs)
- Identity Access Management

Bucket policies

User policy documents



Hosting a static website using S3

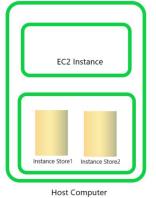


Instance Storage and Elastic Block Storage (EBS)

Instance Storage

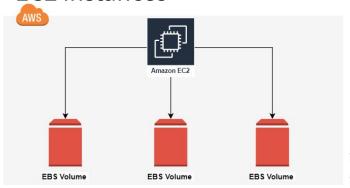
- Temporary block storage for EC2 instance
- Physically attached to EC2 instance
- Lifetime is equal to lifetime of EC2

instance



Elastic Block Storage

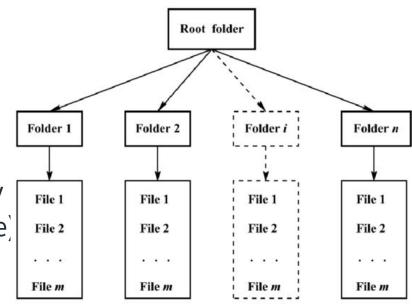
- Solution to Instance storage being temporary
- Data lifetime is forever
- EBS volumes can be attached to EC2 instances





Amazon Elastic File System (EFS)

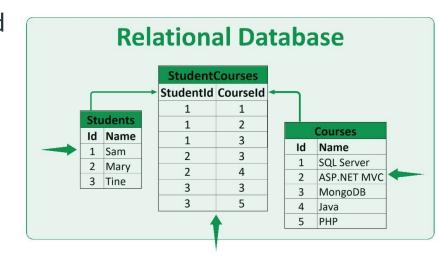
- Scalable file system
 - Dynamically scales
- Data is stored in file paths
- Think of windows or mac file system
- Stores data in multiple availability zones (EBS in one availability zone)
- Large scale file storage solution





Amazon Relational Database Service (Amazon RDS)

- Relational databases use structured query language (SQL) to store data
- Amazon RDS lets you run relational databases in the cloud
- A relational database looks like a spreadsheet
- A relational database has many tables to represent the data







- DynamoDB is a nonrelational database
 - "NoSQL" database
- Organizes data in key value pairs
- Single-digit millisecond performance at any scale.
- Serverless
- Automatic scaling

Key	Value
Name	{ "FIrstName": "Bruce", "LastName": "Wayne" }
Email	bruce@wayneenterprises.com
Туре	Gold
Image	10111100101010101000101 100101010101000101100

Amazon Redshift

- Data warehousing service
- Used for big data analytics
- Helps you find patterns and trends across company data
- Other databases get slow when scaled; Redshift's performance is designed for huge amounts of data



AWS Database Migration Service (DMS)

- Service designed to aid in DB migration
- Migrate relational or nonrelational DB
- DB is still running during migration
- Can combine multiple DB into one
- One time migration service



Oracle database

On premises, in Amazon EC2, or in Amazon RDS



AWS Database Migration Service



Amazon RDS for Oracle



Other database services

- Amazon DocumentDB
 - Document database service
- Amazon Neptune
 - Graph database service



- Ledger database service
- Amazon Managed Blockchain
 - Create and manage blockchain networks
- Amazon Elasticache
 - Adds cache layer to improve DB performance
- Amazon DynamoDB Accelerator
 - Memory cache service for DynamoDB











Hands-on Demo



THANK YOU!

