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CS111 Lab Assignment 7

Recursion and Pointers

Q1) Write a program in C to find the Hailstone Sequence of a given number up to 1 using recursion.

```
#include <stdio.h>

void hailstoneSequence(int n) {
    printf("%d ", n);

    if (n == 1) {
        return;
    } else if (n % 2 == 0) {
        hailstoneSequence(n / 2);
    } else {
        hailstoneSequence((n * 3) + 1);
    }
}

int main() {
    int number;

    printf("Enter a positive integer: ");
    scanf("%d", &number);

    if (number <= 0) {
        printf("Please enter a positive integer.\n");
    } else {
        printf("Hailstone Sequence for %d: ", number);
        hailstoneSequence(number);
    }
}
```

```

        printf("\n");
    }

    return 0;
}

```

OUTPUT

```

nithin@nithin1729s:~/Codes/CS111/Lab_6$ gcc q1.c
nithin@nithin1729s:~/Codes/CS111/Lab_6$ ./a.out
Enter a positive integer: 56
Hailstone Sequence for 56: 56 28 14 7 22 11 34 17 52 26 13 40 20 10 5 16 8 4 2 1
nithin@nithin1729s:~/Codes/CS111/Lab_6$ |

```

Q2) Write a C program to convert decimal number to binary using recursion with appropriate parameter passing

```

#include <stdio.h>

void decimalToBinary(int n) {
    if (n > 1) {
        decimalToBinary(n / 2);
    }
    printf("%d", n % 2);
}

int main() {
    int decimalNumber;

    printf("Enter a decimal number: ");
    scanf("%d", &decimalNumber);

    printf("Binary equivalent: ");
    decimalToBinary(decimalNumber);
}

```

```
    return 0;
}
```

OUTPUT

```
nithin@nithin1729s:~/Codes/CS111/Lab_6$ code .
nithin@nithin1729s:~/Codes/CS111/Lab_6$ gcc q2.c
nithin@nithin1729s:~/Codes/CS111/Lab_6$ ./a.out
Enter a decimal number: 56
Binary equivalent: 111000nithin@nithin1729s:~/Codes/CS111/Lab_6$ |
```

Q3) Write a C program to perform bubble sort on an integer array using recursion with appropriate parameter passing

```
#include <stdio.h>

void bubbleSort(int arr[], int size) {
    if (size == 1) {
        return;
    }

    for (int i = 0; i < size - 1; i++) {
        if (arr[i] > arr[i + 1]) {

            int temp = arr[i];
            arr[i] = arr[i + 1];
            arr[i + 1] = temp;
        }
    }

    bubbleSort(arr, size - 1);
}

int main() {
```

```

int size;
printf("Enter the size of the array: ");
scanf("%d", &size);

int arr[size];

printf("Enter %d elements for the array: ", size);
for (int i = 0; i < size; i++) {
    scanf("%d", &arr[i]);
}

printf("Original array: ");
for (int i = 0; i < size; i++) {
    printf("%d ", arr[i]);
}

bubbleSort(arr, size);

printf("\nSorted array: ");
for (int i = 0; i < size; i++) {
    printf("%d ", arr[i]);
}

return 0;
}

```

OUTPUT

```

nithin@nithin1729s:~/Codes/CS111/Lab_6$ gcc q3.c
nithin@nithin1729s:~/Codes/CS111/Lab_6$ ./a.out
Enter the size of the array: 6
Enter 6 elements for the array: 6 7 4 6 4 6 7
Original array: 6 7 4 6 4 6 7
Sorted array: 4 4 6 6 7 6 7 nithin@nithin1729s:~/Codes/CS111/Lab_6$ |

```

Q4) Write a C program to find the maximum occurring character in a string.

```
#include <stdio.h>
```

```

char firstCapitalLetter(char str[], int index) {
    if (str[index] == '\0') {
        return '\0';
    }

    if (str[index] >= 'A' && str[index] <= 'Z') {
        return str[index];
    }

    return firstCapitalLetter(str, index + 1);
}

int main() {
    char inputString[100];

    printf("Enter a string: ");
    scanf("%s", inputString);

    char result = firstCapitalLetter(inputString, 0);

    if (result != '\0') {
        printf("First capital letter in the string: %c\n", result);
    } else {
        printf("No capital letter found in the string.\n");
    }

    return 0;
}

```

OUTPUT

```

nithin@nithin1729s:~/Codes/CS111/Lab_6$ gcc q4.c
nithin@nithin1729s:~/Codes/CS111/Lab_6$ ./a.out
Enter a string: nithIn
First capital letter in the string: I
nithin@nithin1729s:~/Codes/CS111/Lab_6$ |

```

Q5) C program to calculate power of a number using recursion

```
#include <stdio.h>

int power(int base, int exponent) {
    if (exponent == 0) {
        return 1;
    } else {
        return base * power(base, exponent - 1);
    }
}

int main() {
    int base, exponent;

    printf("Enter value of base: ");
    scanf("%d", &base);

    printf("Enter value of power: ");
    scanf("%d", &exponent);

    int result = power(base, exponent);

    printf("%d to the power of %d is: %d\n", base,
exponent, result);

    return 0;
}
```

OUTPUT

```
nithin@nithin1729s:~/Codes/CS111/Lab_6$ gcc q5.c
nithin@nithin1729s:~/Codes/CS111/Lab_6$ ./a.out
Enter value of base: 6
Enter value of power: 7
6 to the power of 7 is: 279936
nithin@nithin1729s:~/Codes/CS111/Lab_6$ |
```

Q6) Write a C program to find length of the string using pointers and functions, showing appropriate parameter passing.

```
#include <stdio.h>

int stringLength(const char *str) {
    int length = 0;

    while (*str != '\0') {
        length++;
        str++;
    }

    return length;
}

int main() {
    char inputString[100];

    printf("Enter a string: ");
    scanf("%s", inputString);

    int len = stringLength(inputString);

    printf("Length of the string: %d\n", len);

    return 0;
}
```

OUTPUT

```
nithin@nithin1729s:~/Codes/CS111/Lab_6$ gcc q6.c
nithin@nithin1729s:~/Codes/CS111/Lab_6$ ./a.out
Enter a string: RadioheadRockBand
Length of the string: 17
nithin@nithin1729s:~/Codes/CS111/Lab_6$ |
```

Q7) Write a C program to concatenate two strings using pointers and functions, showing appropriate parameter passing

```
#include <stdio.h>

void stringConcat(char *dest, const char *src) {
    while (*dest != '\0') {
        dest++;
    }

    while (*src != '\0') {
        *dest = *src;
        dest++;
        src++;
    }

    *dest = '\0';
}

int main() {
    char firstString[100], secondString[100];

    printf("Enter the first string: ");
    scanf("%s", firstString);

    printf("Enter the second string: ");
    scanf("%s", secondString);

    stringConcat(firstString, secondString);

    printf("Concatenated string: %s\n", firstString);

    return 0;
}
```


OUTPUT

```
nithin@nithin1729s:~/Codes/CS111/Lab_6$ gcc q7.c
nithin@nithin1729s:~/Codes/CS111/Lab_6$ ./a.out
Enter the first string: nithin
Enter the second string: suresh
Concatenated string: nithinsuresh
nithin@nithin1729s:~/Codes/CS111/Lab_6$ |
```

Q8) Write a program in C to count the number of vowels and consonants in a string using a pointer

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <ctype.h>

void countVowelsConsonants(const char *str, int
*vowelCount, int *consonantCount) {
    *vowelCount = 0;
    *consonantCount = 0;

    while (*str != '\0') {
        char ch = toupper(*str);

        if (ch == 'A' || ch == 'E' || ch == 'I' || ch ==
'0' || ch == 'U') {
            (*vowelCount)++;
        } else if (ch >= 'A' && ch <= 'Z') {
            (*consonantCount)++;
        }

        str++;
    }
}

int main() {
    char inputString[100];
    int vowelCount = 0, consonantCount = 0;

    printf("Enter a string: ");
    scanf("%[^\\n]", inputString);
```

```

    countVowelsConsonants(inputString, &vowelCount,
&consonantCount);

    printf("Number of vowels: %d\n", vowelCount);
    printf("Number of consonants: %d\n", consonantCount);

    return 0;
}

```

OUTPUT

```

nithin@nithin1729s:~/Codes/CS111/Lab_6$ gcc q8.c
nithin@nithin1729s:~/Codes/CS111/Lab_6$ ./a.out
Enter a string: nithin s
Number of vowels: 2
Number of consonants: 5
nithin@nithin1729s:~/Codes/CS111/Lab_6$ |

```

Q9)Write a C program to read a sentence and count the number of characters and words in that sentence, using pointers and functions, showing appropriate parameter passing.

```

#include <stdio.h>
#include <ctype.h>

```

```

void countCharsWords(const char *sentence, int
*charCount, int *wordCount) {
    *charCount = 0;
    *wordCount = 0;
    int inWord = 0;

    while (*sentence != '\0') {
        if (!isspace(*sentence)) {
            (*charCount)++;

            if (!inWord) {
                inWord = 1;
                (*wordCount)++;
            }
        }
    }
}

```

```

        }
    } else {
        inWord = 0;
    }

    sentence++;
}
}

int main() {
    char inputSentence[1000];
    int charCount = 0, wordCount = 0;

    printf("Enter a sentence: ");
    scanf("%[^\n]", inputSentence);

    countCharsWords(inputSentence, &charCount,
&wordCount);

    printf("Number of characters: %d\n", charCount);
    printf("Number of words: %d\n", wordCount);

    return 0;
}

```

OUTPUT

```

nithin@nithin1729s:~/Codes/CS111/Lab_6$ gcc q9.c
nithin@nithin1729s:~/Codes/CS111/Lab_6$ ./a.out
Enter a sentence: goodbye world
Number of characters: 12
Number of words: 2
nithin@nithin1729s:~/Codes/CS111/Lab_6$ |

```

Q10) Write a C program to sort array elements using pointers.

```
#include <stdio.h>
```

```

void swap(int *a, int *b) {
    int temp = *a;

```

```

    *a = *b;
    *b = temp;
}

void sortArray(int *arr, int size) {
    for (int i = 0; i < size - 1; i++) {
        for (int j = 0; j < size - i - 1; j++) {
            if (*(arr + j) > *(arr + j + 1)) {
                swap(arr + j, arr + j + 1);
            }
        }
    }
}

int main() {
    int size;

    printf("Enter the size of the array: ");
    scanf("%d", &size);

    int arr[size];

    printf("Enter %d elements for the array: ", size);
    for (int i = 0; i < size; i++) {
        scanf("%d", &arr[i]);
    }

    printf("Original array: ");
    for (int i = 0; i < size; i++) {
        printf("%d ", arr[i]);
    }

    sortArray(arr, size);

    printf("\nSorted array: ");
    for (int i = 0; i < size; i++) {
        printf("%d ", arr[i]);
    }

    return 0;
}

```

OUTPUT

```
nithin@nithin1729s:~/Codes/CS111/Lab_6$ gcc q10.c
nithin@nithin1729s:~/Codes/CS111/Lab_6$ ./a.out
Enter the size of the array: 6
Enter 6 elements for the array: 45 3 5 35 3 4
Original array: 45 3 5 35 3 4
Sorted array: 3 3 4 5 35 45 nithin@nithin1729s:~/Codes/CS111/Lab_6$ |
```