

**DEPARTMENT OF INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY, NITK,  
SURATHKAL**

**Parallel Computing**

**Lab-4-26<sup>th</sup> August 2024**

**Note: Execute the following programs and take screen shots of the output. Write the analysis of the results and upload the code, results and analysis as a single file in the Moodle.**

**Total marks: 3+3+2+2 = 10**

1. To understand the concept of schedule. Write the observation using schedule (static, 5), schedule(dynamic,5) and schedule (guided,5)     **[1+1+1=3]**

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include <omp.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
int main(void)
{
    int i;
    #pragma omp parallel num_threads(4)]
    {
        #pragma omp for schedule(guided,5) private(i)
        for (i=0;i<25;i++)
        {
            printf("tid=%d, i=%d\n", omp_get_thread_num(),i);
        }
    }
    return 0;
}
```

2. Execute the following code to understand the concept of collapse(). Consider three for loops and check the result with **no collapse()**, **collapse(2)**, and **collapse(3)**.

**Nocollapse():** **[1+1+1=3]**

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include <omp.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
```

```

int main(void)
{
int i,j,k;
#pragma omp parallel
{
    #pragma omp for schedule(static,3) private(i,j,k)
    for (i=0;i<4;i++)
        for (j=0;j<3;j++)
            for (k=0;k<2;k++)
            {
                int tid= omp_get_thread_num();
                printf("tid=%d i=%d j=%d k=%d\n",tid,i,j,k);
            }
}
return 0;
}

```

### **collapse(2):**

```

#include<stdio.h>
#include <omp.h>
#include <stdlib.h>

int main(void)
{
int i,j,k;
#pragma omp parallel
{
    #pragma omp for schedule(static,3) private(i,j,k)
collapse(2)
    for (i=0;i<4;i++)
        for (j=0;j<3;j++)
            for (k=0;k<2;k++)
            {
                int tid= omp_get_thread_num();
                printf("tid=%d i=%d j=%d k=%d\n",tid,i,j,k);
            }
}
return 0;
}

```

### **collapse(3):**

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include <omp.h>
#include <stdlib.h>

int main(void)
{
    int i,j,k;
    #pragma omp parallel
    {
        #pragma omp for schedule(static,3) private(i,j,k)
        collapse(3)
        for (i=0;i<4;i++)
            for (j=0;j<3;j++)
                for (k=0;k<2;k++)
                {
                    int tid= omp_get_thread_num();
                    printf("tid=%d i=%d j=%d k=%d\n",tid,i,j,k);
                }
    }
    return 0;
}
```

3. Execute the following code and observe the working of threadprivate directive and copyin clause.

**[1+1=2]**

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include <omp.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
int tid,x;
#pragma omp threadprivate(x,tid)
void main()
{
    x=10;
    #pragma omp parallel num_threads(4) copyin(x)
    {
        tid= omp_get_thread_num()
```

```

        #pragma omp master
        {
            printf("Parallel region 1 \n");
            x=x+1;
        }
#pragma omp barrier
if (tid==1)
x=x+2;
printf("thread %d value of x is %d\n", tid,x);
}
#pragma omp parallel num_threads(4)
{
    #pragma omp master
    {
        printf("Parallel region 2 \n");
    }
#pragma omp barrier
printf("thread %d value of x is %d\n", tid,x);
}
printf("value of x in main region is %d\n",x);
}

```

4. In the above program (Program No.3),  
**[1+1=2]**

(i) remove the copyin clause and check the output.

```

#include<stdio.h>
#include <omp.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
int tid, x;
#pragma omp threadprivate(x,tid)
void main()
{
    x=10;
    #pragma omp parallel num_threads(4)
    {
        tid= omp_get_thread_num()
        #pragma omp master
        {
            printf("Parallel region 1 \n");
            x=x+1;
        }
    }
}

```

```

#pragma omp barrier
if (tid==1)
x=x+2;
printf("thread %d value of x is %d\n", tid,x);
}
#pragma omp parallel num_threads(4)
{
    #pragma omp master
    {
        printf("Parallel region 2 \n");
    }
#pragma omp barrier
printf("thread %d value of x is %d\n", tid,x);
}
printf("value of x in main region is %d\n",x);
}

```

(ii) remove the copyin clause, initialize **x** globally and check the output.

```

#include<stdio.h>
#include <omp.h>
#include <stdlib.h>

int tid, x=10;
#pragma omp threadprivate(x, tid)
void main()
{
    #pragma omp parallel num_threads(4)
    {
        tid= omp_get_thread_num()
        #pragma omp master
        {
            printf("Parallel region 1 \n");
            x=x+1;
        }
    }
#pragma omp barrier
if (tid==1)
x=x+2;
printf("thread %d value of x is %d\n", tid,x);
}

```

```
}  
#pragma omp parallel num_threads(4)  
{  
    #pragma omp master  
    {  
        printf("Parallel region 2 \n");  
    }  
#pragma omp barrier  
printf("thread %d value of x is %d\n", tid,x);  
}  
printf("value of x in main region is %d\n",x);  
}
```

\*\*\*\*\*

1. write an OpenMP program to demonstrate sharing of section work by
2. performing arithmetic operations on one

dimensional array  
by thread