18.03.2024 v1.0 Johan Hellström & Jonas Lindahl

REPDEM
The Representative Democracy
Data Archive

**Coalition Politics in Central Eastern Europe** 

This comparative dataset combines the datasets that was collected for *Coalition Governance in Central Eastern Europe* (2020), edited by Torbjörn Bergman, Gabriella Ilonszki, and Wolfgang

C. Müller, and Coalition Governance in Central Eastern Europe: Governing in Times of Crisis

(2024), edited by Torbjörn Bergman, Gabriella Ilonszki, and Johan Hellström.

All data were meticulously collected by experts on coalition politics in their respective country

using standardized coding instructions and interview guidelines. Specifically, the data were

gathered from official documents (government, administration, and parliament) and party

documents (election manifestos, coalition agreements), by conducting semi-structured

interviews with (former) staff and cabinet members as well as a systemic analysis of media

reports.

The dataset provides detailed information on important aspects of government formation,

coalition governance, and government termination in ten Central Eastern European countries

from their democratic transitions up to December 31, 2021.

How to cite

When using these data please cite the following:

Torbjörn Bergman, Gabriella Ilonszki, and Johan Hellström (eds.) (2024). Coalition Politics in

Central Eastern Europe: Governing in Times of Crisis. London: Routledge.

And

Hellström, Johan, Torbjörn Bergman, and Jonas Lindahl (2024). Party Government in Europe

Database (PAGED) - Coalition Politics in Central Eastern Europe Dataset. Available on

https://repdem.org.

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#### **Structure of the codebook**

The codebook is structured as follows: The first section briefly defines the basic theoretical concepts used to collect the data. To maximize consistency across datasets, all these concepts are largely congruent with those applied in the previous datasets on *The Representative Democracy Data Archive* (REPDEM). The following sections then each contain detailed information on

- the name of the variable as it is defined in the dataset,
- the label briefly describing the variable,
- the attached value label,
- relevant additional information on specific coding decisions (where applicable),

For several variables such as the partisan composition of the cabinet or the allocation of portfolios the information is given using party abbreviations and/or party-IDs. Please refer to the corresponding *party codebook* for further information.





#### **General Definitions**

**Government coalition**: Defined as a multi-party government where more than one party is represented in the cabinet with full voting right.

**Party**: Defined as running in the relevant parliamentary election under a distinct label and/or forming an independent parliamentary party group (PPG) consisting of three or more MPs after the election (disregarding national rules of recognizing and privileging PPGs).

**Coalition party**: Defined as a political party that has a minimum of one seat with full voting right in the cabinet (i.e. the Prime Minister, Vice Prime Minister, cabinet minister).

**Change of cabinets**: A change of cabinet is recorded when any of the following events occur:

- Any change in the set of parties holding cabinet membership.
- Any change in the identity of the Prime Minister.
- Any general election.

**Non-partisan and "caretaker" cabinets**: Non-partisan cabinets (if existent) are in the dataset. However, no new cabinet is defined when a regular cabinet has resigned but remains in office as an acting cabinet.

### **General information on the cabinets**

Variable	Label	Value Label/Format	Additional Information
country_id	Country		
country_id_iso	Country numeric ISO code		ISO 3166-1 standard
country_name	Country name		Country name in English
cab_id	Cabinet ID	First two digits: country Second two digits:	
		cabinet	
cab_name	Cabinet		Name of the PM consecutively numbered with Roman figures
			First day in cabinet life according to official criteria defined as:
date_in	Date in	DDmonYYYY (e.g. 13jul2014)	(a) date that PM/cabinet was appointed by head of state
		13ju12014)	(b) date of investiture vote in parliament
			(c) date of general election
year_month_in	Year/month of cabinet formation	YYYYmm (e.g. 2014m7)	
year_in	Year of cabinet formation	YYYY	
date_out	Date out	DDmonYYYY (e.g. 13jul2014)	Last day in cabinet life defined as:  (a) day of cabinet resignation  (b) day of general election
year_month_out	Year/month of cabinet termination	YYYYmm (e.g. 2014m7)	(b) day of general election
year_out	Year of cabinet termination	YYYY	
		90: 1990s	
form_decade	Decade by date	100: 2000s	
form_decade	of formation	110: 2010s	
		120: 2020s	
			Defined as:
cab_duration_max	Maximum possible cabinet	measured in days	remainder of the parliamentary term when cabinet assumes office until
	duration		(a) next constitutionally mandated parliamentary elections

			(b) next constitutionally mandated presidential elections if it is required or customary for governments to resign at that time
	a		Defined as:
cab_duration_days	Cabinet duration	measured in days	time period between cabinet's first and last day in office
cab_duration_relative	Relative cabinet		Defined as:
	duration		share of potential duration the cabinet was in office
cab_composition1	Cabinet composition	Party abbreviations; see party codebooks	List of cabinet parties, beginning with the party of the PM
cab_composition2	Cabinet composition	Party IDs; see party codebooks	List of cabinet parties, beginning with the party of the PM
cab_party <u>X</u>	Cabinet party $\underline{\mathbf{X}}$	Party-IDs; see party codebooks	
cab_num_parties	Number of cabinet parties		
		0: no	
cab_coalition	cab_coalition Coalition		
	Cabinet	0: no	
cab_majority	majority (50%	1: yes	
	+ 1) seat)		
cab_surplus	Cabinet surplus majority	0: no	
	шајотну	1: yes	
		1: Min	Minority coalition cabinet: Holds less than 50 % plus one seat in parliament. Single-party minority cabinets are likewise coded as 'Min'
		2: Maj	Single-party majority cabinet: Holds 50% plus one seat in parliament. Is not a coalition.
govtype	Government type	3: Mwc	Minimal winning coalition: Is turned into a losing coalition by the subtraction of any of the coalition parties, i.e., if it loses a coalition party it holds less than 50 % plus one seat.
		4: Sur	Surplus majority coalition: Can lose a coalition party and still be winning, i.e. control 50 % plus one seat or more in the parliament
		5: Non	A non-partisan cabinet, e.g. appointed by a president to hold an election
newgov_type	Type of new	1: Election	Records if a new cabinet is the result of an election,
	government	2: Replacement	replacement of one or several cabinet parties without a preceding election, of if there has only
	3: PM same comp previo		been a change of PM without a preceding election.
		4: Other	

5: Non-partisan cabinet

cabinet

0: No

1: Yes

support\_parties Support parties See party codebooks.

 $support\_party\underline{\boldsymbol{X}} \hspace{1cm} Support\ party\ \underline{\boldsymbol{X}} \hspace{1cm} See\ party\ codebooks.$ 

techno\_maj Technocrat

ministry majority 0: No

techno\_pm Technocrat PM 0: No

1: Yes

1: Yes

techno\_remit Broad policy

remit

0: No

A cabinet without a broad policy remit is considered a caretaker cabinet.

1: Yes considered a caretaker cabin

# The political parties and the party system (lower chamber)

Variable	Label	Value Label/Format	Additional Information
		1 (FE): Cabinets immediately following an election and ended by the next election.	
	Proximity to election:	2 (F): Cabinets immediately following an election.	
prox_election	lower chamber	3 (N): Cabinets neither immediately following an election nor ended by the next election.	
		4 (E): Cabinets ended by an election.	
			Date of most recent parliamentary election:
elecdate	Election date	DDmonYYYY (e.g. 13jul2014)	(a) two-round elections: date of second round
			(b) elections held over several days: date of last day
num_parties	Number of parties in parliament		All parties according to the definition of 'party' given above, excluding 'others'.
largest_party	Largest party in parliament: lower chamber	See party codebooks.	
largest_party_incab	Largest party in parliament: lower chamber in cabinet	0: No 1: Yes	
largest_party_share	Seat share of largest party in parliament: lower chamber		
	Minority situation in	0: no	No single party holds 50% plus
minority_sit	parliament	1: yes	one seat or more of parliamentary seats
minority_sit	Minority situation in parliament	0: no	No single party holds 50% plus one seat or more of parliamentary seats
seats	Total number of seats: lower chamber		
cab_strength_lower	Cabinet strength:		
cab_strength_out	Cabinet strength at date out:		

	lower chamber			
cab_seatshare	Cabinet seat share			
enpp	Effective number of parliamentary parties: lower chamber		All legislators subsumed under 'others' treated as one single party (minimum fragmentation)	
enpp_no_others	Effective number of parliamentary parties: lower chamber (Other minor parties and independents excluded)		All legislators subsumed under 'others' have been excluded from the calculation of the measure.	
dim_first_median	Party of the median legislator:			
GIM_IIISC_IIICGIGII	first policy dimension; lower chamber			
	Party of the median legislator:		Excluding legislators subsumed	
dim_first_median_2nd	first policy dimension; lower chamber; 2nd party	Party-IDs; see party codebooks	under 'others'	
dim_first_label	First policy dimension (label)			
dim_second_median	Party of the median legislator:	Party-IDs; see party codebooks	Excluding legislators subsumed	
dim_second_inedian	second policy dimension; lower chamber	ratey 125, see party codecooks	under 'others'	
	Party of the median legislator:		Excluding legislators subsumed	
dim_second_median_2nd	second policy dimension; lower chamber; 2nd party	Party-IDs; see party codebooks	under 'others'; only coded if a second median party exists	
dim_second_label	Second policy dimension (label)			
	Party of the median legislator:		Excluding legislators subsumed	
dim_third_median	third policy dimension; lower chamber	Party-IDs; see party codebooks	under 'others'	
dim_third_label	Third policy dimension (label)			

# The political parties and the party system (upper chamber)

Variable	Label	Value Label/Format	Additional Information
		1 (FE): Cabinets immediately following an election and ended by the next election.	
	Proximity to	2 (F): Cabinets immediately following an election.	
prox_election_upper	election: upper chamber	3 (N): Cabinets neither immediately following an election nor ended by the next election.	
		4 (E): Cabinets ended by an election.	
upper_seats_total	Total number of seats:		
	upper chamber		
cab_strength_upper	Cabinet strength:		
	upper chamber		
cab_strength_upper_out	Cabinet strength at date out:		
	upper chamber		
upper_majority	Cabinet majority (50% + 1) seat: upper chamber	0: no 1: yes	
upper_enpp	Effective number of parliamentary parties:		All legislators subsumed under 'others' treated as one single
	upper chamber		party (minimum fragmentation)
upper_dim_first_median	Party of the median legislator:		Evaludina lasislatana subsumad
	first policy dimension; upper chamber	Party-IDs; see party codebooks	Excluding legislators subsumed under 'others'
upper_dim_second_median	Party of the median legislator:		Evaluding logislators subsuces 3
	second policy dimension; upper chamber	Party-IDs; see party codebooks	Excluding legislators subsumed under 'others'

## **Bargaining over government**

Variable	Label	Value Label/Format	Additional Information	
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form_duration	Number of days required for cabinet formation	measured in days	Time period between 'Date out' of previous cabinet and 'Date in' of current cabinet.
form_duration_alt	Number of days required for cabinet formation	measured in days	Number of days since the election OR the 'Date out' of previous cabinet if it is terminated between elections. Thus, this alternative measurement ignores/doesn't count the time between 'Date out' of previous cabinet and the election date.
barg_total_duration	Total bargaining duration	measured in days	Time period between the first day of the first (potentially inconclusive) bargaining round and the last day of the successful bargaining attempt.
barg_fail_rounds	Number of inconclusive bargaining rounds		
barg_success_parties	Parties involved in successful bargaining round	Party abbreviations; see party codebooks	
barg_success_duration	Duration of successful bargaining round	measured in days	
barg_success_party1 - b	parg_success_party6		
barg_success_party <u>X</u>	Parties involved in successful bargaining round: Party <b>X</b>	Party-IDs; see party codebooks	
barg_fail1_parties	Parties involved in unsuccessful bargaining round	Party abbreviations; see party codebooks	
barg_fail1_parties	Duration of unsuccessful bargaining round	measured in days	
barg_fail1_party1 – barg	g_fail1_party9		
barg_fail1_party <u>X</u>	Parties involved in unsuccessful bargaining round: Party X	Party-IDs; see party codebooks	
barg_fail2	Parties involved in unsuccessful bargaining round	Party abbreviations; see party codebooks	
barg_fail2_dur	Duration of unsuccessful bargaining round	measured in days	
barg_fail2_party1 - barg	g_fail2_party8		
barg_fail2_party <b>X</b>	Parties involved in unsuccessful bargaining round: Party <b>X</b>	Party-IDs; see party codebooks	

barg_fail3	Parties involved in unsuccessful bargaining round	Party abbreviations; see party codebooks
barg_fail3_dur	Duration of unsuccessful bargaining round	measured in days
barg_fail3_party1 - barg	g_fail3_party7	
barg_fail3_party <b>X</b>	Parties involved in unsuccessful bargaining round: Party X	Party-IDs; see party codebooks
barg_fail4	Parties involved in unsuccessful bargaining round	Party abbreviations; see party codebooks
barg_fail4_dur	Duration of unsuccessful bargaining round	measured in days
barg_fail4_party1 - barg	g_fail4_party3	
barg_fail4_party <b>X</b>	Parties involved in unsuccessful bargaining round: Party X	Party-IDs; see party codebooks
form_invest_pro	Final vote of investiture: pro	
form_invest_con	Final vote of investiture: contra	
form_invest_abs	Final vote of investiture: abstentions	

## Coalition agreements and conflict management mechanisms

Variable	Label	Value Label/Format	Additional Information
		0: N – No written coalition agreement	
		1: PRE – Pre-electoral written coalition agreement	
		2: POST – Post-electoral written coalition agreement	
coal_agree	Coalition agreement	3: IE – Written coalition agreement in the case of coalitions formed during the parliamentary term (not immediately following elections)	
		4: PRE, POST – Pre- and post-electoral written coalition agreement	
		5: PRE, POST, IE – Pre-, post- and interelectoral written coalition agreements	
coal_agree_public	Agreement public	0: no	
_ 0 _1		1: yes	
coal_elec_rule	Election rule	0: no	
		1: yes  IC – Inner cabinet: a subset of cabinet ministers which is not issue-specific and which is stable over time	
		CaC – Cabinet committee(s): typically issue-specific; they may include cabinet ministers, junior ministers, and/or civil servants	
coal_conf	Conflict management mechanisms	CoC – Coalition committee: typically permanent with relatively stable membership, consisting of party leaders but not limited to cabinet members	
		Parl – Parliamentary leaders: heads of the coalition parties' parliamentary groups	
		PCa – Combination of cabinet members and parliamentarians	

PS – Party summit: typically ad hoc, consisting of one or several leaders for each coalition party, some but not all attendants may be cabinet members

 $O-Other-please\ consult$ the comments to Table 4 of the country chapters in the associated book for a more detailed description.

coal_conf_mech1	CMM: Mechanism 1	1: IC
coal conf mech2	CMM: Mechanism 2	2: CaC
**************************************		3: CoC
coal_conf_mech3	CMM: Mechanism 3	4: Parl
coal_conf_mech4	CMM: Mechanism 4	5: PCa
coal conf mech5	CMM: Mechanism 5	6: PS
coal_com_mecn3	CIVIIVI. IVIECIIAIIISIII 3	7: O
coal_conf_mech6	CMM: Mechanism 6	

IC – Inner cabinet: a subset of cabinet ministers which is not issue-specific and which is stable over time

CaC – Cabinet committee(s): typically issue-specific; they may include cabinet ministers, junior ministers, and/or civil servants

CoC - Coalition committee: typically permanent with relatively stable membership, consisting of party leaders but not limited to cabinet members

coal\_conf\_common

CMM used for most common conflicts

Parl – Parliamentary leaders: heads of the coalition parties' parliamentary groups

PCa - Combination of cabinet members and parliamentarians

PS – Party summit: typically ad hoc, consisting of one or several leaders for each coalition party, some but not all attendants may be cabinet members

 $O-Other-please\ consult$ the comments to Table 4 of the country chapters in the associated book for a more detailed description.

coal_conf_common_mech1	CMM used for most common conflicts: Mechanism 1	1: IC 2: CaC
coal_conf_common_mech2	CMM used for most common conflicts: Mechanism 2	3: CoC 4: Parl
		5: PCa
coal_conf_common_mech3	CMM used for most common	6: PS
coal_com_common_meens	conflicts: Mechanism 3	7: O
		IC – Inner cabinet: a subset of cabinet ministers which is not issue-specific and which is stable over time  CaC – Cabinet committee(s): typically issue-specific; they may include cabinet
		ministers, junior ministers, and/or civil servants
		CoC – Coalition committee: typically permanent with relatively stable membership, consisting of party leaders but not limited to cabinet members
coal_conf_serious	CMM used for most serious conflicts	Parl – Parliamentary leaders: heads of the coalition parties' parliamentary groups
		PCa – Combination of cabinet members and parliamentarians
		PS – Party summit: typically ad hoc, consisting of one or several leaders for each coalition party, some but not all attendants may be cabinet members
		O – Other – please consult the comments to Table 4 of the country chapters in the associated book for a more detailed description.
coal_conf_serious_mech1	CMM used for most serious	1: IC
com_com_contous_mount	conflicts: Mechanism 1	2: CaC
		3: CoC
		4: Parl
coal_conf_serious_mech2	CMM used for most serious conflicts: Mechanism 2	5: PCa
	conflicts. Mechanism 2	6: PS
		7: O
personalunion	Personal union	0: no

		1: yes
personalunion_party1	Exception to personal union: Party 1	See party codebooks
personalunion_party2	Exception to personal union: Party 2	See party codebooks
personalunion_party3	Exception to personal union: Party 3	See party codebooks
personalunion_party4	Exception to personal union: Party 4	See party codebooks
personalunion_party5	Exception to personal union: Party 5	See party codebooks
personalunion_party6	Exception to personal union: Party 6	See party codebooks
exclagenda	Issues excluded from agenda	0: no
		1: yes
		1: yes always
coal_disc_leg	Coalition discipline in	2: yes, except explicitly exempted
5	legislation	3: no, except explicit policies
		4: no
		1: yes always
coal_disc_parl	Coalition discipline in other	2: yes, except explicitly exempted
,	parliamentary behaviour	3: no, except explicit policies
		4: no
coal_free_appointment	Freedom of appointment	0: no, i.e. ministerial posts are subject to coalition approval/veto
		1: yes
		0: no explicit agreement
		1: on few selected policies
coal_policy	Agreement on policies (coalition agreement)	2: on a variety of issues, but not comprehensive
		3: comprehensive policy platform
and junmin	Agrament on innigi-i-t	0: no
coal_junmin	Agreement on junior ministers	1: yes

coal_noncab	Agreement on non-cabinet positions	0: no, i.e. left to the discretion of parliament or individual ministers
		1: yes

### **Coalition agreements**

Variable	Label	Value Label/Format	Additional Information
coal_size_agreement_doc1	Size of agreement	approximate number of words	
coal_size_agreement_doc2	Size of agreement; additional agreement number 1	approximate number of words	
coal_size_agreement_doc3	Size of agreement; additional agreement number 2	approximate number of words	
coal_size_agreement_doc4	Size of agreement; additional agreement number 3	approximate number of words	
coal_size_agreement_all	Size of agreement: all agreements	approximate number of words	Corresponds to the sum of all coalition agreements
coal_genrules_doc1	General rules	in %	
coal_genrules_doc2	General rules: additional agreement number 1	in %	
coal_genrules_doc3	General rules: additional agreement number 2	in %	
coal_genrules_doc4	General rules: additional agreement number 3	in %	
coal_genrules_all	General rules: all agreements	in %	
coal_polspec_doc1	Policy specific procedural rules	in %	
Cook semelem lesse	Policy specific procedural rules:	in 0/	
coal_polspec_doc2	additional agreement number 1	in %	
coal_polspec_doc3	Policy specific procedural rules:	in %	
com_posspec_uoes	additional agreement number 2	<b>M</b> //	
coal_polspec_doc4	Policy specific procedural rules:	in %	
	additional agreement number 3	//	
coal_polspec_all	Policy specific procedural rules: all agreements	in %	
coal_distoff_doc1	Distribution of offices:	in %	

	Distribution of offices:	
coal_distoff_doc2	additional agreement number 1	in %
	Distribution of offices:	
coal_distoff_doc3	additional agreement number 2	in %
	Distribution of offices:	
coal_distoff_doc4	additional agreement number 3	in %
coal_distoff_all	Distribution of offices: all agreements	in %
coal_distcomp_doc1	Distribution of competences	in %
	Distribution of competences:	
coal_distcomp_doc2	additional agreement number 1	in %
	Distribution of competences:	
coal_distcomp_doc3	additional agreement number 2	in %
	Distribution of competences:	
coal_distcomp_doc4	additional agreement number 3	in %
coal_distcomp_all	Distribution of competences: all agreements	in %
coal_pol_doc1	Policies	in %
	Policies:	
coal_pol_doc2	additional agreement number 1	in %
	Policies:	
coal_pol_doc3	additional agreement number 2	in %
	Policies:	
coal_pol_doc4	additional agreement number 3	in %
coal_pol_all	Policies: all agreements	in %

## Portfolio allocation and ministerial structure

Variable	Label	Value Label/Format	Additional Information
num_ministries	Number of ministries		
num_ministers	Number of cabinet members		
		1: there are no junior ministers according to the definition given below	
		2: all junior minsters are from the same party holding the portfolio	
junmin	Information on junior ministers	3: there are watchdog junior ministers at least for some portfolios and we have information for all of them	
		4: there are watchdog junior ministers at least for some portfolios and we have information for some of them	
		5: there are watchdog junior ministers at least for some portfolios but we have no information on any of them	
deputy_party1	Deputy PM party 1	Party-IDs; see party codebooks	
deputy_party2	Deputy PM party 2	Party-IDs; see party codebooks	
deputy_party3	Deputy PM party 3	Party-IDs; see party codebooks	
deputy_party4	Deputy PM party 4	Party-IDs; see party codebooks	
deputy_party5	Deputy PM party 5	Party-IDs; see party codebooks	
deputy_port1	Portfolio Deputy PM party 1		
deputy_port2	Portfolio Deputy PM party 2		
deputy_port3	Portfolio Deputy PM party 3		
deputy_port4	Portfolio Deputy PM party 4		
portfolio1_party1 – port	tfolio53_party1		Please consult the country chapters or Appendix A of this Codebook for the corresponding portfolios
portfolio $\underline{\mathbf{Y}}$ _party $\underline{\mathbf{X}}$	Party $\underline{\mathbf{X}}$ holding portfolio $\underline{\mathbf{Y}}$	Party-IDs; see party codebooks	
jm_portfolio2_party1 - jm_portfolio35_party1			
jm_portfolio $\underline{Y}$ _party $\underline{X}$	Party $\underline{\mathbf{X}}$ junior minister portfolio $\underline{\mathbf{Y}}$	Party-IDs; see party codebooks	

### **Termination events**

Variable	Label	Value Label/Format	Additional Information
term_disc	Discretionary termination	0: No 1: Yes	
term_tech_regelec	Regular parliamentary election	0: no	
		1: yes 0: no	
term_tech_const	Other constitutional reason	1: yes	
term_tech_death	Death of PM	0: no	
		1: yes 0: no	
term_disc_earlyelec	Early parliamentary election	1: yes	
term_disc_enlarge	Voluntary enlargement of coalition	0: no	
term_disc_voluntary	Other voluntary reason	1: yes 0: no	
		1: yes 0: no	
term_disc_cabdefeat	Cabinet defeat in parliament	1: yes	
term_disc_conflict_pol	Conflict between coalition parties (policy)	0: no	
		1: yes 0: no	
term_disc_conflict_pers	Conflict between coalition parties (personnel)	1: yes	
term_disc_conflict_parties	Conflict between coalition parties: Parties involved	Party abbreviations; see party codebooks	
term_disc_intra	Intra party conflict	0: no	
term_disc_intra	Intra party conflict: Party involved	1: yes  Party abbreviations; see party codebooks	

		L – Conflict in national party leadership (national executive committee, cabinet, parliamentary party leadership) (NB: This is conflict contained in the leadership.)
term_disc_intra_conflict	Intra party conflict: Type of conflict	NL – Conflict between united national party leadership (national executive committee, cabinet, parliamentary party leadership) and non-leaders (party activists, party congress delegates, backbench MPs, regional leaders, etc.)
		LNL – Conflict in national party leadership (national executive committee, cabinet, parliamentary party leadership) including grassroots mobilization (i.e. conflict is not confined to the top level)
term_event_nonparlelec	Non-parliamentary elections	0: no 1: yes
term_event_popshock	Popular opinion shock	0: no 1: yes
term_event_intnat	International or national security	0: no
	event	1: yes
term_event_econ	Economic event	0: no
		1: yes
term_event_pers	Personal event	0: no 1: yes
term_ministry	Ministry involved	
term_descr	Description of dominant policy area	

## Institutions

Variable	Label	Value Label/Format	Additional Information
ingt higgs	Dicomonoliam	0: no	
inst_bicam	Bicameralism	1: yes	
inst normal	Docitivo marliamentoriam	0: no	
inst_posparl	Positive parliamentarism	1: yes	
inst_convote	Constructive vote of no-	0: no	
mst_convote	confidence	1: yes	
inst_pmpower	PM powers		
pmpower_formcab	Formal cabinet decision rule	0: no	
phipower_formeab	1 offinal cability decision fulc	1: yes	
		1: unanimity	
		2: majority	
pmpower_formcab_rule1	Type of actual decision rule 1	3: consensus defined by PM (by way of summarizing cabinet debate)	
		4: consensus defined by head of state (by way of summarizing cabinet debate)	
		1: unanimity	
		2: majority	
pmpower_formcab_rule2	Type of actual decision rule 2	3: consensus defined by PM (by way of summarizing cabinet debate)	
		4: consensus defined by head of state (by way of summarizing cabinet debate)	
	District Control of the Control of t	0: no	
pmpower_minappoint	PM right to appoint ministers	1: yes	
		1: yes, PM alone	
pmpower_minappoint_rule	Type of actual appointment right	2: yes, through formal act carried out by head of state	
		3: no, head of state has discretionary powers	
		4: other	

pmpower_mindismiss	PM right to dismiss ministers	0: no
phipower_minuismiss	1 W fight to dishliss infinisters	1: yes
		1: yes, PM alone
		2: yes, through formal act carried out by head of state
pmpower_mindismiss_rule	Type of actual dismissal right	3: no, head of state has discretionary powers
		4: other
		0: direct
pmpower_minaccount	Ministers' parliamentary accountability	1: via PM only
	accountability	2: via vote of no confidence against full cabinet only
pmpower_pmjurisdiction	PM formal right to determine	0: no
pmpower_pmjurisaiction	jurisdiction of ministries	1: yes
, .	PM steering or coordination	0: no
pmpower_pmsteering	rights vis-à-vis cabinet ministers	1: yes
	PM full control over agenda for	0: no
pmpower_pmagenda	cabinet meeting	1: yes
cc	Regular bureaucratic structure in	0: no
pmpower_pmoffice	PM's office designed to monitor departmental affairs	1: yes
		1: personal staff (political appointees)
pmpower_pmoffice_rule1	Description of structure 1	2: civil service staff
pinpower_pinornce_rule1	Description of structure 1	3: PM occupies specific (PM) portfolio
		4: other
		1: personal staff (political appointees)
mmouven mmoffice mule?	Description of atmesture 2	2: civil service staff
pmpower_pmoffice_rule2	Description of structure 2	3: PM occupies specific (PM) portfolio
		4: other
pmpower_pmoffice_rule3	Description of structure 3	1: personal staff (political appointees)
	•	2: civil service staff

		3: PM occupies specific (PM) portfolio
		4: other
		1: personal staff (political appointees)
CC 1.4	Description of structure 4	2: civil service staff
pmpower_pmoffice_rule4		3: PM occupies specific (PM) portfolio
		4: other
inst_seminpres	Semi-presidentialism	0: no
		1: yes
inst_comment	Comments	

### Seat data

Variable	Label	Value Label/Format	Additional Information
seats_party <u>X</u>	Party seats lower chamber: Party $\underline{\mathbf{X}}$		X corresponds to the party with the same last digits, e.g. lower_seats_party14 for country 12 corresponds to the party with the party id 120014
upper_seats_party <b>X</b>	Party seats upper chamber: Party $\underline{\mathbf{X}}$		X corresponds to the party with the same last digits, e.g. upper_seats_party14 for country 12 corresponds to the party with the party id 120014

### Appendix A: portfolio codes (portfolio1 – portfolio53)

#### Code Portfolio Name

#### Bulgaria

- 1 Prime Minister
- 2 Finance Minister (in Charge of State Budget)
- 3 Foreign Affairs
- 4 Ministry in Charge of Interior
- 5 Ministry of Defence
- 6 Ministry of Justice
- 7 Ministry of Economy
- 8 Ministry of Agriculture
- 9 Ministry of Construction, Architecture and Public Utilities
- 10 Ministry of Transport
- 11 Ministry of Employment and Social Services
- 12 Ministry of Environment
- 13 Ministry of Healthcare
- 14 Ministry of Culture
- 15 Ministry of Higher Education and Science
- 16 Ministry of Trade and Tourism
- 17 Ministry of Energy and Energy Resources
- 18 Ministry of Youth and Sport
- 19 Ministry of Foreign Trade
- 20 Ministry of Public Education
- 21 Ministry of State Policy for Disasters and Accidents
- 22 Ministry of State Administration
- 23 Ministry of Higher Education, Science and Culture
- 24 No portfolio, charged with State Administration
- 25 No portfolio, charged with European Integration
- 26 No portfolio
- 27 Ministry of Investment Planning
- 28 Digital Governance
- 29 Efficient Governance

#### Czech Republic

- 1 Prime Minister
- 2 Minister of Finance
- 3 Minister of Foreign Affairs
- 4 Minister of Interior

- 5 Minister of Justice
- 6 Minister of Defence
- 7 Minister for Economic Competition
- 8 Minister for Environmental Protection
- 9 Minister for Industry and Trade
- 10 Minister of Economy
- 11 Minister of Culture
- 12 Minister of Health
- 13 Minister of Education, Youth and Sports
- 14 Minister of National Property and Privatization
- 15 Minister of Labour and Social Affairs
- 16 Minister of Transportation
- 17 Minister for Agriculture
- 18 Minister for Regional Development
- 19 No portfolio
- 20 Minister of Informatics
- 21 No portfolio (Head of Legislative Council)
- 22 No portfolio (European Affairs)
- 23 No portfolio
- 24 No portfolio
- 25 No portfolio

#### Estonia

- 1 Prime Minister
- 2 Finance (in charge of state budget)
- 3 Foreign Affairs
- 4 Ministry in Charge of National Police Force (Interior)
- 5 Defence
- 6 Social Affairs
- 7 Education and Research (Culture and Education before 1996)
- 8 Justice
- 9 Environment
- 10 Culture (since 01.01.1996)
- 11 Economics (and Communication since 2002)
- 12 Agriculture
- 13 Communication and Infrastructure
- 14 Without portfolio (Reform or Regional Affairs)
- 15 Without portfolio (Population Affairs)
- 16 Without portfolio

- 17 Without portfolio (Energy)
- 18 Without portfolio (European affairs)
- 19 Social Welfare (since April 2014)
- 20 Health & Labour (since April 2014)
- 21 Economics and Infrastructure (since April 2014)
- 22 Foreign Trade and Entrepreneurship (since April 2014)
- 23 Foreign Trade and Information Technology (since November 2016)
- 24 Rural Affairs (since April 2015)
- 25 Without portfolio (Public Administration) (since April 2015)

#### Hungary

- 1 Prime Minister
- 2 Finance Minister (in Charge of State Budget)
- 3 Foreign Affairs
- 4 Ministry in Charge of National Police Force
- 5 Ministry of Justice and Law Enforcement
- 6 Prime Minister's Office
- 7 Ministry of Public Administration and Justice
- 8 Ministry of Defence
- 9 Ministry of Justice
- 10 Ministry of Local Government and Regional Development
- 11 Ministry of Agriculture
- 12 Ministry of Economic Affairs
- 13 Ministry of International Economic Relations
- 14 Ministry of Environmental Protection Affairs
- 15 Ministry of Transport, Communication and Water Management Affairs
- 16 Ministry of National Development
- 17 Ministry of Labour Affairs
- 18 Ministry of Culture and Education Affairs
- 19 Ministry of Education Affairs
- 20 Ministry of Social, Health and Youth Affairs
- 21 Ministry of Health Affairs
- 22 Ministry of Child, Youth and Sports Affairs
- 23 Ministry of Human Resources
- 24 Cabinet Office of the Prime Minister (as Ministry)
- 25 No portfolio (Secret Service)
- 26 No portfolio (Restitution and Compensation Affairs)
- 27 No portfolio (Science, Human Policy)
- 28 No portfolio (Restitution Affairs of Landed Property)
- 29 No portfolio (Relation between Parliament and Cabinet)

- 30 No portfolio (Central technical development)
- 31 No portfolio (Development of institutional system of finance and capital market)
- 32 No portfolio (EU Affairs)
- 33 No portfolio (Regional Development)
- 34 No portfolio (Equality Affairs)
- 35 No portfolio (Reform of State)
- 36 No portfolio
- 37 No portfolio
- 38 No portfolio
- 39 No portfolio

#### Latvia

- 1 Prime Minister
- 2 Finance (in Charge of State Budget)
- 3 Foreign
- 4 Interior (in Charge of National Police Force)
- 5 Economics
- 6 Defence
- 7 Justice
- 8 Agriculture
- 9 Education and Science
- 10 Culture
- 11 Welfare and Health Care
- 12 Transportation
- 13 Environmental Protection and Regional Development
- 14 Regional Development and Local Municipalities
- 15 Environment
- 16 Children/Family Affairs and Integration
- 17 State Reform and Special Affairs
- 18 Ministry at Large for International and EU matters
- 19 Ministry at Large for Municipalities, Public Administration and Regional Development
- 20 Ministry at Large for Society Integration, Children and Family Affairs
- 21 Ministry at Large for Electronic Government Affairs

#### Lithuania

- 1 Prime Minister
- 2 Finance Minister (in Charge of State Budget)
- 3 Foreign Affairs
- 4 Ministry of the Interior
- 5 Justice

- 6 Social Security and Labour
- 7 Health Care
- 8 Culture
- 9 Agriculture
- 10 Defence
- 11 Economy
- 12 Education and Science
- 13 Communications and Information
- 14 Transport
- 15 Transport and Communication
- 16 Construction and Urban Development
- 17 Environment
- 18 Energy
- 19 Municipal Affairs
- 20 European Affairs
- 21 No portfolio
- 22 No portfolio
- 23 No portfolio
- 24 No portfolio
- 25 No portfolio
- 26 No portfolio
- 27 No portfolio

#### **Poland**

- 1 Prime Minister
- 2 Finance Minister (in charge of state budget)
- 3 Foreign Affairs
- 4 Ministry in Charge of National Police Force (Internal Affairs Minister),
- 5 National Defence Minister
- 6 Culture and National Heritage Minister
- 7 Environment Minister
- 8 Labour and Social Policy Minister
- 9 Health Minister
- 10 Agriculture and Rural Development Minister
- 11 National Education Minister
- 12 Justice Minister
- 13 Communications Minister
- 14 Privatization Minister
- 15 Foreign Economic Cooperation Minister
- 16 Industry and Trade Minister

- 17 Physical Planning and Construction Minister
- 18 Transport and Maritime Economy Minister,
- 19 Science Minister
- 20 Treasury Minister
- 21 Economy Minister
- 22 Regional Development Minister
- 23 Sport and Tourism Minister
- 24 Infrastructure Minister
- 25 Transport Minister
- 26 Construction Minister
- 27 Maritime Economy Minister
- 28 Transport, Construction and Maritime Economy Minister
- 29 Administration and Digitization Minister
- 30 PM Office
- 31 No portfolio
- 32 No portfolio
- 33 No portfolio
- 34 No portfolio
- 35 No portfolio
- 36 No portfolio
- 37 Development
- 38 Energy
- 39 Funds and Regional Policy
- 40 State Assets
- 41 Climate

#### Romania

- 1 Prime Minister
- 2 Finance
- 3 Foreign Affairs
- 4 Interior (and Public Administration)
- 5 Justice
- 6 Defence
- 7 Industry/Economy
- 8 Trade and SMEs
- 9 Tourism
- 10 Transportation
- 11 Development, Public Works and Housing
- 12 Communications
- 13 Environment

- 14 Agriculture
- 15 Labour and Social Protection
- 16 Health
- 17 Education
- 18 Youth and Sport
- 19 Research and Technology
- 20 Culture
- 21 Reform
- 22 European Affairs
- 23 Coordination of the General Secretariat of the Government
- 24 Relationship with Parliament
- 25 Privatization
- 26 Public information
- 27 Public Function
- 28 Public Administration
- 29 (Minister of State overseeing) Culture, Schooling and European Integration
- 30 (Minister of State overseeing) Economic Activities
- 31 (Minister of State overseeing) SMEs and the Business Environment
- 32 Budget, Treasury and Financial Control (part of Minister of Economy and Finance)
- 33 (Minister delegate for) Budget
- 34 (Minister delegate for) National Minorities
- 35 (Minister delegate) at the Ministry of European Integration, Chief Negotiator with the EU
- 36 (Minister delegate for) the Coordination of Control Agencies
  - (Minister delegate for) the Implementation of Programs with International Funds and Monitoring of the Acquis
- 37 Communautaire
- 38 (Minister delegate for) Relationship with Social Partners
- 39 (Minister delegate for) Business Environment
- 40 (Minister delegate for) Waters, Forests and Fisheries
- 41 (Minister delegate for) Energy
- 42 (Minister delegate for) Romanians Living Abroad
- 43 (Minister delegate for) Infrastructure Projects of National Interest
- 44 (deputy minister) at the Ministry of Finance
- 45 (deputy minister) at the Ministry of Defence
- 46 (deputy minister) at the Ministry of Industry and Trade
- 47 (deputy minister) at the Ministry of Education
- 48 (Minister delegate) for European Funds
- 49 Minister for the Implementation of Strategic Partnerships
- 50 No portfolio
- 51 No portfolio
- 52 Family, Youth and Equality of Opportunity

#### 53 Sport

#### Slovakia

- 1 Prime Minister
- 2 Finance Minister (in Charge of State Budget)
- 3 Foreign Affairs
- 4 Ministry in Charge of National Police Force (Ministry of Interior)
- 5 Ministry of Economy
- 6 Social Affairs
- 7 Environment
- 8 Transport, Construction
- 9 Agriculture
- 10 Regional Development
- 11 Education
- 12 Culture
- 13 Health
- 14 Justice
- 15 Defence
- 16 Privatisation
- 17 Construction
- 18 Ministry of Control
- 19 Investment and informatization
- 20 Human Rights and National Minorities

#### Slovenia

- 1 Prime Minister
- 2 Finance minister (in Charge of State Budget)
- 3 Foreign Affairs
- 4 Ministry of Interior Affairs
- 5 Ministry of Justice
- 6 Ministry of Defence
- 7 Ministry of Labour, Family and Social Affairs
- 8 Ministry of Economy
- 9 Ministry of Agriculture, Forestry and Food
- 10 Ministry of Culture
- 11 Ministry of Environment and Spatial Planning
- 12 Ministry of Transport
- 13 Ministry of Education
- 14 Ministry of Health
- 15 Ministry of Public Administration

- 16 Ministry of Higher Education, Science and Technology
- 17 Ministry of Education, Science and Sport
- 18 Ministry of Information Society
- 19 Ministry of Economic Affairs
- 20 Ministry of Small Business and Tourism
- 21 Ministry of Science and Technology
- 22 Ministry of Justice and Public Administration
- 23 Ministry of Planning
- 24 Ministry of Power Supply
- 25 Minister of Industry and Construction
- 26 Ministry of Trade
- 27 Ministry of Tourism and Catering Industry
- 28 Ministry of Small Scale Business
- 29 Ministry of Labour
- 30 Ministry of Health, Family and Social Affairs
- 31 Ministry of War Veterans and Disabled
- 32 Ministry of Legislation
- 33 Ministry of Slovenes Abroad and Nationalities in Slovenia
- 34 Ministry of Information
- 35 No portfolio (Government Office Responsible for Growth and European Affairs)
- 36 No portfolio (Office Responsible for Legislation)
- 37 No portfolio (Office for Coordination of Bodies of Social Welfare)
- 38 No portfolio (Government Office Responsible for Local Self Government and Regional Policy)
- 39 No portfolio (Government Office Responsible for Slovenians Abroad)
- 40 Ministry of Education, Science, Culture and Sport
- 41 Ministry of Agriculture and Environment
- 42 Ministry of Infrastructure and Spatial Planning
- 43 No portfolio (Government Office Responsible for Development and European Cohesion Policy)
- 44 Ministry of Infrastructure
- 45 No portfolio (Government Office Responsible for Digital Transformation)