

# **B.M.S COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING BENGALURU**

Autonomous Institute, Affiliated to VTU



## **LAB REPORT**

### **23CS3PCOOJ**

Submitted in partial fulfilment of the requirements for Lab

Bachelor of Engineering

in

Computer Science and Engineering

Submitted by:

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$$\text{r1} = (-b) / (2 * a);$$

System.out.println("Roots are equal and real");

$$\text{System.out.println("Root1 = Root2 = " + r1);}$$

{

else if ( $d > 0$ )

{

$$\text{r1} = ((-b) + (\text{Math.sqrt}(d))) / (2 * a);$$

$$\text{r2} = ((-b) - (\text{Math.sqrt}(d))) / (2 * a);$$

System.out.println("Roots are real and distinct");

$$\text{System.out.println("Root1 = " + r1 + "Root2 = " + r2);}$$

{

else if ( $d < 0$ )

{

System.out.println("Roots are imaginary");

$$\text{r1} = (-b) / (2 * a);$$

$$\text{r2} = \text{Math.sqrt}(-d) / (2 * a);$$

System.out.println("Root1 = " + r1 + " + i" + r2);

System.out.println("Root2 = " + r1 + " - i" + r2);

{

class QuadraticMain

{

public static void main(String args[])

{

Quadratic q = new Quadratic();

~~q.getA();~~

~~q.compute();~~

{

{

11/12/23

Output

③ Nithin K Patel 1 BM22 CS184

Enter values of a, b, c

1

2

1

roots are real and equal

root 1 = root 2 = -1

④ Enter values of a, b, c

1

-3

2

roots are real and distinct

root 1 = 2.0

root 2 = 1.0

⑤ Enter values of a, b, c

1

1

2

roots are imaginary

⑥ Enter values of a, b, c

0

4

2

roots cannot be formed.

By  
Nithin

Dr

week 2

@ calculate S@PA Program

import java.util.Scanner;

class Subject {

int subjectmarks, credits, grade;

}

class Student {

String name, USN;

double SGPA;

Scanner S;

Subject[] Subject;

Student() {

int i;

subject = new Subject[9];

for (i=0; i&lt;9; i++) {

subject[i] = new Subject();

}

S = new Scanner(System.in);

}

void getStudentDetails() {

System.out.println("enter the name the student=");

name = S.nextLine();

System.out.println("enter USN=");

USN = S.nextLine();

}

void getMarks() {

for (int i=0; i&lt;9; i++) {

System.out.println("enter the marks for " + (i+1) + "th subject");

Subject[i].subjectmarks = S.nextInt();

System.out.println("enter the credits for " + (i+1) + "th subject");

Subject[i].subjectcredits = S.nextInt();

S. A. 2013

```

if (Subject[i].Subject marks >= 90) {
    Subject[i].grade = 10;
}
else if (Subject[i].Subject marks >= 80) {
    Subject[i].grade = 9;
}
else if (Subject[i].Subject marks >= 70) {
    Subject[i].grade = 8;
}
else if (Subject[i].Subject marks >= 60) {
    Subject[i].grade = 7;
}
else if (Subject[i].Subject marks >= 50) {
    Subject[i].grade = 6;
}
else if (Subject[i].Subject marks >= 40) {
    Subject[i].grade = 5;
}
else {
    Subject[i].grade = 0;
}

```

void Sgpa() {

```

int creditsxgrade = 0;
int total credits = 0;
for (int i = 0; i < 9; i++) {
    creditsxgrade += (Subject[i].grade * Subject[i].credits);
    total credits += Subject[i].credits;
}

```

~~total credits = total credits + Subject[i].credits;~~

Sgpa = creditsxgrade / total credits;

void display() {

System.out.println ("name:" + name);

System.out.println ("USN:" + usn);

System.out.println ("Sgpa:" + sgpa);

}

}

class main

public static void main (String [] args) {

Student s1 = new Student();

s1.gelabschichteln();

s1.gelmarks();

s1.sgpa();

s1.display();

}

}

Output

Enter name:

nitin K Patel

Enter USN:

IBM NCS184

Enter marks and credits

95

4

97

4

97

3

96

3

90

3

98

1

I am not (want + "want") trying to stop

92 *(new + " " + id) writing two steps*

1.  $\text{P}(\text{egg?} + \text{"egg?"})$  returning two eggs.

Frame: Within 1K Patel

USN : IBM22CS284

S GPA: 9.55

Zinnia (red)

~~f(600(1997) was busy with work~~

1. Urteil ist am 12. April 2012

## 2. What is subculture?

1938 Winter. 12

~~2018-12~~

$\frac{1}{2}x^2 + 2$

1920-21

*Franklin*

Liber i nation

2420 mi.

2012-08-09 17

~~which had all been ill~~

26/12/23

## week-3

## ① Book details code

```
import java.util.Scanner;
```

```
class Book {
```

```
    String name;
```

```
    String author;
```

```
    int numPages;
```

```
    int price;
```

```
Book (String name, String author, int price, int numPages) {
```

```
    this.name = name;
```

```
    this.author = author;
```

```
    this.price = price;
```

```
    this.numPages = numPages;
```

```
}
```

```
public String toString() {
```

```
    String bookDetails = "Book name: " + this.name + "\n" + "Author name:"  
        + this.author + "\n" + "price: " + this.price + "\n"  
        + "Number of pages: " + this.numPages + "\n";
```

```
    return bookDetails;
```

```
}
```

```
}
```

~~Public class main {~~

~~public static void main (String args[]) {~~

~~Scanner s = new Scanner (System.in);~~

~~System.out.println ("enter the no of books:");~~

~~int n = s.nextInt();~~

~~Book[] books = new Book[n];~~

```
for (int i=0; i<n; i++) {  
    System.out.println("Enter details for book " + (i+1));  
    System.out.print("Name: ");  
    String name = s.next();  
    System.out.print("Author: ");  
    String author = s.next();  
    System.out.print("Price: ");  
    int price = s.nextInt();  
    System.out.print("no of pages: ");  
    int numPages = s.nextInt();
```

books[i] = new book (name, author, price, numPages);

```
System.out.println("In details of " + books);  
for (int i=0; i<n; i++) {  
    System.out.print("Book " + (i+1) + " : " + books[i].toString());  
}
```

### Output

Enter no of books: 2

Enter details for book 1

Name: Nithin

Author: dude

price: 399

no of pages: 800

Enter details for book 2

Name: Manny

Author: dudez

price: 479

no of pages: 700

## Details of the books:

Book 1:

Book name: Nithin

author name: dude

price = 349

Number of pages: 800

Book 2:

Book name: Mamy

author name: dude2

price : 479

Number of pages: 700

Re/21/2024

21/1/24

## Week-4

- ⑥ abstract class program for area of rectangle, triangle, circle.

import java.util.Scanner;

abstract class Shape {

    double dim1, dim2;

    Shape (double a, double b) {

        dim1 = a;

        dim2 = b;

}

    abstract void printArea();

}

class Rectangle extends Shape {

    Rectangle (double a, double b) {

        super (a, b);

}

    void printArea () {

        System.out.println ("Area of Rectangle = " + (dim1 \* dim2));

}

class Triangle extends Shape {

    Triangle (double a, double b) {

        super (a, b);

}

    void printArea () {

        System.out.println ("Area of Triangle is " +  
                               (dim1 \* dim2) / 2);

}

}

class circle extends Shape {

~~Triangle (double a, double b) {~~

~~super (a, b);~~

~~}~~

~~void printArea () {~~

~~System.out.println ("area of circle = " + pi \*~~

Circle (double a, double b) {

~~super (a, b);~~

~~}~~

~~final double pi = 3.14159;~~

~~void printArea () {~~

~~System.out.println ("area of circle = " + pi \* Math.pow (dim, 2));~~

~~}~~

~~}~~

class main {

    public static void main (String args []) {

        Scanner sc = new Scanner (System.in);

        double a, b;

        System.out.print ("enter side of rectangle : ");

        a = sc.nextDouble ();

        b = sc.nextDouble ();

        Rectangle d = new Rectangle (a, b);

        System.out.print ("enter height and base length of triangle : ");

        a = sc.nextDouble ();

        b = sc.nextDouble ();

        Triangle t = new Triangle (a, b);

        System.out.println ("enter radius of circle : ");

        a = sc.nextDouble ();

        b = sc.nextDouble ();

Circle C = new Circle (r, l);

Shape S;

S = t;

S. printArea();

S = t;

S. printArea();

S = c;

S. printArea();

?

↳

Output

Enter sides of rectangle :

1

2

Enter sides of height and base of Triangle :

5

2

Enter radius of circle :

5

Area of Rectangle

= 2.0

Area of Triangle

= 5.0

Area of circle

= 78.53985

Page  
21/22

ct

## Lab-5

- ' Develop a java program to create a class bank that maintains two kinds of account for its customers, one called Saving account and the other current account. The savings account provides compound interest and withdrawal facilities but no cheque book facility. The current account provides cheque book facility but no interest. Current account holders should also maintain a minimum balance and if the balance falls below this level, a service charge is imposed.
- Create a class account that stores customer name, account number and type of account from this derive the classes cur-acct and sav-acct to make them more specific to their requirements. Include the necessary methods in order to achieve the tasks:
  - ① Accept deposit from customer and update the balance
  - ② Display the balance
  - ③ compute and deposit interest
  - ④ permit withdrawal and update the balance
- check for the minimum balance, impose penalty if necessary and update the balance.

2 - 10.1

## Import java.util.Scanner;

contains `double withdraw(double amount)`  
`Customer Account` & `Customer` class (if present) object and  
`private String customerName;` variables will not be  
`private String accountNumber;` (two random numbers)  
`private String accountType;` (either `savings` or `current`)  
`protected double balance;` (no initial), methods are two  
`void deposit(double amount);` & `void withdraw(double amount);`

**Public Account** (`String customerName, String accountNumber, String  
accountType, double balance`) {

`Customer customerName = customerName; balance = balance;`  
`this.accountNumber = accountNumber; balance = balance;`  
`this.accountType = accountType; balance = balance;`  
`this.balance += balance; balance = balance + balance;`  
`}`

**Public void deposit (double amount) {**`balance += amount;`

`System.out.println ("Amount deposited successfully - current balance:`  
`balance);`

**Public void displayBalance() {**`System.out.println ("Account type: " + accountType);``System.out.println ("Customer Name: " + customerName);``System.out.println ("Account number: " + accountNumber);``System.out.println ("Current Balance: " + balance);``}`

**class SavingsAccount extends Account {**  
`private double interestRate;`

**Public SavingsAccount (String customerName, String accountNumber,  
double balance, double interestRate) {**

Scatter (customerName, accountNumber, "Savings", balance);  
 This. interestRate = interestRate;  
 3

Public void computeAndDepositInterest () {  
 double interest = balance \* interestRate / 100;  
 deposit (interest);  
 System.out.println ("interest computed and deposited, current balance: "+  
 balance);  
 3

Public void withdraw (double amount) {  
 if (balance >= amount) {  
 balance -= amount;  
 }  
 3

System.out.println ("insufficient funds. Withdrawal failed.");  
 4

~~class CurrentAccount extends Account {~~  
~~private static final double serviceCharge = 250;~~  
~~private double minimumBalance;~~

~~public Current~~

~~public class Bank {~~  
~~public static void main (String [ ] args) {~~  
~~Scanner s = new Scanner (System.in);~~

System.out.println ("Enter cust name");  
 String custName = s.nextLine();

System.out.println ("acc no");  
 String accNo = s.nextLine();

System.out.print("Enter initial balance");  
double initialBalance = S.nextDouble();

Savings Account Savings Account = new SavingsAccount (currName, account  
initialBalance, 2.5);

Savings Account (currName, accountInitialBalance, 2.5);

Current Account Current Account = new CurrentAccount (currName, account  
initialBalance, 500);

int choice;

do {

System.out.println("1. Select an option");

System.out.println("1. Deposit to Savings 2. Compute and  
deposit interest for Savings 3. Withdraw from Savings 4.  
Deposit to current account 5. Withdraw from current 6.  
Display balance (or exit)");

System.out.println("Enter your choice");

choice = Scanner.nextInt();

switch (choice) {

case 1: System.out.println("Enter amount to deposit");

System.out.println("Enter amount to withdraw");

double savingsDepositAmount = Scanner.nextDouble();

SavingsAccount.deposit(savingsDepositAmount);

break;

case 2:

SavingsAccount.computeAndDepositInterest();

break;

case 3:

System.out.println("Enter amount to withdraw");

double savingsDepositWithdrawAmount = S.nextDouble();

SavingsAccount.withdraw(savingsDepositWithdrawAmount);

break;

SavingsAccount.withdraw(savingsWithdrawAmount);

break;

case 4:

System.out.println ("Enter the amount to deposit");

double currentDepositAmount = S.nextDouble();

currentAccount.deposit (currentDepositAmount);

break;

case 5:

System.out.println ("Enter the amount to withdraw from current account");

double currentWithdrawAmount = S.nextDouble();

currentAccount.withdraw (currentWithdrawAmount);

break;

case 6:

System.out.println ("In Savings account Details");

SavingsAccount.displayBalance();

case 7:

System.out.println ("Thank you");

break;

default:

System.out.println ("invalid choice");

Lab - 6Student - Java

Package CIB;  
public class Student

    public static name;

    public string USN;

    public int Sem;

Public Student (String name, String USN, int Sem) { }

    this.name = name;

    this.USN = USN;

    this.Sem = Sem;

{ }

Externals - Java

Package SBE;

import CIB.Student;

public class External extends Student

    public int [] SeeMarks;

    public External (String name, String USN, int Sem, int [] SeeMarks)

        Super (name, USN, Sem);

        this.SeeMarks = SeeMarks;

{ }

{ }

## Internals . Java

Package CIE;

Public class Internals extends CIE, Student  
{

    Public int [] InternMarks;

    Public Internals (String name, String usn, int sem,  
        int [] InternMarks)

{

        Super (name, usn, sem);  
        this. InternMarks = InternMarks;

}

## Finalmarks

    Inherit CIE, Student;

    Inherit CIE. Internals;

    Inherit SIE. Exams;

    Import java.util.Scanner;

Public class Finalmarks

{

    Public static void main (String [] args)

{

        Scanner s1 = new Scanner (System.in);

        System.out.println ("Enter no of subjects");

        Int n = s1.nextInt();

        String [] names = new String [n];

        String [] usn = new String [n];

        Int [] sem = new Int [n] {5};

`int [] marks = new int [n][5];`

`for ( int i=0 ; i < n ; i++ ) { }`

`System.out.println ("Info defined for student " + (i+1) + ":" );`

`System.out.print (" Name : ");`

`names[i] = sc.nextLine();`

`System.out.print (" USN : ");`

`usn[i] = sc.nextLine();`

`System.out.print (" SEM : ");`

`sem = sc.nextInt();`

`in[i] = new Internals (name, usn, sem);`

`ex[i] = new Externals ();`

`System.out.println (" Info of student marks ");`

`for ( i=0 ; i < 5 ; i++ ) { }`

`ex[i] = emarks[i] = sc.nextInt(); }`

`}`

`for ( int i=0 ; i < n ; i++ ) { }`

`System.out.println (" Details of Student " + (i+1) + ":" );`

`System.out.print (" Name : " + in[i].name + " ( " + "`

`in[i].usn + " ) " + " Sem : " + in[i].sem );`

`System.out.print (" Individual mark : " );`

`for ( int j=0 ; j < 5 ; j++ ) { }`

`System.out.print (" Subject " + (j+1) + " : " + "`

`in[i] = (marks[i][j] + " ( " ) ); }`

`System.out.print (" External marks : " );`

`for ( int j=0 ; j < 5 ; j++ ) { }`

`System.out.print (" Subject " + (j+1) + " : " + "`

`+ ex[i].marks[j] ); }`



Lab 07

Father & Son "Age"

import java.util.Scanner;

class WrongAge extends Exception {

WrongAge (String error) {

System.out.println(error);

}

class Father {

int age;

Father (int age) throws WrongAge {

if (age < 0)

throw new WrongAge ("Father's age cannot be

negative");

this.age = age; }

class Son extends Father {

int age;

Son (int age, int s-age) throws WrongAge {

super(age);

if (s-age >= age) {

throw new WrongAge ("Son's age cannot be greater than Father's Age");

this.age = age; }

class main {

public static void main (String args[]) {

Scanner sc = new Scanner (System.in);

try {

System.out.println("Enter Father's age");

int f-age = sc.nextInt();

System.out.println("Enter Son's age");

int S-agg = Sc. next Int(E) do loop

Son a - new son (f-age-a-agg);

System.out.println ("Father's age" + f-agg);

System.out.println ("Son's age" + S-agg);

}

catch (WrongAge e) {

System.out.println ("wrong age entered");

System.out.println ("Please enter again");

System.out.println ("");

catch (Exception ee) {

System.out.println ("unexpected error: " + ee);

}

}

System.out.println ("Age is " + f-agg);

Output

Enter the father's age: 53  
Enter the son's age: 15

Father's age: 53  
Son's age: 15

Enter Father's age: 5

Enter Son's age: 27

Son's age: cannot be greater than Father's age  
Wrong age entered

Enter Father's age: -15

Enter Son's age: 15

Father's age cannot be negative  
Wrong age entered

~~System.out.println ("Age is " + f-agg);~~

Or 30/1/20

Age is 53 after two days?

15/1/20 after two days?

6/2/24

Program 10IPC

class Q {

int n;

boolean valueSet = false;

Synchronized int get() {

while (!valueSet)

try {

System.out.println("Interrupted in consumer waiting in");  
wait();

} catch (InterruptedException e) {

System.out.println("InterruptedException caught");

}

System.out.println("out=" + n);

valueSet = false; // If false, ("waiting", wait) will run

System.out.println("in interrupt producer in");

notify();

return;

}

Synchronized void put (int n) {

while (valueSet)

try {

System.out.println("in producer waiting (" + n + ")");

wait();

{

} catch (InterruptedException e) {

System.out.println("Exception caught");

{

this. n = n;

o / managed

9.9 T.

valueSet = list;

System.out.println ("Put: " + n);

3 o (n)

in bp

System.out.println ("In Interm consumer " + n);  
? (0) tip in implementation

notify U;

3

3

(3) valueSet lists

3 pull

class producer implements Runnable {

: (1) initial producer w/ buffer size 10, delivery, two, miles

q q;

: () New

? (3 initial value buffer) using ?

producer (q q) in fixed buffer size 10, delivery, two, miles

this. q = q;

3

: (n + " : Far") delivery, two, miles

new Thread (this, "producer").start(); who = producer

q : (n / delivery distance) delivery, two, miles

: () update

: (pull)

public void run() {

int i = 0;

while (i < 15) {

q. put (i++);

3

3

? (n / l) tip begin implementation

(3) valueSet lists

3 pull

: (n / delivery number) delivery, two, miles

: () New

class consumer implements Runnable {

? (3 initial value buffer) lists

q q;

: (n / delivery number) delivery, two, miles

consumer (Q q) {

    this. q = q;

    new Thread (this, "consumer"). start();

}

public void run () {

    int i = 0;

    while (i < 15) {

        int x = q.get();

        System.out.println ("consumed: " + x);

        i++;

}

}

}

else Main {

    public static void main (String args []) {

        Q q = new Q();

        new producer (q);

        new consumer (q);

        System.out.println ("press control-c to stop.");

}

}

Outline↑ (P. 0.) ~~announces~~

Press control - c to stop -

↑ P. all

Put = 0      ↓ (P. 0.) ~~announces~~ ( "news" ) ~~and~~ ~~will~~ ~~not~~

Intimate consumer

Product writing

↓ (P. 0.) ~~now~~ ~~writing~~

Crot = 0

↓ (P. 0.) ~~is~~ ~~it~~

Intimate producer

↑ (P. 2) ~~sells~~

Put = 1

↓ (P. 2) ~~sells~~

Intimate consumer

↓ (P. 0. "news") ~~using~~ ~~two~~ ~~ways~~

Product writing

↓ (P. 0.)

Consumed = 0

↓

got = 1

↓

↓

Intimate producer

↑ (P. 0.) ~~sells~~↓ (P. 0.) ~~sells~~ ~~now~~ ~~stock~~ ~~writing~~

Consumed = 1

↓

Put = 2

↓ (P. 0.) ~~writing~~ = P. 0.

Intimate consumer

↓ (P. 0.) ~~writing~~ ~~in~~↓ (P. 0.) ~~writing~~ ~~in~~

Product writing

↓ (P. 0. "news") ~~writing~~ ~~in~~ ~~two~~ ~~ways~~

Got = 2

↓

↓

Intimate producer

Consumed = 2

Consumer writing

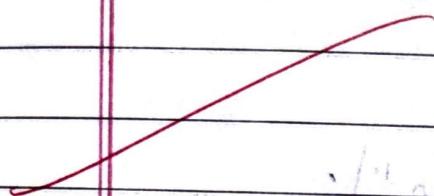
part = 3

Intrinsic consumer

product quality

6rot - 3

consumer: 3



3 writing skills

"writing skills" should be a part of writing

(121, 253) and 253, 253

Our  
6/2/2024  
writing skills are important because we  
can write all kinds of texts and also  
communicate with others.

6/2/2024

real texts are also written  
(121, 253) or - like writing

the following writing skills

writing for fun

writing for pleasure

writing for fun

writing for pleasure

writing for fun

writing for pleasure

6/2/24

Classmate

Date \_\_\_\_\_

Page \_\_\_\_\_

Lab-8 ("BMSCE13") and the thread  
("CSE101") will be shared.

### Program - 8

class DisplayMessage Thread extends Thread {

private final String message;

private final long msInterval(2000);

DisplayMessage Thread (String message, long interval) {

this.message = message;

this.interval = interval;

}

public void run() {

try {

while(true) {

System.out.println(message);

Thread.sleep(interval);

}

} catch (InterruptedException e) {

System.out.println(Thread.currentThread().getName() + " interrupted");

}

public class TwoThread {

public static void main(String[] args) {

DisplayMessage Thread thread1 = new DisplayMessage Thread

("BMSCE13", 10000);

DisplayMessage Thread thread2 = new DisplayMessage Thread("CSE101", 2000);

Thread1.setName("Thread 1");

Thread2.setName("Thread 2");

3. interrupt

Thread1.start();

Thread2.start();

try {

Thread.sleep(30000); // waits in parallel. Long sleeping

} catch (InterruptedException e) {

{ System.out.println("In main thread interrupted"); }

}

Thread1.interrupt();

operation = process . will

Thread2.interrupt();

operation = process . will

if

System.out.println("main thread exiting.");

}

? (3 have been written)

3

? (red)

Output

? (will) list,

BMSCE

(process) ultimately two maligns

CS6

; (longer) sleep, interrupt

CS6

? (so wait for 3 before exit) return ?

(Interrupt + 1 CS6) ; (wait between both) returning two maligns

BMSCE

CS6

CS6

CS6

CS6

? break out early exiting

? (exit thread2) main know about exiting

Main thread exiting

(as well as break loop as maligns)

? Thread1.interrupted()

? Thread2.interrupted() is well as break loop as maligns

## Program 9

### Divide APP

```
import java.awt.*;  
import java.awt.event.*;
```

```
class SwingDemo {
```

```
JFrame jfrm = new JFrame ("Divide App");  
jfrm.setSize (275, 150);  
jfrm.setLayout (new FlowLayout());  
jfrm.setDefaultCloseOperation(JFrame.EXIT_ON_CLOSE);  
JLabel jlab = new JLabel ("Enter the dividend and  
divident : ");
```

```
JTextField atextField = new JTextField (8);  
JTextField btextField = new JTextField (8);
```

```
JButton button = new JButton ("calculate");
```

```
JLabel err = new JLabel ();  
JLabel alab = new JLabel ();  
JLabel blab = new JLabel ();  
JLabel ansLab = new JLabel ();
```

```
jfrm.add (err);  
jfrm.add (jlab);  
jfrm.add (atextField);  
jfrm.add (btextField);  
jfrm.add (button);  
jfrm.add (alab);  
jfrm.add (blab);  
jfrm.add (ansLab);
```

ActionListener l = new ActionListener() {  
 public void actionPerformed(ActionEvent evt) {  
 System.out.println("action event from a button");  
 }  
}

3;      ? (using code above, will get?

aJtf.addActionListener(l);      ? (not working)

bJtf.addActionListener(l);      ? (not working)

button.addActionListener(new ActionListener() {  
 public void actionPerformed(ActionEvent evt) {  
 try {

int a = Integer.parseInt(aJtf.getText());

int b = Integer.parseInt(bJtf.getText());

int ans = a / b;

alab.setText("A = " + a);      ? (not working)

blab.setText("B = " + b);      ? (not working)

anslab.setText("Ans = " + ans);

3  
 catch (NumberFormatException e) {  
 alab.setText("");

blab.setText("");

anslab.setText("");

e. setText("Enter only Integers!");

3  
 catch (ArithmaticException e) {  
 alab.setText("");

blab.setText("");

anslab.setText("");

e. setText("B should be Non zero!");

3  
 );

```
3     s from. Set visible (true);  
public static void main (String args[]) {
```

String Utilities. invokeLater(new Runnable())

public void run() {

new SwingDemo();

3); the result,  $\text{Im}(\alpha)$ , is called the image of  $\alpha$ .

33

Chantep. His last office was to the

Output: The output might be as follows:

Divide App

enter the divisor and dividend

20	2
----	---

calculate

## A flit chick

Divider App

Enter divisor and dividend

120       12

Resultant       $A=10 \quad B=2 \quad a_3=20$

For  
2012 m

# LAB-01 QUADRATIC EQUATION

## Question

Develop a Java program that prints all real solutions to the quadratic equation  $ax^2 + bx + c = 0$ . Read in a, b,

c and use the quadratic formula. If the discriminant  $b^2 - 4ac$  is negative, display a message stating that there are no real solutions

## Code:

```
import java.util.Scanner;
class Quadratic
{
    int a, b, c;
    double r1, r2, d;
    void getd()
    {
        Scanner s = new Scanner(System.in);
        System.out.println("Enter the coefficients of a,b,c");
        a = s.nextInt();
        b = s.nextInt();
        c = s.nextInt();
    }
    void compute()
    {
        while(a==0)
        {
            System.out.println("Not a quadratic equation");
            System.out.println("Enter a non zero value for a:");
            Scanner s = new Scanner(System.in);
            a = s.nextInt();
        }
        d = b*b-4*a*c;
        if(d==0)
        {
            r1 = (-b)/(2*a);
            System.out.println("Roots are real and equal");
            System.out.println("Root1 = Root2 = " + r1);
        }
        else if(d>0)
```

```
{  
    r1 = ((-b)+(Math.sqrt(d)))/(double)(2*a);  
    r2 = ((-b)-(Math.sqrt(d)))/(double)(2*a);  
    System.out.println("Roots are real and distinct");  
    System.out.println("Root1 = " + r1 + " Root2 = " + r2);  
}  
else if(d<0)  
{  
    System.out.println("Roots are imaginary");  
    r1 = (-b)/(2*a);  
    r2 = Math.sqrt(-d)/(2*a);  
    System.out.println("Root1 = " + r1 + " + i" + r2);  
    System.out.println("Root1 = " + r1 + " - i" + r2);  
}  
  
}  
}  
  
class QuadraticMain  
{  
    public static void main(String args[])  
    {  
        Quadratic q = new Quadratic();  
        q.getd();  
  
        q.compute();  
    }  
}
```

## LAB-02- STUDENT SGPA CALCULATION

Develop a Java program to create a class Student with members usn, name, an array credits and an array marks. Include methods to accept and display details and a method to calculate SGPA of a student.

### Code:

```
import java.util.Scanner;

class subject{
    int subjectMarks, credits, grade;
}

class Student {
    String name;
    String usn;
    double SGPA;
    Scanner s;
    subject subjects[];
}

Student()
{
    int i;
    subjects = new subject[9];
    for(i=0;i<8;i++)
        subjects[i] = new subject();
    s = new Scanner(System.in);
}

public void getStudentDetails(){
    System.out.println("Enter student name:");
    name=s.nextLine();
}
```

```
System.out.println("Enter Student USN:");
usn=s.nextLine();}

public void getMarks(){
int i;
for(i=0;i<8;i++){
System.out.println("Enter marks of subject"+(i+1)+":");
subjects[i].subjectMarks= s.nextInt();
if(subjects[i].subjectMarks>=40&&subjects[i].subjectMarks<=100){
subjects[i].grade=calculateGrade(subjects[i].subjectMarks);}
else{
System.out.println("Invalid Marks. Marks should be between 40 and 100");}
System.out.println("enter credits:");
subjects[i].credits=s.nextInt();
}
}

public int calculateGrade(int marks){
if (marks>=90)
return 10;
else if(marks>=70&&marks<=80)
return 9;
else if(marks>=60&&marks<=70)
return 8;
else if(marks>=50&&marks<=60)
return 7;
else
return 6;
}
```

```
public void computeSGPA() {  
    int totalscore = 0;  
    int totalcred = 0;  
  
    for (int i = 0; i < 8; i++) {  
        totalscore += subjects[i].grade * subjects[i].credits;  
        totalcred += subjects[i].credits;  
    }  
    SGPA = (double) totalscore / (double) totalcred;  
}  
  
}  
  
public class Stud{  
    public static void main(String args[]){  
        Student s1=new Student();  
  
        s1.getStudentDetails();  
  
        s1.getMarks();  
        s1.computeSGPA();  
  
        System.out.println("Student name:"+s1.name);  
        System.out.println("Student usn:"+s1.usn);  
        System.out.println("Student sgpa:"+s1.SGPA);  
    }  
}
```

## LAB-03 BOOK PROGRAM

### Question:

Create a class Book which contains four members: name, author, price, num\_pages. Include a constructor to set the values for the members. Include methods to set and get the details of the objects. Include a `toString()` method that could display the complete details of the book. Develop a Java program to create n book objects.

### CODE:

```
import java.util.Scanner;
```

```
class Book {  
    String name;  
    String author;  
    int price;  
    int numPages;  
  
    // Parameterized constructor  
    Book(String name, String author, int price, int numPages) {  
        this.name = name;  
        this.author = author;  
        this.price = price;  
        this.numPages = numPages;  
    }  
  
    // toString method to display book details  
    public String toString() {  
        String bookDetails = "Book name: " + this.name + "\n"  
            + "Author name: " + this.author + "\n"  
            + "Price: " + this.price + "\n"  
            + "Number of pages: " + this.numPages + "\n";  
        return bookDetails;  
    }  
}
```

```
    }  
}  
  
public class Main {  
    public static void main(String args[]) {  
        Scanner s = new Scanner(System.in);  
  
        // Read the number of books  
        System.out.print("Enter the number of books: ");  
        int n = s.nextInt();  
  
        // Define array of Book objects  
        Book[] books = new Book[n];  
  
        // Input details for each book  
        for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {  
            System.out.println("Enter details for Book " + (i + 1));  
            System.out.print("Name: ");  
            String name = s.next();  
            System.out.print("Author: ");  
            String author = s.next();  
            System.out.print("Price: ");  
            int price = s.nextInt();  
            System.out.print("Number of pages: ");  
            int numPages = s.nextInt();  
  
            // Create a new Book object with the entered details  
            books[i] = new Book(name, author, price, numPages);  
        }  
    }  
}
```

```
// Display details of each book
System.out.println("\nDetails of the books:");
for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
    System.out.println("Book " + (i + 1) + ":\n" + books[i].toString());
}
```

## LAB-04 SHAPE PROGRAM

**Question:**

Develop a Java program to create an abstract class named Shape that contains two integers and an empty method named printArea( ). Provide three classes named Rectangle, Triangle and Circle such that each one of the classes extends the class Shape. Each one of the classes contains only the method printArea( ) that prints the area of the given shape.

**CODE:**

```

import java.util.Scanner;

class InputScanner{
    Scanner s= new Scanner(System.in);
    double getInput(String prompt){
        System.out.println(prompt);
        return s.nextDouble();}}
    abstract class Shape extends InputScanner{
        double side1, side2;
        abstract void area();}
    class Rectangle extends Shape{
        Rectangle(){
            side1=getInput("Enter length of rectangle:");
            side2=getInput("Enter breadth of rectangle:");
        }
        void area(){
            double area=side1*side2;
            System.out.println("Area of the Rectangle =" +area);}
    class triangle extends Shape{
        triangle(){
            side1=getInput("Enter base of the triangle:");
            side2=getInput("Enter height of the triangle:");
        }
        void area(){
    
```

```
    double area=side1*side2/2;  
    System.out.println("Area of the triangle="+area);}}  
  
class circle extends Shape{  
circle(){  
    side1=getInput("Enter the radius of the circle:");}  
void area(){  
    double area=Math.PI*side1*side1;  
    System.out.println("Area of the circle="+area);}}  
  
class Main{  
public static void main(String args[]){  
    Rectangle rectangle= new Rectangle();  
    triangle Triangle=new triangle();  
    circle Circle=new circle();  
  
    rectangle.area();  
    Triangle.area();  
    Circle.area();  
}  
}
```

## LAB -05 BANK ACCOUNT(abstract classes)

### Question

Create a class Book which contains four members: name, author, price, num\_pages. Include a constructor to set the values for the members. Include methods to set and get the details of the objects. Include a `toString()` method that could display the complete details of the book. Develop a Java program to create n book objects.

### CODE:

```
import java.util.Scanner;
```

```
class Account {  
    String customerName;  
    long accountNumber;  
    String accountType;  
    double balance;  
  
    public Account(String customerName, long accountNumber, String accountType, double  
balance) {  
        this.customerName = customerName;  
        this.accountNumber = accountNumber;  
        this.accountType = accountType;  
        this.balance = balance;  
    }  
  
    public void deposit(double amount) {  
        balance += amount;  
        System.out.println("Deposit of $" + amount + " successful. Updated balance: $" +  
balance);  
    }  
  
    public void displayBalance() {  
        System.out.println("Account Balance: $" + balance);  
    }  
}
```

```
    }

    public void withdraw(double amount) {
        System.out.println("Withdrawal not supported for this account type.");
    }
}

class CurAccount extends Account {

    double minBalance;
    double serviceCharge;

    public CurAccount(String customerName, long accountNumber, double balance, double minBalance, double serviceCharge) {
        super(customerName, accountNumber, "Current", balance);
        this.minBalance = minBalance;
        this.serviceCharge = serviceCharge;
    }

    public void checkMinBalance() {
        if (balance < minBalance) {
            balance -= serviceCharge;
            System.out.println("Minimum balance not maintained. Service charge of $" +
                serviceCharge + " imposed.");
            displayBalance();
        }
    }

    @Override
    public void withdraw(double amount) {
        if (amount > balance) {
            System.out.println("Insufficient funds. Withdrawal failed.");
        } else {
            balance -= amount;
        }
    }
}
```

```
        System.out.println("Withdrawal of $" + amount + " successful. Updated balance: $" +
balance);

    checkMinBalance();

}

}

}

class SavAccount extends Account {

    double interestRate;

    public SavAccount(String customerName, long accountNumber, double balance, double
interestRate) {

        super(customerName, accountNumber, "Savings", balance);
        this.interestRate = interestRate;
    }

    public void computeInterest() {

        double interest = balance * (interestRate / 100);
        balance += interest;
        System.out.println("Interest computed and deposited: $" + interest);
        displayBalance();
    }

    @Override

    public void withdraw(double amount) {

        if (amount > balance) {

            System.out.println("Insufficient funds. Withdrawal failed.");
        } else {

            balance -= amount;
            System.out.println("Withdrawal of $" + amount + " successful. Updated balance: $" +
balance);
        }
    }
}
```

```
    }

}

public class Bank {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);

        System.out.print("Enter your name: ");
        String customerName = scanner.nextLine();

        System.out.print("Enter initial amount: ");
        double initialAmount = scanner.nextDouble();

        System.out.print("Select account type (1. Current, 2. Savings): ");
        int accountTypeChoice = scanner.nextInt();

        Account userAccount = null; // Declare userAccount outside the if-else blocks

        if (accountTypeChoice == 1) {
            System.out.print("Enter minimum balance for the current account: ");
            double minBalance = scanner.nextDouble();
            System.out.print("Enter service charge for the current account: ");
            double serviceCharge = scanner.nextDouble();

            userAccount = new CurAccount(customerName, System.currentTimeMillis(),
                initialAmount, minBalance, serviceCharge);
        } else if (accountTypeChoice == 2) {
            System.out.print("Enter interest rate for the savings account: ");
            double interestRate = scanner.nextDouble();

            userAccount = new SavAccount(customerName, System.currentTimeMillis(),
                initialAmount, interestRate);
        }
    }
}
```

```
initialAmount, interestRate);

} else {
    System.out.println("Invalid account type choice. Exiting the program.");
    scanner.close();
    return;
}

int choice;
do {
    System.out.println("\nSelect an option:");
    System.out.println("1. Deposit");
    System.out.println("2. Display Balance");
    System.out.println("3. Compute Interest (Savings Account only)");
    System.out.println("4. Withdraw");
    System.out.println("5. Exit");
    System.out.print("Enter your choice: ");
    choice = scanner.nextInt();

    switch (choice) {
        case 1:
            System.out.print("Enter amount to deposit: ");
            double depositAmount = scanner.nextDouble();
            userAccount.deposit(depositAmount);
            break;
        case 2:
            userAccount.displayBalance();
            break;
        case 3:
            if (userAccount instanceof SavAccount) {
                ((SavAccount) userAccount).computeInterest();
            } else {
```

```
        System.out.println("Invalid option for current account.");
    }
    break;
case 4:
    System.out.print("Enter amount to withdraw: ");
    double withdrawAmount = scanner.nextDouble();
    userAccount.withdraw(withdrawAmount);
    break;
case 5:
    System.out.println("Exiting the program. Thank you!");
    break;
default:
    System.out.println("Invalid choice. Please enter a valid option.");
}
} while (choice != 5);

scanner.close();
}
```

## LAB-06 PACKAGES

**Question:**

Create a package CIE which has two classes- Student and Internals. The class Student has members like usn, name, sem. The class Internals derived from Student has an array that stores the internal marks scored in five courses of the current semester of the student. Create another package SEE which has the class External which is a derived class of Student. This class has an array that stores the SEE marks scored in five courses of the current semester of the student. Import the two packages in a file that declares the final marks of n students in all five courses.

**CODE:**

```
package SEE;
```

```
public class External extends CIE.Student{
```

```
    public int emarks[] = new int[5];
```

```
}
```

```
package CIE;
```

```
public class Student{
```

```
    public int usn, sem; public String name;
```

```
    public Student() {}
```

```
    public Student(String name, int usn, int sem) {
```

```
        this.name = name; this.usn = usn; this.sem = sem;
```

```
}
```

```
}
```

```
package CIE;
```

```
public class Internals extends CIE.Student{
```

```
    public int imarks[] = new int[5];
```

```
    public Internals() {}
```

```
    public Internals(String name, int usn, int sem) {
```

```
        super(name, usn, sem);
```

```
}
```

```
}
```

```
import java.util.Scanner;
import CIE.Student;
import CIE.Internals;
import SEE.External;
class LabQ6{
    public static void main(String args[]){
        Scanner sc=new Scanner(System.in);
        String name;int usn,sem;
        System.out.println("Enter the number of students:");
        int n=sc.nextInt();
        Internals in[]=new Internals[n];
        External ex[]=new External[n];
        for(int i=0;i<n;i++){
            System.out.println("Enter the name of the student "+(i+1)+":");
            name=sc.next();
            System.out.println("Enter the USN of the student "+(i+1)+":");
            usn=sc.nextInt();
            System.out.println("Enter the sem of the student "+(i+1)+":");
            sem=sc.nextInt();
            in[i]=new Internals(name,usn,sem);
            ex[i]=new External();
            System.out.println("Enter the internal marks of the student in 5
subjects:");
            for(int j=0;j<5;j++)
                in[i].imarks[j]=sc.nextInt();
            System.out.println("Enter the external marks of the student in 5
subjects:");
            for(int j=0;j<5;j++)
                ex[i].emarks[j]=sc.nextInt();
        }
    }
}
```

```
for(int i=0;i<n;i++){  
    System.out.println("Details of student "+(i+1)+":");  
    System.out.println("Name:"+in[i].name+"\t"+USN:"+in[i].usn+"\t"+Sem:"+i  
    n[i].sem);  
    System.out.println("Internal marks:");  
    for(int j=0;j<5;j++)  
        System.out.print("Subject "+(i+1)+":"+in[i].imarks[j]+\t");  
    System.out.println("External marks:");  
    for(int j=0;j<5;j++)  
        System.out.print("Subject "+(j+1)+":"+ex[i].emarks[j]+\t");  
    System.out.println("\nTotal marks:");  
    for(int j=0;j<5;j++)  
        System.out.println("Subject"+(j+1)+":"+in[i].imarks[j]+ex[i].emarks[j])  
    );  
}  
}  
}
```

## LAB -07 EXCEPTIONS (FATHER-SON)

**Question:**

Write a program that demonstrates handling of exceptions in inheritance tree. Create a base class called “Father” and derived class called “Son” which extends the base class. In Father class, implement a constructor which takes the age and throws the exception WrongAge( ) when the input age<0. In Son class, implement a constructor that cases both father and son’s age and throws an exception if son’s age is $\geq$ =father’s age.

**CODE:**

```

import java.util.Scanner;

class WrongAge extends Exception{
    WrongAge(String error){
        System.out.println(error);
    }
}

class Father{
    int age;
    Father(int age) throws WrongAge{
        if(age<0)
            throw new WrongAge("Father's age cannot be negative");
        this.age=age;
    }
}

class Son extends Father{
    int age;
    Son(int age,int s_age) throws WrongAge{
        super(age);
        if(s_age>=age)
            throw new WrongAge("Son's age cannot be greater than Father's age");
        this.age=s_age;
    }
}

```

```
    }  
}  
  
class LabQ7{  
    public static void main(String args[]){  
        Scanner sc=new Scanner(System.in);  
        try{  
            System.out.println("Enter the Father's age:");  
            int f_age=sc.nextInt();  
            System.out.println("Enter the Son's age:");  
            int s_age=sc.nextInt();  
            Son a=new Son(f_age,s_age);  
            System.out.println("Father's age:"+f_age);  
            System.out.println("Son's age:"+s_age);  
        }  
        catch(WrongAge e){  
            System.out.println("Wrong Age entered");}  
        catch(Exception ee){  
            System.out.println("Unexpected error :" +ee);}  
    }  
}
```

## LAB-08 THREADS

**Question:**

Write a program which creates two threads, one thread displaying “BMS College of Engineering” once every ten seconds and another displaying “CSE” once every two seconds.

**CODE:**

```

class DisplayThread extends Thread {
    private String message;
    private int interval;
    private boolean running = true;
    public DisplayThread(String message, int interval) {
        this.message = message;
        this.interval = interval;
    }
    public void run() {
        while (running) {
            System.out.println(message);
            try {
                Thread.sleep(interval);
            } catch (InterruptedException e) {
                e.printStackTrace();
            }
        }
    }
    public void stopThread() {
        running = false;
    }
}
public class ThreadExample {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        DisplayThread bmsThread = new DisplayThread("BMS College of Engineering",

```

```
10000);  
DisplayThread cseThread = new DisplayThread("CSE", 2000);  
bmsThread.start();  
cseThread.start();  
System.out.println("Press Enter to stop the threads...");  
try {  
    System.in.read();  
} catch (Exception e) {  
    e.printStackTrace();  
}  
bmsThread.stopThread();  
cseThread.stopThread();  
}  
}
```

## LAB-09 CREATE USER INTERFACE

**Question:**

Write a program that creates a user interface to perform integer divisions. The user enters two numbers in the text fields, Num1 and Num2. The division of Num1 and Num2 is displayed in the Result field when the Divide button is clicked. If Num1 or Num2 were not an integer, the program would throw a NumberFormatException. If Num2 were Zero, the program would throw an ArithmeticException. Display the exception in a message dialog box.

**CODE:**

```

import javax.swing.*;
import java.awt.*;
import java.awt.event.*;

class SwingDemo{
    SwingDemo(){
        // create jframe container
        JFrame jfrm = new JFrame("Divider App");
        jfrm.setSize(275, 150);
        jfrm.setLayout(new FlowLayout());
        // to terminate on close
        jfrm.setDefaultCloseOperation(JFrame.EXIT_ON_CLOSE);

        // text label
        JLabel jlab = new JLabel("Enter the divider and divident:");

        // add text field for both numbers
        JTextField ajtf = new JTextField(8);
        JTextField bjtf = new JTextField(8);

        // calc button
        JButton button = new JButton("Calculate");
    }
}

```

```
// labels  
JLabel err = new JLabel();  
JLabel alab = new JLabel();  
JLabel blab = new JLabel();  
JLabel anslab = new JLabel();  
  
// add in order :)  
jfrm.add(err); // to display error bois  
jfrm.add(jlab);  
jfrm.add(ajtf);  
jfrm.add(bjtf);  
jfrm.add(button);  
jfrm.add(alab);  
jfrm.add(blab);  
jfrm.add(anslab);  
  
ActionListener l = new ActionListener() {  
    public void actionPerformed(ActionEvent evt) {  
        System.out.println("Action event from a text field");  
    }  
};  
ajtf.addActionListener(l);  
bjtf.addActionListener(l);  
  
button.addActionListener(new ActionListener() {  
    public void actionPerformed(ActionEvent evt) {  
        try{  
            int a = Integer.parseInt(ajtf.getText());  
            int b = Integer.parseInt(bjtf.getText());  
        }  
    }  
});
```

```
int ans = a/b;
alab.setText("\nA = " + a);
blab.setText("\nB = " + b);
anslab.setText("\nAns = "+ ans);

}

catch(NumberFormatException e){
    alab.setText("");
    blab.setText("");
    anslab.setText("");
    err.setText("Enter Only Integers!");
}

catch(ArithmeticException e){
    alab.setText("");
    blab.setText("");
    anslab.setText("");
    err.setText("B should be NON zero!");
}

}

});

jfrm.setVisible(true);

}

public static void main(String args[]){
    // create frame on event dispatching thread
    SwingUtilities.invokeLater(new Runnable(){
        public void run(){
            new SwingDemo();
        }
    });
}
}
```

## LAB-10 IPC AND DEADLOCK

### **IPC CODE:**

```

class Q {
    int n;
    boolean valueSet = false;
    synchronized int get() {
        while(!valueSet)
            try {
                System.out.println("\nConsumer waiting\n");
                wait();
            } catch(InterruptedException e) {
                System.out.println("InterruptedException caught");
            }
        System.out.println("Got: " + n);
        valueSet = false;
        System.out.println("\nIntimate Producer\n");
        notify();
        return n;
    }
    synchronized void put(int n) {
        while(valueSet)
            try {
                System.out.println("\nProducer waiting\n");
                wait();
            } catch(InterruptedException e) {
                System.out.println("InterruptedException caught");
            }
        this.n = n;
        valueSet = true;
    }
}

```

```
System.out.println("Put: " + n);
System.out.println("\nIntimate Consumer\n");
notify();
}

}

class Producer implements Runnable {
    Q q;
    Producer(Q q) {
        this.q = q;
        new Thread(this, "Producer").start();
    }
    public void run() {
        int i = 0;
        while(i<15) {
            q.put(i++);
        }
    }
}

class Consumer implements Runnable {
    Q q;
    Consumer(Q q) {
        this.q = q;
        new Thread(this, "Consumer").start();
    }
    public void run() {
        int i=0;
        while(i<15) {
            int r=q.get();
            System.out.println("consumed:"+r);
        }
    }
}
```

```

        i++;
    }
}

class PCFixed {
    public static void main(String args[]) {
        Q q = new Q();
        new Producer(q);
        new Consumer(q);
        System.out.println("Press Control-C to stop.");
    }
}

```

### **DEADLOCK code:**

```

class A {
    synchronized void foo(B b) {
        String name = Thread.currentThread().getName();
        System.out.println(name + " entered
A.foo");
        try {
            Thread.sleep(1000);
        } catch(Exception e) {
            System.out.println("A Interrupted");
        }
        System.out.println(name + " trying to
call B.last()");
        b.last();
    }
}

```

```
void last() {  
    System.out.println("Inside A.last");  
}  
}  
  
class B {  
    synchronized void bar(A a) {  
        String name =  
            Thread.currentThread().getName();  
        System.out.println(name + " entered B.bar");  
        try {  
            Thread.sleep(1000);  
        } catch(Exception e) {  
            System.out.println("B Interrupted");  
        }  
        System.out.println(name + " trying to  
call A.last()");  
        a.last();  
    }  
    void last() {  
        System.out.println("Inside A.last");  
    }  
}
```

```
class Deadlock implements Runnable  
{  
    A a = new A();  
    B b = new B();  
    Deadlock() {  
        Thread.currentThread().setName("MainThread");  
    }
```

```
Thread t = new Thread(this,"RacingThread");
t.start();
a.foo(b);
System.out.println("Back in main
thread");
}
public void run() {
b.bar(a);
System.out.println("Back in other thread");
}
public static void main(String args[]) {
new Deadlock();
}
}
```