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Nithish Kumar Saravanan

Tejaswi Linge Gowda

Programming for Internet of Things

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Smart Park – Parking Management with Intelligent License Plate Recognition

The main objective of the project is to deliver a web-based application for real time tracking of user specific parking status for faster and efficient parking in urban areas. The number plate of the vehicle will be detected using cascade classifier and EasyOCR is used for recognizing the plate number. The python code used for detecting and recognizing the number plates is also embedded with certain logic for parking space allotment and for updating the MongoDB Atlas database. A Raspberry Pi microprocessor is used for deploying the python code which is connected to a web camera. Node, js is used on the server side and will be hosted in AWS for providing access to multiple users. When the vehicle exits the parking lot the total payable amount is calculated and displayed on the web interface.

NUMBER PLATE DETECTION, RECOGNITION AND PARKING SPACE ALLOTMENT

This section describes the process of implementing the number plate detection and recognition

algorithm. It also includes a brief explanation of the logic in handling vehicle entries and exits.

Number Plate Detection. There are a lot of methods available for number plate detection. One such

method is using computer vision techniques and the second method is to use classifier models or

machine learning models.

- Computer vision techniques have better accuracy only when the background is simple. If fails to detection when the background has more features.
- 2. I have used the cascade classifier for number plate detection. In specific, I have used Haar cascade classifier model already trained for detecting number plate in a camera image frame.

Number Plate Recognition. Once the ROI is cropped out using the detection module, it can be passed into an Optical Character Recognition algorithm for recognizing plate number. OCR algorithms can be used only when the number plate is simple enough. For complicated number plates machine learning has to be used for extracting the number plate details from the rest of the characters. I have used EasyOCR for number plate recognition as the license plates I chose are simple.

Parking Space Allotment.

- 1. Once a vehicle number is recognized, the user collection in the database is checked for user details. If the user has already signed up and the credentials are correct the user will be logged in or else the user will be asked to sign up and come back later.
- 2. Once the user signs up, a parking space will be allotted for the user randomly based on the available parking lots.
- 3. When the vehicle exits, the total payable amount is calculated based on the entry and the exit time.
- 4. Once the user signs up and logs in the home page will be rendered displaying the parking information of the specific user and all the allotted parking lots.

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NODE SERVER AND WEB INTERFACE

This section describes the functions of node server and the features of the user interface.

Node Server. Node.js is used in the server-side scripting. The server node contains several handlers for handling the get and post request used for extracting and displaying information on html page

and for uploading data into the database respectively.

User Interface. The user interface is split up into three .ejs files – login.ejs, signup.ejs, home.ejs. I am using ejs as the rendering engine. The config.js file contains the schema of the collections and connects to the MongoDB Atlas database.

login.ejs. Login page

signup.ejs. Signup page

home.ejs. GUI for Parking space information and payment information during exit.

SYSTEM COMPONENTS

License Plate Recognition (LPR) System. Identifying and recognizing the alphanumeric characters on the plates.

Camera System. To capture images of vehicles and their license plates as they enter the parking area.

Raspberry Pi. To deploy the LPR system and parking space management system.

Database. Stores information about registered users, their license plate data, parking space assignments, and payment details.

User Interface. Web application allows users to register their vehicles, view parking availability, make reservations.

Server. Hosts the web application

Parking Space Management. Optimizes parking space allocation.

Central Processing Unit. Processes the data received from cameras, manages the recognition of license plates, allocates parking spaces.

INTERACTION BETWEEN COMPONENTS

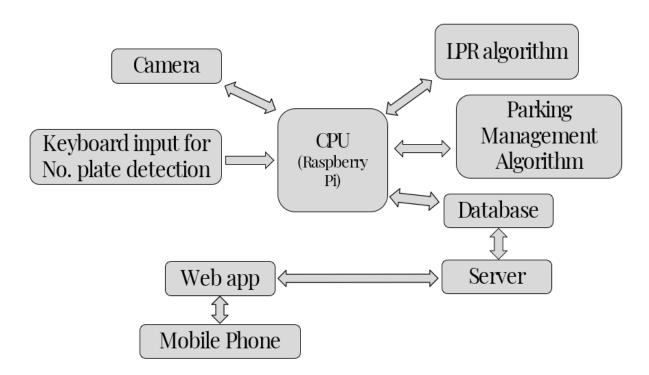


Fig. 1 Flow diagram of interaction between components

PROCESS FLOW DIAGRAM

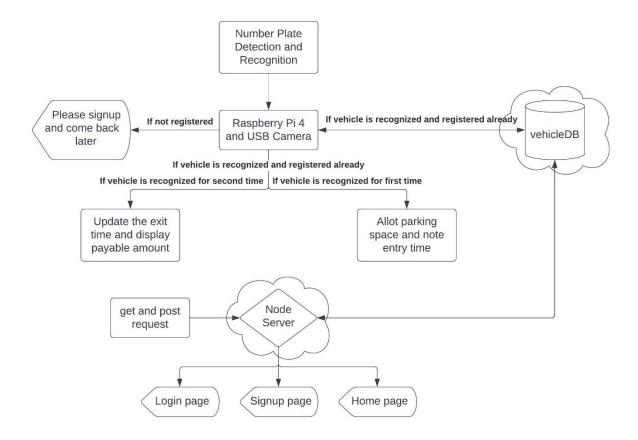


Fig. 2 Process flow diagram

DEPLOYMENT

This section provides a detailed walk through of the working of the entire system.

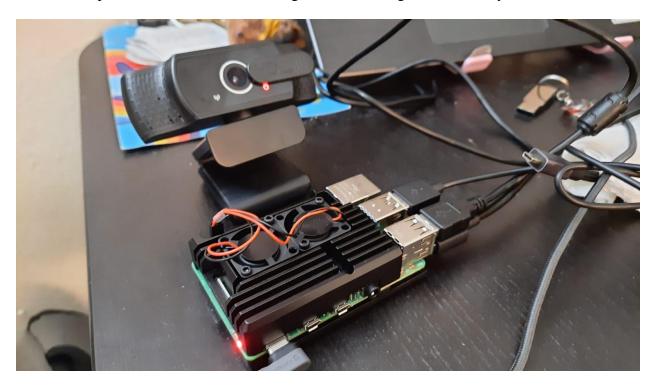


Fig 3. Raspberry Pi setup

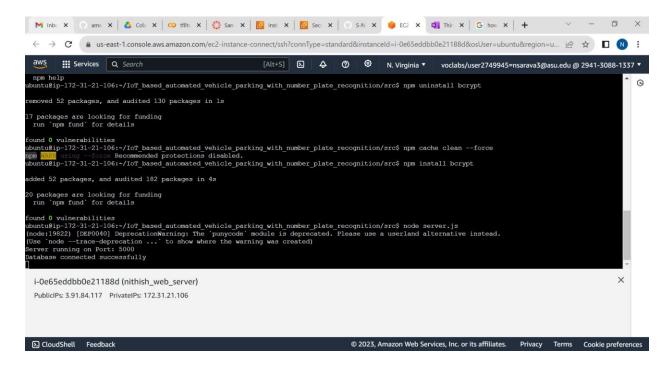


Fig 4. Hosting node server in AWS

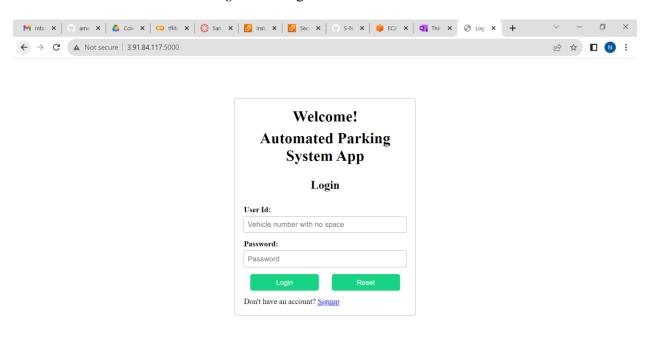


Fig 5. Login page

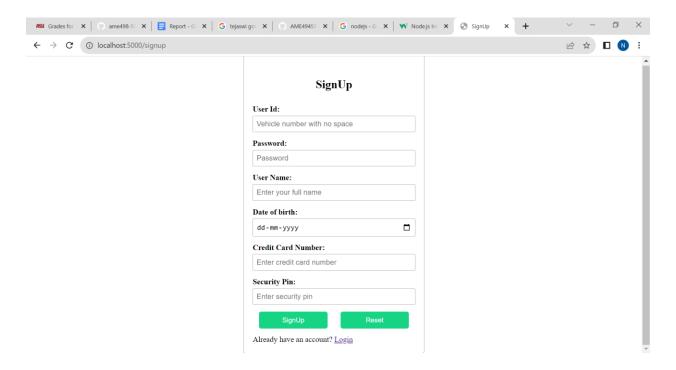


Fig 6. Signup page

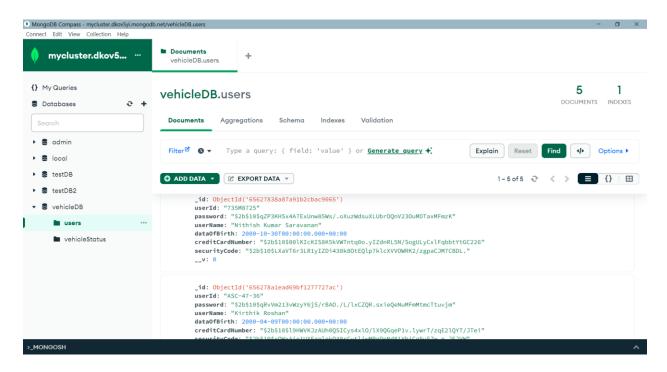


Fig 7. Users Collection – Signed up by users already

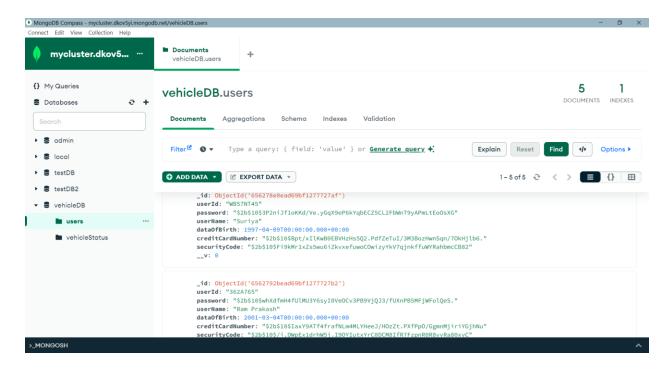


Fig 8. Users Collection – Signed up by users already

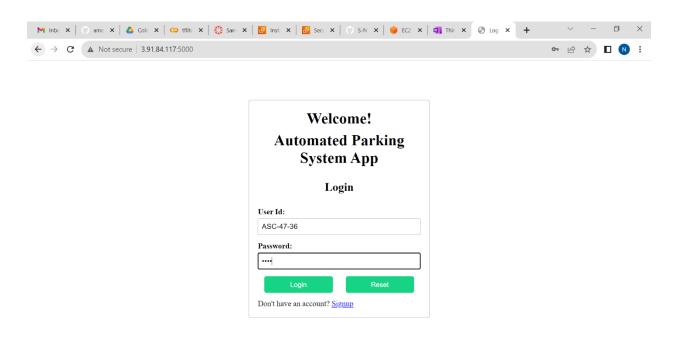


Fig 9. Logging in – already signed up user

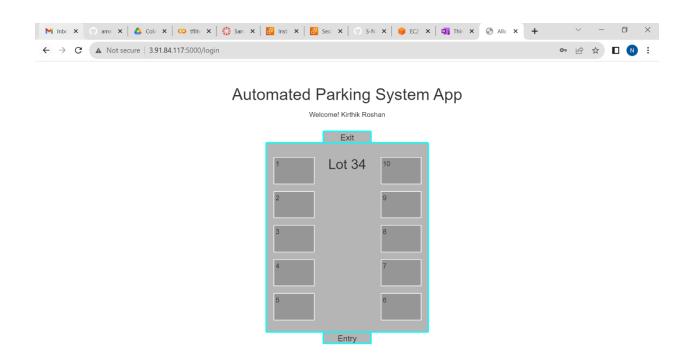


Fig 10. Logging in – already signed up user

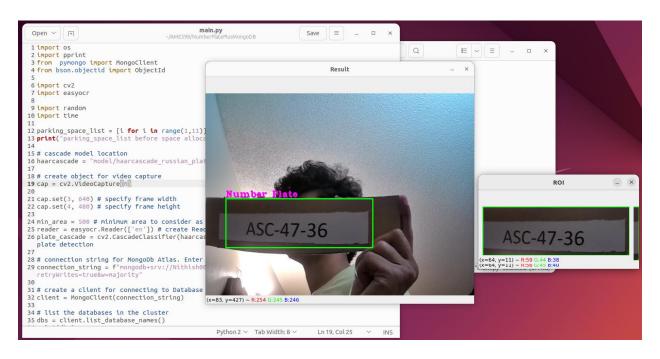


Fig 11. Number plate detection and recognition

```
nithish_rpi@nithish: ~/AME598/NumberPlatePlusMongoDB Q = _ _ _ _ x

nithish_rpi@nithish: ~/AME598/NumberPlatePlusMongoDB$ python3 main.py
parking_space_list before space allocation: [1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10]
Neither CUDA nor MPS are available - defaulting to CPU. Note: This module is much faster with a GPU.

a['testDB', 'testDB2', 'vehicleDB', 'admin', 'local']
['users', 'vehiclestatus']
Warning: Ignoring XDG_SESSION_TYPE=wayland on Gnome. Use QT_QPA_PLATFORM=wayland to run on Wayland anyway.

ASC-47-36
Vehicle ASC-47-36 is registered already
None
Status 1
parking_space_list after space allocation: [1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10]
```

Fig 12. Space allotted after number plate recognition and verifying database

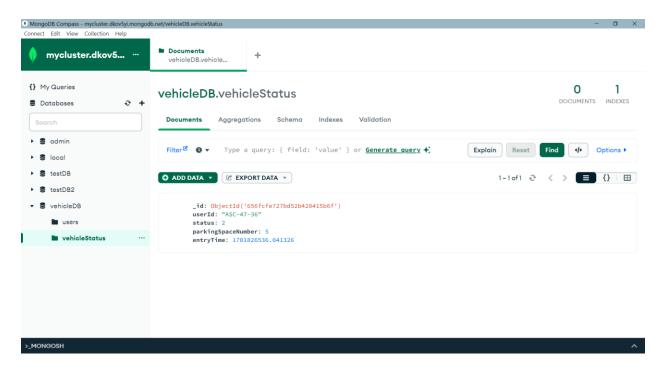


Fig 13. vehicleStatus collection after allotting parking space to the vehicle

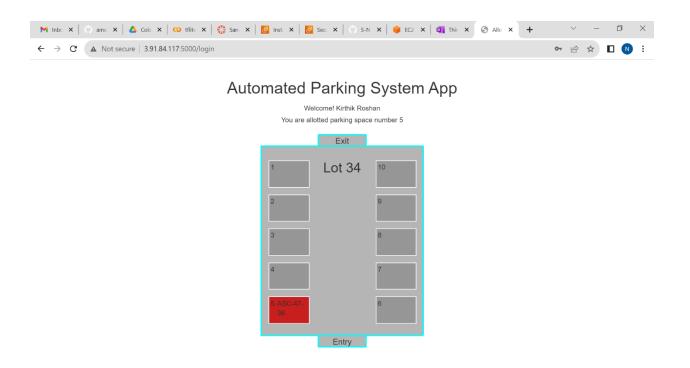


Fig 14. Updated UI after parking space allotment

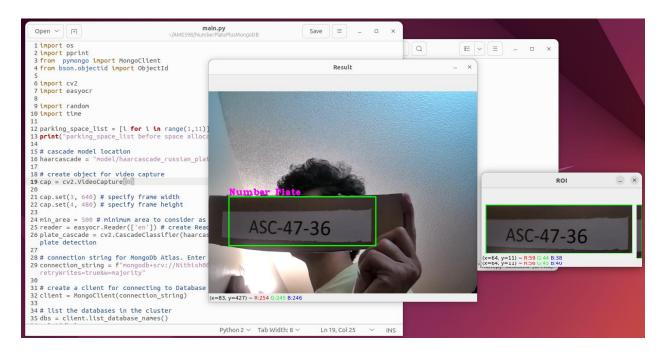


Fig 15. Number plate detection and recognition at the exit

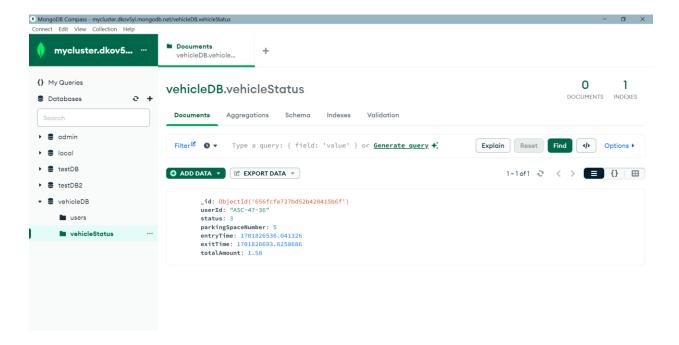


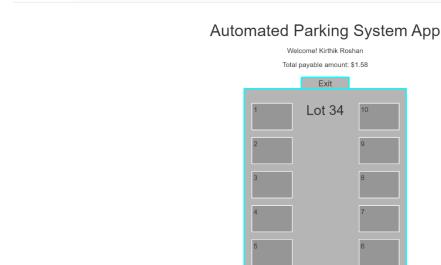
Fig 16. vehicleStatus collection after the vehicle exits

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```
nithish rpi@nithish: ~/AME598/NumberPlatePlusMongoDB
 nithish_rpi@nithish:~/AME598/NumberPlatePlusMongoDB$ python3 main.py
 parking_space_list before space allocation: [1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10]
 Neither CUDA nor MPS are available - defaulting to CPU. Note: This module is muc
 h faster with a GPU.
 ['testDB', 'testDB2', 'vehicleDB', 'admin', 'local']
['users', 'vehicleStatus']
 Warning: Ignoring XDG_SESSION_TYPE=wayland on Gnome. Use QT_QPA_PLATFORM=wayland
 to run on Wayland anyway.
 ASC-47-36
 Vehicle ASC-47-36 is registered already
 None
 Status 1
 parking_space_list after space allocation: [1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10]
 ASC-47-36
 Vehicle ASC-47-36 is registered already
a{'_id': ObjectId('656fcfe727bd52b420415b6f'), 'userId': 'ASC-47-36', 'status': 2
    parkingSpaceNumber': 5, 'entryTime': 1701826536.041326}
rInside vehicle park status
 payment amount: $ 1.58
 <u>p</u>arking_space_list after removing vehicle: [1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 5]
0
```

Fig 17. Update the available parking space list

M Inbx X | O ame X | A Cole X | OO tflite X | San X | O Inst X | O Sec X | O



← → **C** • Not secure | 3.91.84.117:5000/login

Fig 18. Updated UI during vehicle exit

Entry

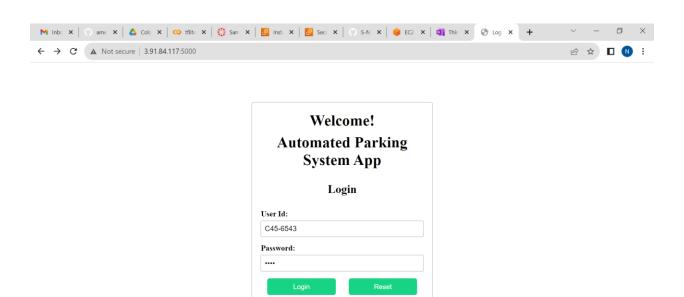


Fig 19. Login with user data not already signed up

Don't have an account? Signup



Fig 20. Prompts for signup

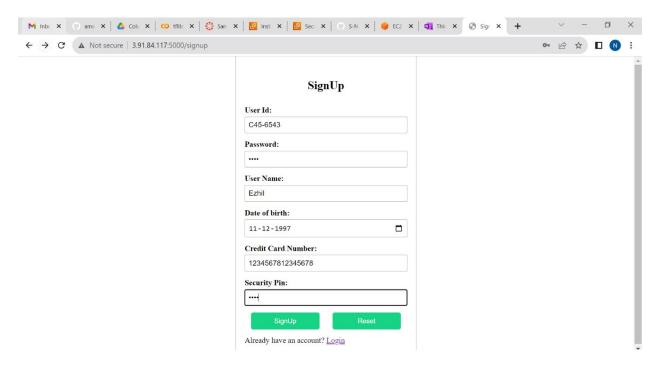


Fig 21. Signup page

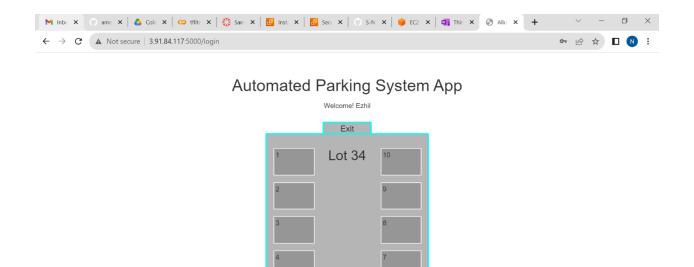


Fig 22. Logging in after signup

Entry

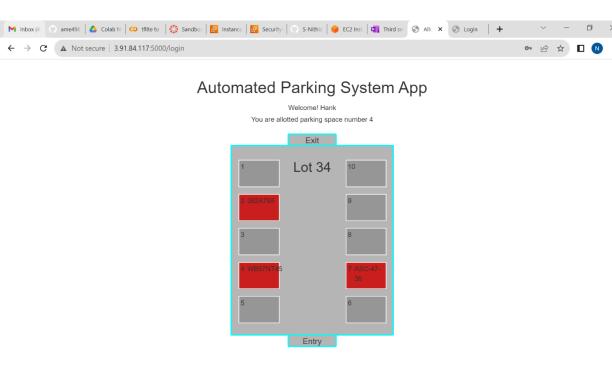


Fig 23. Example of multiple vehicles parked

DESIGN GAP

- 1. The User Interface is not responsive for different devices.
- 2. Right now, I am using time module in python for finding the timestamp for entry and exit. This is not accurate as the DataTime module especially when run time of the program goes beyond one hour.
- 3. I planned to use an ultrasonic sensor to detect the presence of vehicle. But due to the unavailability, I am just using the key press of the button 'r' on the keyboard to start the detection and recognition algorithm.
- 4. I was planning to use a Servo motor to mimic the opening and closing of gate at entry and exit but due to limited time I have skipped that part.

ACHIEVED GOALS

- 1. Deployment of LPR algorithm in Raspberry Pi.
- 2. Implementation of detection and recognition of simple number plates.

- 3. Accessing Database using two different drivers python, node.js.
- 4. Deployment of node server in AWS.
- 5. Development of UI for displaying parking lot information.

Works Cited

- 1. https://ejs.co/
- 2. https://www.mongodb.com/languages/python
- 3. https://www.mongodb.com/docs/drivers/node/current/quick-start/connect-to-mongodb/
- 4. https://www.w3schools.com/
- 5. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=O5kh3sTVSvA&list=WL&index=4
- 6. https://youtu.be/0uaSi8v5CHQ?si=qqC_NH3DNHsixA0U
- 7. https://github.com/Maleehak/Car-number-plate-recognition-using-OpenCV

FEEDBACK

How have the readings and workshops in class influenced your work?

From the workshops in class, I learnt the fundamental concepts of Internet of Things, node server and hosting node server in AWS. The assignment and workshops in class helped in developing my project with better understanding of the concepts.

Has the work in class shifted the way you envision your research goals?

This is the first time I started working on IoT and cloud services like AWS. The classes provided me a clear understanding of the concepts which I was able to use in my project with some additional references available online. The classes have enriched my knowledge on the working of node server and provided me hands on experience in the same topic. Clearly, my goals are shifted increasing the scope of my project by adding more functionalities based on what I learnt in class.

What are your plans for your future research?

- 1. Make the UI responsive.
- 2. Incorporate money transfer API.
- 3. Add an Ultrasonic sensor to the system for detecting the presence of a vehicle.
- 4. Implement free parking space detection algorithm using Machine Learning model.