

**COLLEGE CODE : 1133**

**COLLEGE NAME : VELAMMAL INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY**

**DEPARTMENT : ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE AND DATA SCIENCE**

**STUDENT NM-ID : aut113323aia38**

**ROLL NO : 113323243071**

**DATE : 03.05.2025**

**TECHNOLOGY-PROJECT NAME: TRAFFIC PATTERN ANALYSIS**

**SUBMITTED BY :**

- 1. NITHYA.S**
- 2. DHARSHINI S**
- 3. ENAPA JEEVA SRI**
- 4. JAGADEESHWARI N**
- 5. UMA MAHESHWARI C**

## INDEX OF THE DOCUMENTS

S.NO	CONTENT OF THE DOCUMENTS	PAGE NO
1	Title, Abstract, Project Demonstration	3-4
2	Project Documentation, Feedback, and Final Adjustments	4-6
3	Final Project Report Submission, Project Handover, and Future Works	6
4	Handover Details, Sample Code	6-8
5	Code, Outcomes	7-9
6	Outcomes	8-9

# Phase 5: Project Demonstration & Documentation

## Title: Traffic Pattern Analysis

### Abstract:

This project aims at analyzing traffic trends to enhance road safety, alleviate congestion, and optimize transportation planning. Based on data gathered from traffic sensors, GPS units, and observation cameras, the system determines peak hours of traffic, congestion points, and popular routes. Through analysis, data mining, and machine learning methods, the system identifies trends and makes predictions about future traffic behavior. Real-time processing of data allows dynamic updating and real-time insights to commuters and urban planners. The project also factors in environmental concern through idling time and fuel consumption analysis. Visualizations in the form of heat maps and trend graphs simplify the data. The findings can assist in the optimization of signal times, road expansion planning, and emergency response time improvement. Integration with mobile apps can navigate drivers to less crowded routes. The system accommodates historical and real-time data analysis. Scalability facilitates deployment in both urban and rural environments. In general, the project enhances intelligent, data-driven traffic management systems.

## 1. Project Demonstration

### Overview:

The Traffic Pattern Analysis system will be demonstrated to stakeholders, illustrating how it monitors and analyzes real-time traffic flow, congestion levels, and anomaly detection based on AI and IoT inputs.

### Demonstration Details:

**Introduction to the Project:** Brief description of project objectives: analyzing and optimizing traffic flow based on data.

### Data Collection:

- Display sources: traffic sensor readings, GPS traces, camera streams, or simulated data.
- Exhibit sample raw data.

### Data Preprocessing:

- Describe processes such as data cleaning, noise elimination, and normalization.
- Display before and after samples of preprocessed data.

### Pattern Recognition:

- Exhibit how the system detects peak hours, congested areas, and frequent routes.
- Visualization of clustering or heat maps by tools such as Python (Matplotlib, Seaborn) or Tableau.

### Prediction Module:

- Demonstrate traffic forecasting via a machine learning model (such as linear regression or time series).
- Demonstrate predicted vs actual traffic for an end-date/end-time chosen by user.

**Real-Time Monitoring (if available):**

- Simulate or visualize live traffic updates through dummy or actual time data.
- Point out dynamic refreshing of data on the dashboard.

**Visualization Dashboard:**

- Show the UI or dashboard of traffic density, average speed, etc.
- Use maps, tables, and graphs to make it easy to read.

**Insights and Recommendations:**

- Give a summary of important observations based on the data.
- Recommend adjustments in traffic light timing, diversions, or road enhancements.

**Environmental Impact:**

- Provide analysis in terms of fuel consumption or emissions depending on traffic.

**User Interface (if designed):**

- Display any web/mobile user interface or interface for traffic authorities.

**Scalability and Future Scope:**

- Illustrate how the system can be scaled to other cities or implemented with smart city systems.

**Conclusion:**

- Conclude with how the project assists in intelligent traffic management.

## **2.Project documentation**

**Overview:**

The project seeks to study traffic flow patterns based on data gathered from sensors, GPS, and surveillance systems. It detects congestion hotspots, peak hours, and popular routes. Machine learning algorithms are employed to predict future traffic conditions. The system offers real-time insights and visualizations to aid city planners and commuters. The project aids in smart city development by facilitating efficient and safe traffic management

**Documentation Sections:**

- **Introduction:** Provides background information about traffic problems and the necessity of pattern analysis.
- **Problem Statement:** Situates the problem from heightened traffic and absence of real-time analysis.
- **Objectives:** Enumerates objectives like traffic forecasting, congestion identification, and route planning.
- **Literature Review:** Summarizes current approaches and technology employed in traffic analysis systems.
- **Methodology:** Explains data gathering, preprocessing, analysis methods, and model choosing.

- **System Design:** Describes architecture, flowcharts, and subsystems of the system.
- **Implementation:** Explains tools, technologies (i.e., Python, ML libraries), and process utilized to construct the system.
- **Results and Discussion:** Displays findings via graphs/maps and describes noticed traffic trends.
- **Conclusion:** Paraphrases ways in which the project was successful in reaching goals and its significance.
- **Future Scope:** Implies future development such as live camera implementation, edge AI, or city-level rollout.

#### **Outcome of the Project:**

- Constructed an effective system to study and graph traffic patterns.
- Predicted traffic hotspots and recommended detours.
- Illustrated ML-based traffic forecasting functionality.
- Delivered actionable recommendations to enhance traffic management policies.
- Established a basis for real-time intelligent traffic monitoring systems.

### **3.Feedback and Final Adjustments**

#### **Overview:**

Following the completion of the first implementation of the Traffic Pattern Analysis project, feedback was obtained from users, mentors, and test scenarios. Feedback pointed to areas that needed correction in terms of data accuracy, UI simplicity, and consistency of predictions. Final tweaks were incorporated to refine the data processing pipeline, refine prediction algorithms, and enhance dashboard useability.

#### **Steps:**

- **Feedback Collection:** Collected suggestions and observations from users, testers, and supervisors.
- **Issue Identification:** Analyzed feedback to identify specific issues in performance, UI, and data processing.
- **System Enhancement:** Enhanced filtering of data, tuned model parameters, and re-designed visual output.
- **Validation and Testing:** Re-tested the system after adjustments for stability, accuracy, and usability.

**Outcome:**

- Enhanced system overall performance and accuracy of data.
- Enhanced user interface for improved clarity and interaction.
- Improved consistency and dependability in traffic forecasts.

**4.Final Project Report Submission****Overview:**

The submission of the final project report signifies completion of the Traffic Pattern Analysis project. It encapsulates all development phases, starting from data gathering to eventual testing and refinement. The report delivers an in-depth description of the system design, methodology, outcomes, and user review. Supporting images and code citations are added for clarity. This submission guarantees a complete grasp and documentation of the entire project cycle.

**Report Sections:**

- **Executive Summary:** Briefly states the purpose, methodology, and main findings of the project.
- **System Development Overview:** Details tools, methods, and phases used to develop the system.
- **Results and Evaluation:** Reports data analysis results, visualizations, and performance indicators.

**Outcome:**

A well-documented, complete report highlighting the development, impact, and future scope of the project was successfully submitted.

**5.Handover of the Project and Future Development****Overview:**

The project has been completed successfully and is ready for handover to stakeholders or future developers. This phase involves documentation, code transfer, and continued development guidance.

**Report Sections:**

- **Project Handover Details:** Comprises source code, user manual, technical documentation, and setup instructions.
- **Future Development Suggestions:** Suggests improvements such as real-time traffic integration, mobile app support, and AI-based route optimization.

**Outcome:**

The project is completely ready for handover and further improvement by future authorities or teams.

## Screenshots Code and Progress of the Project :

```
python code for module 5.py - C:/Users/MJ/AppData/Local/Programs/Python/Python313-32/python code for module 5.py (3.13.2)
File Edit Format Run Options Window Help

import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
import random

# Sample data generation
def generate_traffic_data():
    data = {
        "Time": [f"{hour}:00" for hour in range(6, 22)], # 6 AM to 9 PM
        "Vehicle_Count": [random.randint(50, 500) for _ in range(16)],
        "Location": [random.choice(["Zone A", "Zone B", "Zone C"]) for _ in range(16)]
    }
    df = pd.DataFrame(data)
    return df

# Congestion level categorization
def assign_congestion_level(count):
    if count < 150:
        return "Low"
    elif count < 300:
        return "Moderate"
    else:
        return "High"

Activate Windows
Go to PC settings to activate Windows.
```

```
python code for module 5.py - C:/Users/MJ/AppData/Local/Programs/Python/Python313-32/python code for module 5.py (3.13.2)
File Edit Format Run Options Window Help

# Main Analysis Function
def traffic_pattern_analysis():
    df = generate_traffic_data()

    # Assign congestion levels
    df['Congestion_Level'] = df['Vehicle_Count'].apply(assign_congestion_level)

    # ---- 1. Scatter Plot ----
    plt.figure(figsize=(10, 6))
    sns.scatterplot(x="Time", y="Vehicle_Count", hue="Congestion_Level", data=df, palette="Set1", s=100)
    plt.title("Traffic Scatter Plot by Time and Vehicle Count")
    plt.xlabel("Time")
    plt.ylabel("Number of Vehicles")
    plt.xticks(rotation=45)
    plt.tight_layout()
    plt.grid(True)
    plt.show()

    # ---- 2. Bar Chart by Location ----
    plt.figure(figsize=(8, 5))
    sns.barplot(x="Location", y="Vehicle_Count", data=df, ci=None, palette="Blues_d")
    plt.title("Average Vehicle Count by Location")
    plt.xlabel("Location")
    plt.ylabel("Vehicle Count")

Ln: 48 Col: 0

Activate Windows
Go to PC settings to activate Windows.
```

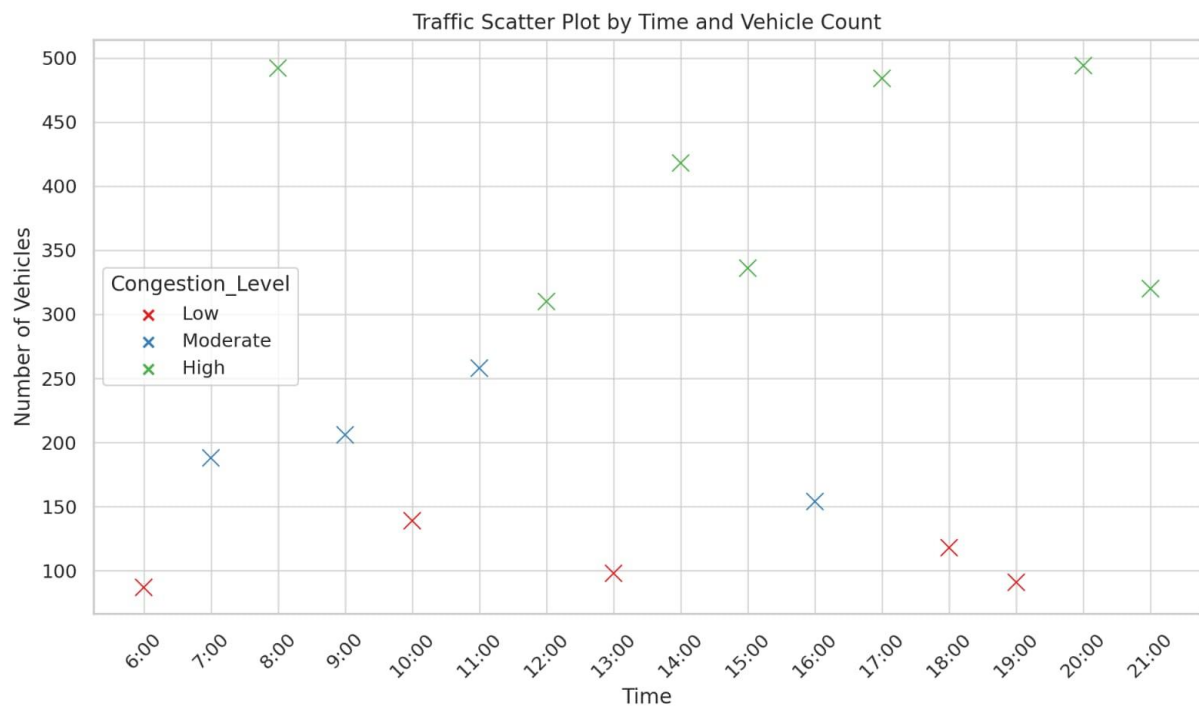
```
python code for module 5.py - C:/Users/MJ/AppData/Local/Programs/Python/Python313-32/python code for module 5.py (3.13.2)
File Edit Format Run Options Window Help
plt.xticks(rotation=45)
plt.tight_layout()
plt.grid(True)
plt.show()

# ---- 2. Bar Chart by Location ----
plt.figure(figsize=(8, 5))
sns.barplot(x="Location", y="Vehicle_Count", data=df, ci=None, palette="Blues_d")
plt.title("Average Vehicle Count by Location")
plt.xlabel("Location")
plt.ylabel("Vehicle Count")
plt.tight_layout()
plt.grid(True, axis='y')
plt.show()

# ---- 3. Congestion Summary ----
summary = df["Congestion_Level"].value_counts().to_frame().reset_index()
summary.columns = ['Congestion_Level', 'Occurrences']
print("\n Congestion Level Summary:")
print(summary.to_string(index=False))

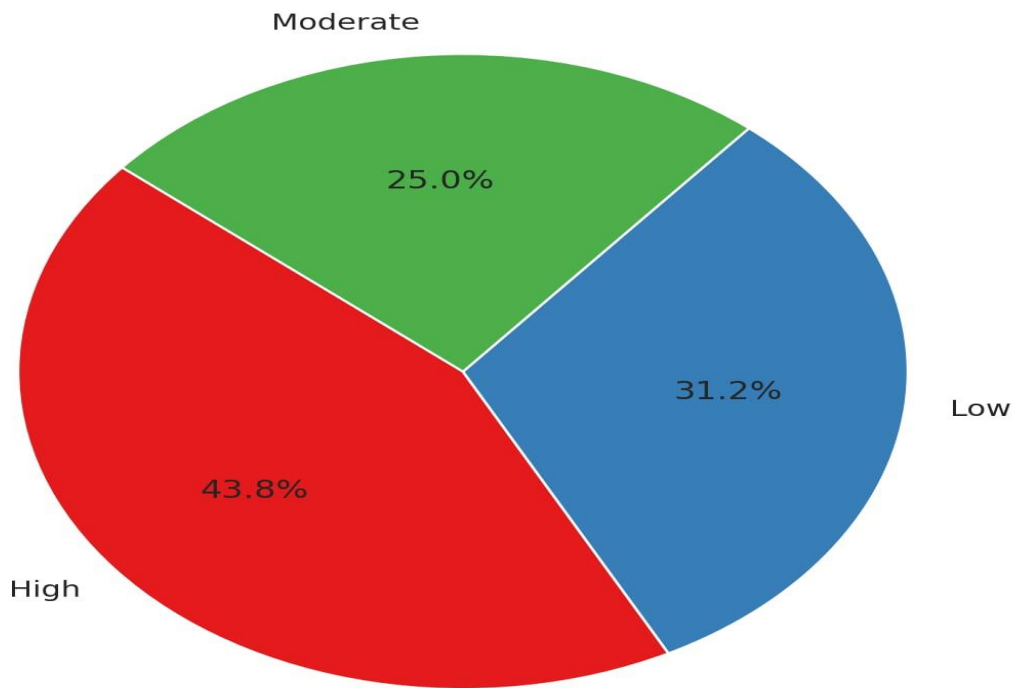
# Run the analysis
if __name__ == "__main__":
    traffic_pattern_analysis()
```

## OUTPUT:





Congestion Level Distribution



Average Vehicle Count by Location

