LAB-7

Question: 1. Leetcode exercises on find the Kth largest Integer in the array

2. Program on Johnson Trotter Algorithm

1. SOURCE CODE:

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <string.h>
void bsort(char **nums, int n){
 for(int i = 0; i < n-1; i++){
   for(int j = i+1; j < n; j++){
     int x = atoi(nums[i]);
     int y = atoi(nums[j]);
     if(x > y){
        char *temp = nums[i];
        nums[i] = nums[j];
        nums[j] = temp;
     }
   }
 }
}
char* kthLargestNumber(char** nums, int numsSize, int k) {
  bsort(nums, numsSize);
  return nums[numsSize - k];
}
```

RESULT:



```
✓ Testcase  \>_ Test Result
Accepted Runtime: 0 ms
 • Case 1
            • Case 2 • Case 3
Input
  nums =
  ["3","6","7","10"]
  4
Output
  "3"
 Expected
  "3"
✓ Testcase  \>_ Test Result
 Accepted Runtime: 0 ms
   • Case 1 • Case 2 • Case 3
 Input
  nums =
   ["0","0"]
   k =
   2
 Output
  "0"
 Expected
  "0"
```

2. SOURCE CODE:

#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>

```
// Global variable to count flags (not necessary, but keeping it as per
original)
int flag = 0;
// Function to swap two integers
void swap(int *a, int *b)
{
  int t = *a;
  *a = *b;
  *b = t;
}
// Function to find the mobile integer in the array
int find_Mobile(int arr[], int d[], int num)
{
  int mobile = 0;
  int mobile_p = 0;
  int i;
  for (i = 0; i < num; i++)
    if ((d[arr[i] - 1] == 0) \&\& (i!= 0))
      if (arr[i] > arr[i - 1] && arr[i] > mobile_p)
      {
        mobile = arr[i];
        mobile_p = mobile;
      }
      else
      {
        flag++;
      }
    else if ((d[arr[i] - 1] == 1) \&\& (i!= num - 1))
      if (arr[i] > arr[i + 1] && arr[i] > mobile_p)
      {
        mobile = arr[i];
```

```
mobile_p = mobile;
      }
      else
      {
        flag++;
      }
    }
    else
    {
      flag++;
  }
  if ((mobile_p == 0) && (mobile == 0))
    return 0;
  else
    return mobile;
}
// Function to find the position of a given integer in the array
int search(int arr[], int num, int mobile)
{
  int g;
  for (g = 0; g < num; g++)
  {
    if (arr[g] == mobile)
      return g + 1;
    else
    {
      flag++;
    }
  return -1;
}
// Function to generate permutations using Johnson Trotter algorithm
void permutations(int arr[], int d[], int num)
{
```

```
int mobile = find_Mobile(arr, d, num);
  int pos = search(arr, num, mobile);
  if (d[arr[pos - 1] - 1] == 0)
    swap(&arr[pos - 1], &arr[pos - 2]);
  else
    swap(&arr[pos - 1], &arr[pos]);
  for (int i = 0; i < num; i++)
    if (arr[i] > mobile)
      if (d[arr[i] - 1] == 0)
        d[arr[i] - 1] = 1;
      else
        d[arr[i] - 1] = 0;
   }
  }
  for (int i = 0; i < num; i++)
    printf(" %d ", arr[i]);
  }
}
// Function to calculate factorial of a number
int factorial(int k)
{
  int f = 1;
  for (int i = 1; i \le k; i++)
  {
    f = f * i;
  return f;
}
int main()
```

```
int num = 0;
  printf("Johnson trotter algorithm to find all permutations of given
numbers \n");
  printf("Enter the number\n");
  scanf("%d", &num);
  int arr[num], d[num];
  int z = factorial(num);
  printf("Total permutations = %d\n", z);
  printf("All possible permutations are: \n");
 for (int i = 0; i < num; i++)
 {
   d[i] = 0;
   arr[i] = i + 1;
   printf(" %d ", arr[i]);
  }
 printf("\n");
 for (int j = 1; j < z; j++)
 {
    permutations(arr, d, num);
   printf("\n");
  }
  return 0;
```

RESULT:

```
Johnson trotter algorithm to find all permutations of given numbers
Enter the number
123
Total permutations = 0
All possible permutations are:
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32
33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 50 51 52 53 54 55 56 57 58 59 60 61 62
63 64 65 66 67 68 69 70 71 72 73 74 75 76 77 78 79 80 81 82 83 84 85 86 87 88 89 90 91 92
93 94 95 96 97 98 99 100 101 102 103 104 105 106 107 108 109 110 111 112 113 114 115 116 117 11
8 119 120 121 122 123
Process returned 0 (0x0) execution time : 1.918 s
```

Press any key to continue.