```
QUESTION 1]
echo "Enter the numbers:"
read a
read b
echo "Enter the operation to be performed"
echo "1. Addition"
echo "2. Subtraction"
echo "3. Multiplication"
echo "4. Division"
read ch
case $ch in
1)res=$(echo" $a + $b" | bc);;
2)res=$(echo "Sa $b" | bc);;
3)res=$(echo "Sa * $b" | bc);;
4) res=$(echo "scale-2; $a/ $b" | bc);
esac
echo "Answer: $res"
         karthika@karthika-Latitude-3510:~$ nano script.sh
karthika@karthika-Latitude-3510:~$ chmod +x script.sh
karthika@karthika-Latitude-3510:~$ ./script.sh
enter two numbers :
         Enter the operation to be performed

1. Addition
```

2. Subtraction
3. Multiplication
4. Division

result:6 karthika@karthika-Latitude-3510;~\$

QUESTION 2

```
read -p "Enter the number of elements in the array: " size
# Initialize an empty array and sum variable
arr=()
total=0
# Loop to take input from the user and populate the array
echo "Enter the elements of the array:" for ((i=0; i<$size; i++))
do
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read -p "Element [$i]: " element
arr+=($element)
done
# Calculate the sum of array elements
for num in "${arr[@]}"
do
total=$((total + num))
done
# Display the sum
echo "The sum of the array elements is: $total"
```

```
result:6
karthika@karthika-Latitude-3510:-$ nano script.sh
karthika@karthika-Latitude-3510:-$ chmod +x script.sh
karthika@karthika-Latitude-3510:-$ ./script.sh
enter the number of elements in the array
enter elements of array

the sum of the array elements is:3
karthika@karthika-Latitude-3510:-$ chmod +x script.sh
karthika@karthika-Latitude-3510:-$ ./script.sh
enter the number of elements in the array
enter elements of array

4 5 6
the sum of the array elements is:18
karthika@karthika-Latitude-3510:-$
```

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Question 3
#!/bin/bash
read -p "Enter the number of elements in the array: " size
# Initialise the concatenated string variable
concatenated_string=""
# Read all elements of the array in one line
echo "Enter the elements of the array (space-separated):"
# -a allows you to read multiple elements into an array
read -a arr
# Concatenate the array elements
for str in "${arr[@]}"; do
  concatenated_string+="$str"
done
# Display the concatenated result
echo "The concatenated string is: $concatenated_string"
Question 4
count_lines() {
# Check if file exists if [ -f "$1" ]; then
# Use wc to count the number of lines
line count=(wc - l < "$1")
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echo "The file '$1' contains $line_count lines."
else
echo "Error: File '$1' does not exist."
exit 1
fi
}
# Prompt the user to enter the filename
read -p "Enter the file name: "file_name
# Call the count lines function with the file name as an argument count lines "$file name"
Question 5
Question 5
#!/bin/bash
count_lines() {
  total lines=0 # Initialize the total lines counter
  for file in "$@"; do # Loop through all provided file arguments
     if [ -f "$file" ]; then # Check if the file exists
        line_count=$(wc -l < "$file") # Count the lines in the file
        echo "The file '$file' contains $line count lines."
        total lines=$((total lines + line count)) # Add to the total
        echo "Error: The file '$file' does not exist."
     fi
  done
  return $total lines # Return the total lines count (note: this will be in the exit status)
}
# Call the function with all provided arguments
count_lines "$@"
# Capture the returned total lines count from the function
```

```
total=$? # Get the exit status (which is the total lines)
```

Display the total number of lines across all files echo "The total number of lines across all files is: \$total"

Question 6

```
#!/bin/bash
```

```
# Loop through all files and directories in the current directory for item in *; do
    if [ -d "$item" ]; then
        echo "$item is a directory."
    elif [ -f "$item" ]; then
        echo "$item is a file."
    else
        echo "$item is neither a file nor a directory."
    fi
done
```