EXPERIMENT NO 4

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AIM-To create an interactive form using form widget

THEORY-

Forms are essential components of web and mobile applications, allowing users to input and submit data. An interactive form enhances user experience by providing real-time validation, user-friendly input fields, and seamless data handling.

A **Form Widget** is a structured way to manage user input, validate data, and handle submissions efficiently. It provides an interactive interface for users to enter and modify information.

Key Features of Interactive Forms

- User Input Fields: Text fields, dropdowns, checkboxes, radio buttons, and other input elements.
- Real-time Validation: Ensures correct data format before submission.
- Error Handling: Displays messages for invalid inputs.
- Data Submission: Sends user input to a backend or local storage for further processing.
- Dynamic Updates: Auto-fills or adjusts form fields based on user selections.

Components of Form Widget

- Form Container: Wraps all input fields.
- Input Fields: Text fields, number fields, password inputs, email inputs, etc.
- Buttons: Submit and reset buttons to process or clear input.
- Validation Mechanisms: Ensures valid input before submission.

SYNTAX

```
Form(
key: formKey, // Unique key to manage form state
child: Column(
  children: [
   TextFormField(
    decoration: InputDecoration(labelText: "Enter your name"),
     validator: (value) {
      if (value == null || value.isEmpty) {
       return "This field cannot be empty";
      }
      return null;
    },
   ),
   SizedBox(height: 10),
   ElevatedButton(
   onPressed: () {
     if (formKey.currentState!.validate()) {
       // Perform form submission action
      }
     },
    child: Text("Submit"),
   ),
  ],
 ),
```

Widget Properties

1)key

- Used to uniquely identify the Form widget.
- Typically assigned a GlobalKey<FormState> to manage validation and submissions.

```
Example, final formKey = GlobalKey<FormState>();
```

```
Form(
  key: _formKey,
  child: Column(
    children: [ /* Form fields go here */ ],
  ),
);
```

2)child

• Defines the content inside the Form, usually containing form fields like TextFormField, DropdownButtonFormField, etc.

```
Example:

Form(

child: Column(

children: [

TextFormField(),

ElevatedButton(onPressed: () {}, child: Text("Submit")),

],

),

);
```

3)onchanged

- A callback function that gets triggered when any field inside the form changes.
- Can be used to update state based on form input.

```
Example:
Form(
  onChanged: () {
    print("Form data changed!");
  },
  child: TextFormField(),
);
```

CODE

```
import 'package:firebase auth/firebase auth.dart';
import 'package:flutter/material.dart';
import 'package:google sign in/google sign in.dart';
import 'package:tinder clone/screen/homescreen.dart';
class LoginWithScreen extends StatefulWidget {
 @override
  LoginWithScreenState createState() => LoginWithScreenState();
class LoginWithScreenState extends State<LoginWithScreen> {
 final FirebaseAuth auth = FirebaseAuth.instance;
  Future<UserCredential?> signInWithGoogle() async {
      final GoogleSignInAccount? googleUser = await
GoogleSignIn().signIn();
      final GoogleSignInAuthentication googleAuth =
          await googleUser!.authentication;
      final AuthCredential credential =
GoogleAuthProvider.credential(
       accessToken: googleAuth.accessToken,
       idToken: googleAuth.idToken,
     );
     UserCredential userCredential =
          await auth.signInWithCredential(credential);
     return userCredential;
```

```
} catch (e) {
   print("Google Sign-In Error: $e");
    return null;
 }
}
void handleSignIn() async {
 UserCredential? userCredential = await signInWithGoogle();
 if (userCredential != null) {
   Navigator.pushReplacement(
     context,
     MaterialPageRoute(builder: (context) => HomeScreen()),
  }
}
@override
Widget build(BuildContext context) {
 return Scaffold(
   body: Center(
      child: ElevatedButton(
        onPressed: handleSignIn,
        child: Text("Sign in with Google"),
      ),
   ),
 );
}
```

```
import 'package:cloud_firestore/cloud_firestore.dart'
import 'package:firebase_auth/firebase_auth.dart';
import 'package:flutter/material.dart';
import 'package:google_sign_in/google_sign_in.dart';
import 'package:tinder_clone/screen/homescreen.dart';

class LoginScreen extends StatelessWidget {
  final FirebaseAuth _auth = FirebaseAuth.instance;
  final FirebaseFirestore _firestore = FirebaseFirestore.instance;

LoginScreen({super.key}); // Ensure a proper constructor

Future<void> _signInWithGoogle(BuildContext context) async {
    try {
```

```
final GoogleSignInAccount? googleUser = await
GoogleSignIn().signIn();
      if (googleUser == null) return; // User canceled login
      final GoogleSignInAuthentication googleAuth =
          await googleUser.authentication;
      final AuthCredential credential =
GoogleAuthProvider.credential(
       accessToken: googleAuth.accessToken,
       idToken: googleAuth.idToken,
     );
     UserCredential userCredential =
          await auth.signInWithCredential(credential);
     User? user = userCredential.user;
     if (user != null) {
        await firestore.collection('users').doc(user.uid).set({
          'uid': user.uid,
          'name': user.displayName ?? 'No Name',
          'email': user.email ?? 'No Email',
          'profilePic': user.photoURL ?? '',
          'age': 20, // Default age, you can update it later
          'bio': 'Add your bio here!',
          'createdAt': FieldValue.serverTimestamp(),
        }, SetOptions(merge: true));
      }
     Navigator.pushReplacement(
       context,
       MaterialPageRoute(builder: (context) => HomeScreen()),
      );
    } catch (e) {
     print("Google Sign-In Error: $e");
   }
  }
  @override
 Widget build(BuildContext context) {
   return Scaffold(
     body: Center(
        child: ElevatedButton(
          onPressed: () => signInWithGoogle(context),
```

```
child: Text("Sign in with Google"),
    ),
    );
}
```

OUTPUT

