

EXPERIMENT-2

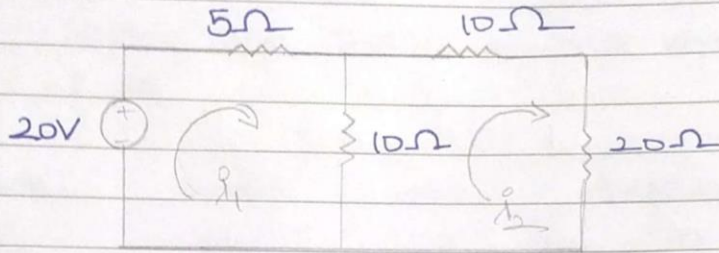
AIM:

To find the current using Mesh Analysis, Nodal Analysis, Superposition Theorem.

PROCEDURE:

MESH ANALYSIS

CIRCUIT DIAGRAM



FIND THE CURRENT FLOWING THROUGH THE CIRCUIT

MESH 1

$$20 = 5i_1 + 10(i_1 - i_2)$$

$$20 = 15i_1 - 10i_2$$

$$4 = 3i_1 - 2i_2 \quad \text{--- (1)}$$

MESH 2

$$10i_2 + 20(i_2) + 10(i_2 - i_1) = 0$$

$$40i_2 - 10i_1 = 0$$

$$i_1 = 4i_2 \quad \text{--- (2)}$$

Substitutes Eq (2) in Eq (1)

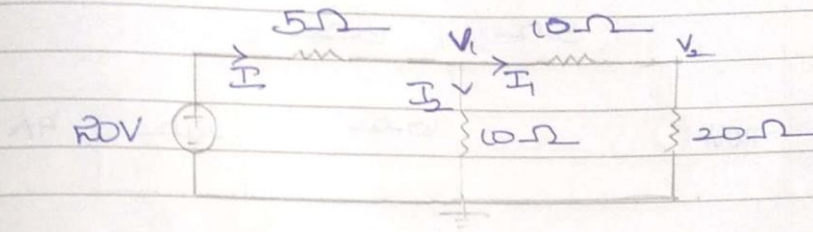
$$10i_2 = 4$$

$$i_2 = 0.4 \text{ A}$$

$$i_1 = 1.6 \text{ A}$$

NODAL ANALYSIS

CIRCUIT DIAGRAM



FIND THE CURRENT I_1 and I_2

$$I = I_1 + I_2$$

$$\frac{20 - V_1}{5} = \frac{V_1 - 0}{10} + \frac{V_1 - V_2}{10} \quad \text{--- (1)}$$

$$\frac{V_1 - V_2}{10} = \frac{V_2 - 0}{20}$$

$$\Rightarrow 2V_1 = 3V_2 \quad \text{--- (2)}$$

Substituting (2) in (1)

$$\frac{20 - V_1}{5} = \frac{V_1 - 0}{10} + \frac{V_1}{30}$$

$$20 - V_1 = \frac{4V_1}{6}$$

$$60 - 3V_1 = 2V_1$$

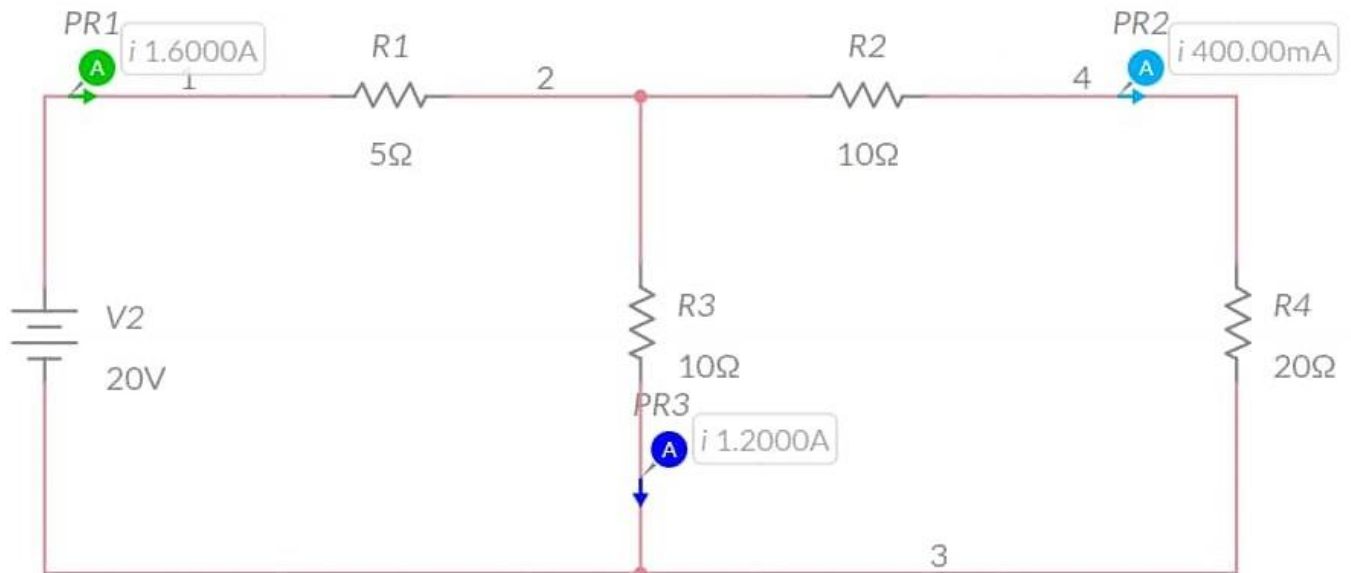
$$V_1 = 12$$

$$I = \frac{20 - V_1}{5} = \frac{20 - 12}{5} = \frac{8}{5} = 1.6A$$

$$I_1 = 1.2A$$

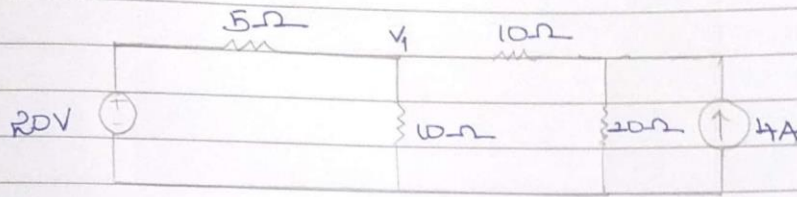
$$I_2 = I - I_1 = 0.4A$$

MULTISIM:



SUPERPOSITION THEOREM

CIRCUIT DIAGRAM



FIND THE CURRENT FLOWING THROUGH 20Ω .

CONSIDER ONLY VOLTMETER

$$V_1 - \frac{20}{5} + \frac{V_1}{10} + \frac{V_1}{30} = 0$$

$$10V_1 = 120$$

$$V_1 = 12V$$

CURRENT FLOWING THROUGH 20Ω

$$I_1 = \frac{V_1}{10+20} = 0.4A$$

CONSIDER ONLY AMMETER

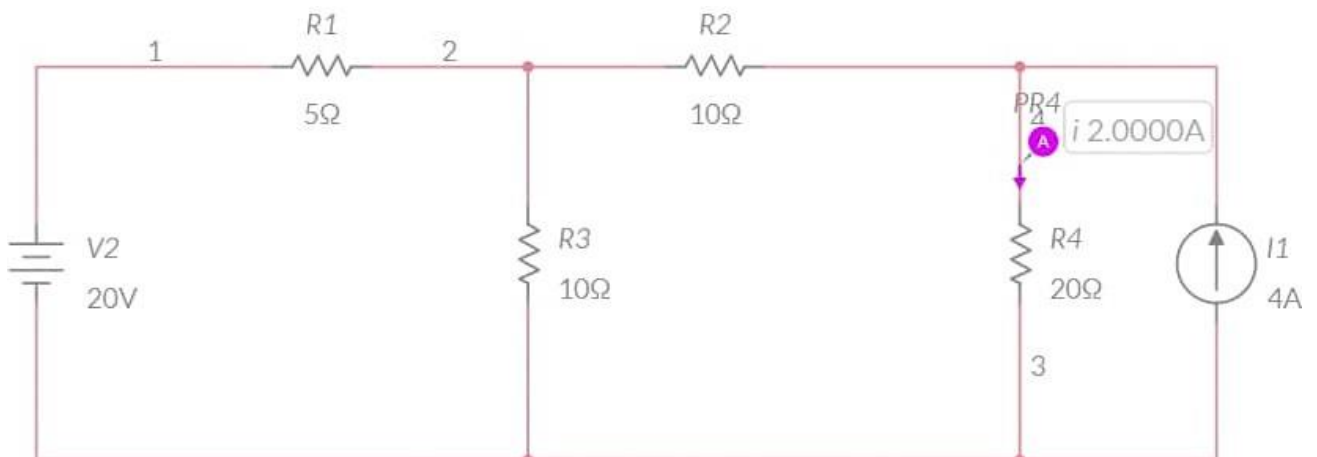
$$R_{AB} = \left(\frac{5 \times 10}{5+10} \right) + 10 = \frac{40}{3} \Omega$$

CURRENT FLOWING THROUGH 20Ω

$$I_2 = I_s \left(\frac{R_1}{R_1 + R_2} \right) = 4 \left(\frac{\frac{40}{3}}{\frac{40}{3} + 20} \right) = 1.6A$$

$$I = I_1 + I_2 = 0.4A + 1.6A = 2A$$

MULTISIM:



CONCLUSION:

The value of current we got from MULTISIM is same as the value what we got theoretically.

NAME: G R NITIN

ROLL NO: CB.EN.U4CYS21017