

FIT2102 PASS - Week 5

Lambda expressions

$\lambda x . x$

Arguments, bound variable

$\lambda x y . x$

Free variable

Operations - Alpha equivalence

$$\lambda x . x = \lambda y . y$$

Operations - Beta reduction

$$\begin{aligned} & (\lambda x . x) \textcolor{red}{y} \\ &= (\lambda x [x := \textcolor{red}{y}]. x) \\ &= \textcolor{red}{y} \end{aligned}$$

Operations - Eta conversion

$$\lambda x . M \ x = M$$

Combinators - I

$\lambda x . x$

Combinators - K

$$\lambda xy . x$$

Combinators - K & I

$$\begin{aligned} & (\lambda x y . x) (\lambda x . x) \\ &= (\lambda x [x := (\lambda x . x)] y . x) \\ &= \lambda y . (\lambda x . x) \\ &= \lambda y x . x \end{aligned}$$

Combinators - Divergent

[Tim Dwyer's Course Notes](#)

Church Encoding

TRUE = $\lambda xy . x$

FALSE = $\lambda xy . y$

IF = $\lambda btf . b \ t \ f$

AND = $\lambda xy . \text{IF } x \ y \ \text{FALSE}$

OR = $\lambda xy . \text{IF } x \ \text{TRUE } y$

NOT = $\lambda x . \text{IF } x \ \text{FALSE } \text{TRUE}$

Church Encoding - Example

1. NOT TRUE
2. OR TRUE FALSE
3. AND TRUE FALSE