



What is often the first warning sign that we are starting to get tired?



☐ We have difficulty keeping the vehicle on a straight course



☒ **We become drowsy and indifferent**



Driving when tired is not legal. As the driver, you have the responsibility of deciding whether or not you are too tired. When you are tired, your reaction time increases. This means that you do not react to risks so quickly.

☐ Our movements become slower



☐ Our neck muscles relax and we drop off





Can you get a fine because you have not scratched enough ice, or snow, from your cars windshield?



Yes



It is obviously important to have a good view. The car's windows, especially front and sides, and side mirrors, must be clean from snow and ice. Scrape, start the engine and drive away



No, as long as I myself think I can see enough through the front window, I get no fine





You are the first person to arrive at the scene of an accident where there is people injured. Which statement is correct?



- ☐ I am only obliged to do something if I have some medical training
- ☐ I stop, and help to the best of my ability. If necessary I call for help
- ☐ I do not need to do anything, since I was not involved in the accident





Which field of vision do you use when looking at something?



☐ Distance vision.



☒ **Direct vision.**



Direct vision is around 1 to 2% of the entire field of vision. The remaining 98 to 99% is thus peripheral vision. This is what detects moving things approaching from the side. To find out what is approaching you look at it with your direct vision and sometimes you need to look over your shoulder (blind spot).



☐ Peripheral vision.



☐ Near vision.





With which sense do we collect most information in traffic?



☐ Hearing



☒ Eyesight



Yes, up towards 90 % of the information comes from your eyes! You should have your eyesight checked regularly. Poor eyesight develops gradually and we may not be aware of it.

☐ Smell



☐ Feeling



☐ Taste





When are you obliged to call the police in connection with a traffic accident?



In the case of serious personal injury



If someone has been seriously hurt or died, the police will be able to discover what happened. This is why there is a rule not to move the vehicles involved. HOWEVER, if they present a danger to others, they may be moved.



When a traffic sign has been hit, even if it can be reset



When the accident has happened at night



In the case of damage to property





Is it possible to speed up the combustion of alcohol?



☐ Yes, with steady meals



☐ Yes, by drinking a lot of coffee



☐ Yes, with a lot of sleep



☒ No



Coffee, tea, sleep, saunas, etc. do not help to burn the alcohol any quicker. You should not move the vehicle for the whole of the next day.

☐ Yes, by taking a sauna





A person has been stopped in a speed trap after driving 55 kph on a road where the speed limit is 30 kph. What happens?



☐ The driver just has his/her driving licence revoked



☐ The driver just receives a fine



☒ The driver is fined and has his/her driving licence revoked



There is sure to be a school or, perhaps, a daycare centre in the area. Thus, there is a high risk of children near the road. Under the law, these areas have a very high value.





A driver has been involved in a traffic accident. What is true?



The driver only needs to leave his personal details to the others involved if he has been at fault



The driver should according to his ability help any injured persons



Everyone involved must also, on request, leave their personal information. If anyone has been injured or died, they need to call 112.



The police must be called even if no one has been injured





What does this sign mean?

☐ Foreign-registered vehicle

☐ Transport of animals

☐ Eco-labelled transport

☒ Transport of dangerous goods

These numbers tell firemen and other rescue personnel what the truck is carrying. You must state these numbers (if you can see them). However, do not get near if there has been an accident!



You are involved in a traffic accident with another vehicle. Who must fill in a notification of damage (provide information)?



☐ Only the person who caused the accident



☐ Only the person whose vehicle was damaged



☒ **Both myself and the other driver**



Everyone involved must give their personal details to each other. If anyone has been injured or died, the police must be called.





What is true concerning narcotic preparations in traffic?



Narcotics have no affect on me as a driver



If I am under the influence of narcotics I will be punished in the same way as a driver under the influence



Drugs, alcohol and certain medicines have no place in traffic. Do not drink and drive!



Only vision and hearing are affected by narcotics





Of what can you be convicted if you offer someone alcohol when you know that they will be driving?



☒ I can be convicted of aiding drunken driving



If a person is not sober, you must do what you can to stop this person from driving. Furthermore, you must not offer anyone alcohol if you know that they are then going to drive.



☐ Nothing, only the person who is driving can be convicted of drunken driving





You have driven into and damaged a parked bicycle. What rules apply?



☒ I must telephone and inform the police.



Driving into another vehicle and then driving away without informing the police (or the vehicle's owner, if known) is regarded as "fleeing the scene of a traffic accident".



☐ As I do not know who owns the bicycle, I can do nothing more than put it back.



☐ My third-party insurance covers all damage to the bicycle. Thus, I do not have to do anything.



What causes the most traffic accidents?





The driver



It is always you as a driver, that has the responsibility that nothing happens

☐

Driving in the dark



☐

Vehicle faults



☐

Driving when slippery





How many people are killed in traffic accidents in Sweden every year?



☐ Up to around 100 people



☒ Around 200-300 people



It varies from one year to next, but unfortunately the figure is around 200-300 people.

☐ Around 500 people



☐ Around 700-900 people





What is a single-vehicle accident?



☐ An accident between a motor vehicle and an unprotected road-user



☒ An accident where only one vehicle is involved



This means that even if a bus full of passengers drives off the road, it is called single accident

☐ An accident where two vehicles collide in a crossing



☐ An accident where the driver is alone in the car





You have been involved in an accident and they want to know your name and address. Are you obliged to give these details?



☐ Yes, but only if I have caused the accident



☒ **Yes, always**



Everyone involved must give their personal details to each other. If anyone has been injured or died, the police must be called.

☐ Yes, but only to the police





For which of these traffic offences is a driving licence normally cancelled?



☐ Overtaking another vehicle at a controlled pedestrian crossing.



☒ **Fleeing the scene of a traffic accident.**



Driving into another vehicle and then driving away without informing the police (or the vehicle's owner, if known) is regarded as "fleeing the scene of a traffic accident".

☐ Driving over a solid line.





What is the main reason for accidents involving one vehicle only?



☐ Icy roads



☐ Poor tyres



☒ **The driver**



As a driver, you have total responsibility for how you drive. You cannot blame slippery conditions or the car having poor brakes or tyres.

☐ Poor visibility





What are the long-term goals of the "Zero Vision"?



The number of accidents must be reduced by 10 per cent per year



There should be no road accidents at all



The number of road accident fatalities should not be more than 400 till 500 per year



Nobody should be killed or seriously injured on the roads



Completely avoiding traffic accidents can be difficult. However, with everyone's help, getting there is easier.





How are drivers affected by stress?



☐ All forms of stress have an adverse effect on driving ability



☐ Stress does not affect driving ability



☒ A high level of stress can have an adverse effect on scanning and driving abilities



People who drive under great stress are more likely to take risks.



You are driving on a country road that has a speed limit of 80 kph. Your vehicle gives you a low oil pressure warning. As you know this can damage the engine, so you choose to stop at the roadside. Must you put out a warning triangle?



☐ No, I only have to put it out if I have to stop on a motorway.



☐ Yes, the warning triangle must be put out no matter what road I am on



☒ **Yes, I must do this on all roads with a speed limit above 50 kph.**



On roads with a speed limit of 60 kph or higher, you must put out a warning triangle if you are forced to stop. You must also put out a warning triangle if, for any reason, you have parked your car on a carriageway and the weather conditions (or other circumstances) make it difficult for other road users to see your vehicle in good time.



☐ No, I only have to put it out on roads with a speed limit of 50 kph or less.





How much of your field of vision is peripheral?



☐ Around 1 to 2%.



☒ **Around 98%.**



Although your peripheral vision is not focused, it enables you to detect objects moving outside your direct vision. Use this by turning your head when you notice something. You can then see what it is.

☐ Around 25%.





There are medicines that can affect the ability to drive. What is true?



I am always obliged to find out whether a medicine is unsuitable when driving



It is your responsibility to know how your medicine affects your attention and reactions. If these are impaired, you must not drive.



Pharmacists are always obliged to say if a medicine is unsuitable when driving



Doctors are always obliged to say if a medicine is unsuitable when driving





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☐ I do not need to do anything, since I was not involved in the accident



☐ I am only obliged to do something if I have some medical training



☒ **I stop, and help to the best of my ability. If necessary I call for help**



Anyone who detects or otherwise becomes aware of an accident which poses a danger to someone's life or serious danger to someone's health should, if possible, warn those at risk and if necessary, call for help. If you can, do your best to start first aid.





Whom must you contact first after a collision with a large wild animal?



☐ The person in possession of hunting rights



☒ **The police**



If you know who the landowner is you may of course contact that person too

☐ The landowner

