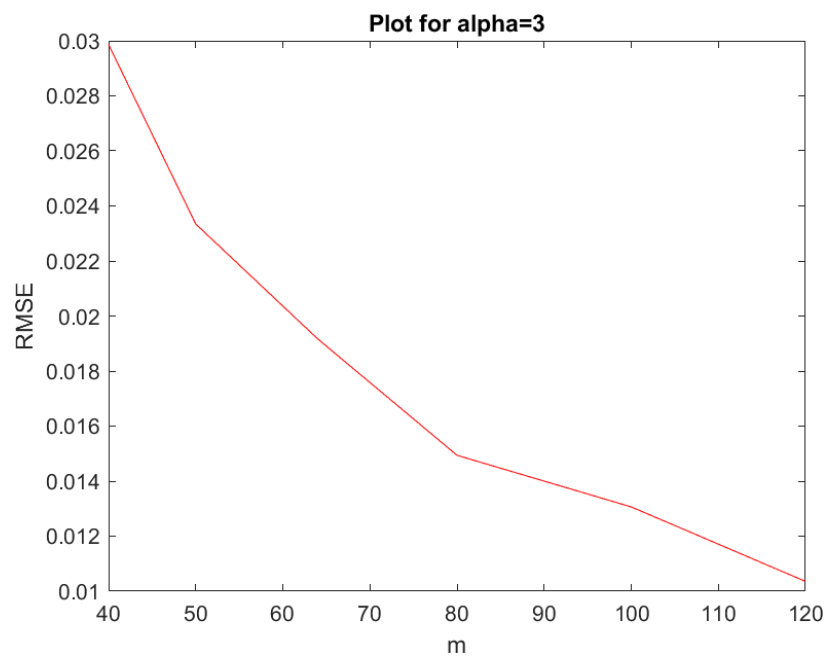
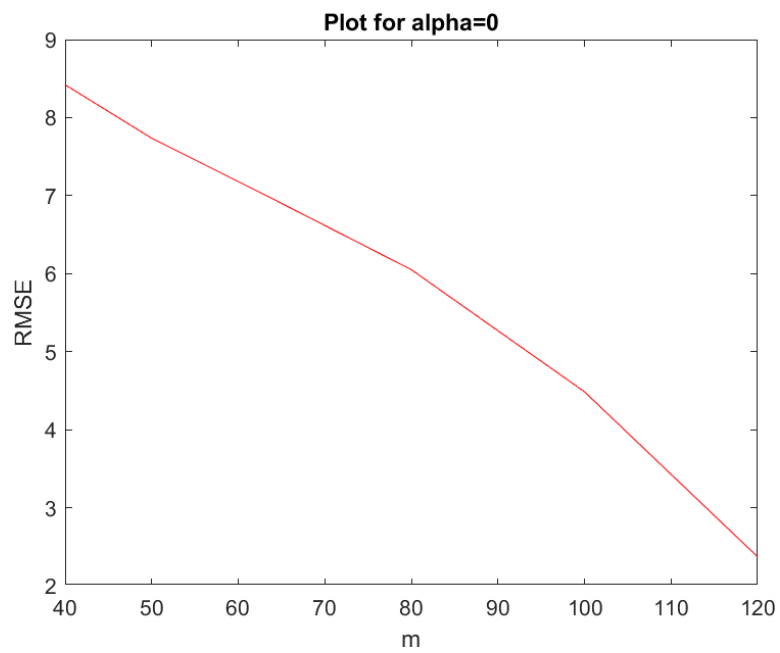


## Q2 – Report



There is an exceptionally large difference when  $\alpha$  is varied from  $\alpha = 0$  to  $\alpha = 3$  there is about a 200 – 300 times reduction in RMSE error when the value of  $\alpha$  is changed from 0 to 3.

Here the signal is not sparse but the decay of eigenvalues with increasing  $\alpha$  in the covariance matrix is equivalent to signal sparsity in the appropriate orthonormal basis which is here a matrix of i.i.d gaussian entries.