

Practical 2 :

Aim:- Solution of Cauchy problem for homogeneous Wave Equations

$$u_{tt} = c^2 u_{xx}, x \in \mathbb{R}, t > 0,$$

$$u(x, 0) = f(x), x \in \mathbb{R},$$

$$u_t(x, 0) = g(x), x \in \mathbb{R}.$$

```
In[ ]:= ClearAll;
```

```
In[ ]:= weqn = D[u[x, t], {t, 2}] == D[u[x, t], {x, 2}]
```

```
Out[ ]:= u(0,2)[x, t] == u(2,0)[x, t]
```

```
In[ ]:= ic = {u[x, 0] == f[x], Derivative[0, 1][u][x, 0] == g[x]}
```

```
Out[ ]:= {u[x, 0] == f[x], u(0,1)[x, 0] == g[x]}
```

```
In[ ]:= dsol = DSolveValue[{weqn, ic}, u[x, t], {x, t}]
```

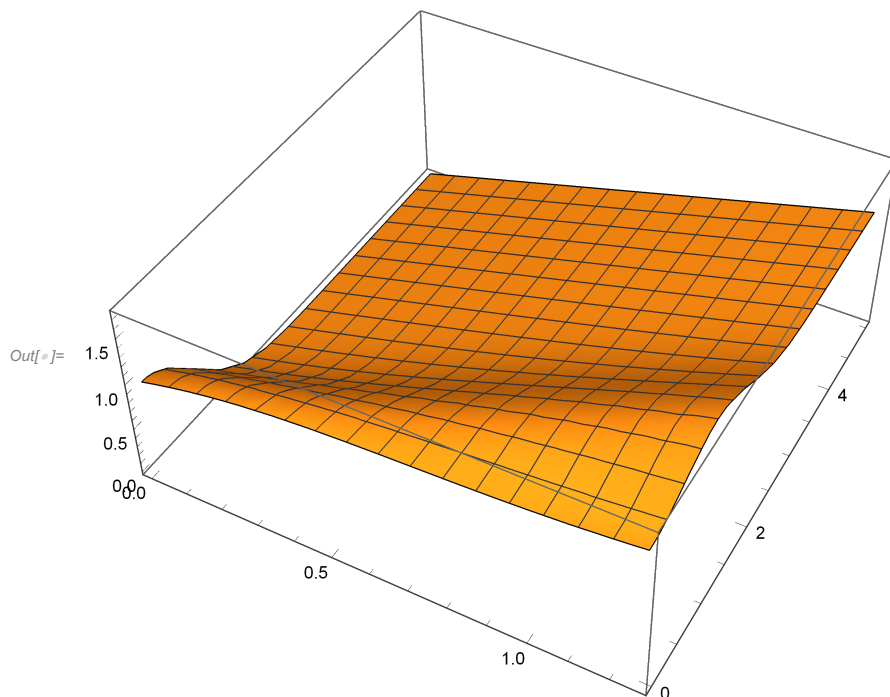
```
Out[ ]:=  $\frac{1}{2} \left( f[-t+x] + f[t+x] \right) + \frac{1}{2} \int_{-t+x}^{t+x} g[K[1]] \, dK[1]$ 
```

(* Above found solution is known as D Alembert
solution for cauchy problem for homogeneous Wave Equation. *)

```
In[ ]:= dsol /. {f[x_] -> Exp[-x^2], g[x_] -> 1}
```

```
Out[ ]:=  $\frac{1}{2} \left( e^{-(-t+x)^2} + e^{-(t+x)^2} \right) + t$ 
```

```
In[8]:= Plot3D[ $\frac{1}{2} \left( e^{-(-t+x)^2} + e^{-(t+x)^2} \right) + t, \{t, 0, 1.25947\}, \{x, 0, 5\}]$ 
```



```
In[9]:= dsol /. {f[x_] -> Sin[x], g[x_] -> x^2}
```

```
Out[9]=  $\frac{1}{2} \left( -\frac{1}{3} (-t+x)^3 + \frac{1}{3} (t+x)^3 \right) + \frac{1}{2} (-\sin[t-x] + \sin[t+x])$ 
```

```
In[10]:= Plot3D[ $\frac{1}{2} \left( -\frac{1}{3} (-t+x)^3 + \frac{1}{3} (t+x)^3 \right) + \frac{1}{2} (-\sin[t-x] + \sin[t+x])$ ,  

 $\{t, 0, 5.28319\}, \{x, -7.28319, 5.28319\}]$ 
```

