UE18CS335 – COMPUTER NETWORK SECURITY Lab – 1 SNIFFING AND SPOOFING

Date: 31/01/2021

By:

Nitish S

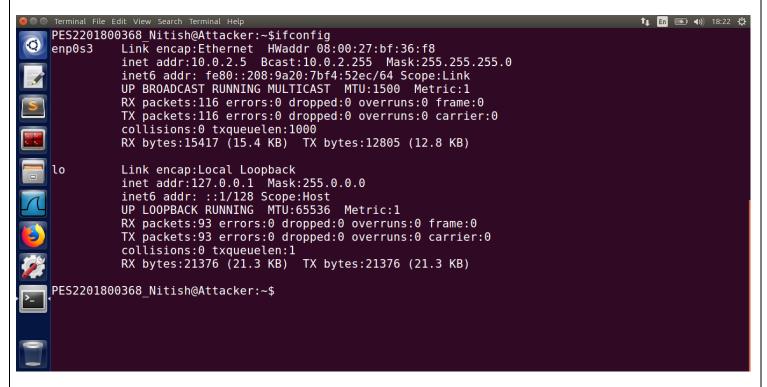
PES2201800368

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2. Using Tools to Sniff and Spoof Packets using Scapy

Command: sudo apt-get install Scapy

Attacker Machine: 10.0.2.5



Victim Machine: 10.0.2.6

```
1 En ■ 1) 18:18 🕸
PES2201800368_Nitish@Victim:~$ifconfig
            Link encap:Ethernet HWaddr 08:00:27:fa:1c:2d inet addr:10.0.2.6 Bcast:10.0.2.255 Mask:255.255.255.0 inet6 addr: fe80::6772:ceb6:fde1:edd5/64 Scope:Link
enp0s3
            UP BROADCAST RUNNING MULTICAST MTU:1500 Metric:1
            RX packets:131 errors:0 dropped:0 overruns:0 frame:0
            TX packets:169 errors:0 dropped:0 overruns:0 carrier:0
            collisions:0 txqueuelen:1000
            RX bytes:67357 (67.3 KB) TX bytes:17791 (17.7 KB)
            Link encap:Local Loopback
            inet addr:127.0.0.1 Mask:255.0.0.0
           inet6 addr: ::1/128 Scope:Host
UP LOOPBACK RUNNING MTU:65536 Metric:1
            RX packets:115 errors:0 dropped:0 overruns:0 frame:0
            TX packets:115 errors:0 dropped:0 overruns:0 carrier:0
            collisions:0 txqueuelen:1
            RX bytes:32462 (32.4 KB) TX bytes:32462 (32.4 KB)
PES2201800368 Nitish@Victim:~$
```

2.1 Task 1: Sniffing Packets

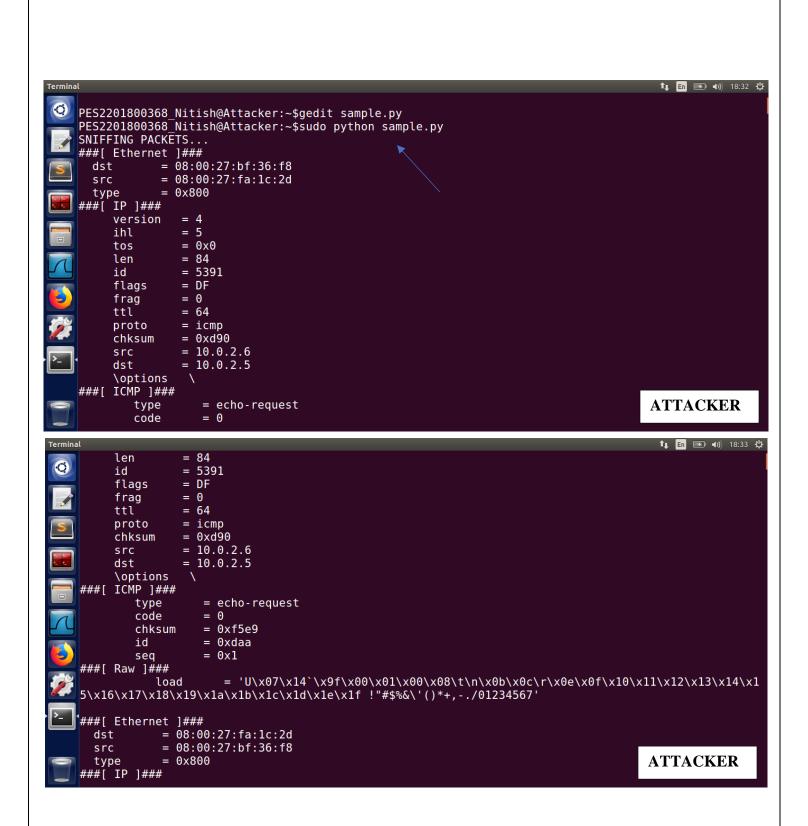
2.1.1 Task 1.1 Sniff IP packets using Scapy

Command: sudo python sample.py



Explain on which VM you ran this command and why? Provide a screenshot of your observations.

Ans: - The above command has to be run on attacker side (10.0.2.5) because we are trying to sniff packets from victim on attacker.



Command: python sample.py

```
PES2201800368_Nitish@Attacker:~$python sample.py

SNIFFING PACKETS...

Traceback (most recent call last):

File "sample.py", line 6, in <module>
    pkt=sniff(filter='icmp',prn=print_pkt)

File "/home/seed/.local/lib/python2.7/site-packages/scapy/sendrecv.py", line 731, in sniff
    *arg, **karg)] = iface

File "/home/seed/.local/lib/python2.7/site-packages/scapy/arch/linux.py", line 567, in __init__
    self.ins = socket.socket(socket.AF_PACKET, socket.SOCK_RAW, socket.htons(type))

File "/usr/lib/python2.7/socket.py", line 191, in __init__
    _sock = _realsocket(family, type, proto)

socket.error: [Errno 1] Operation not permitted

PES2201800368_Nitish@Attacker:~$

ATTACKER
```

Now, we run the same program without root privileges. Do you find any issues? If so, why? Provide a screenshot of your observations.

Ans: - There is an error in running the program without root privileges because root privileges are required to put the network adapter in promiscuous mode, without which the sniffer program will not run.

2.1.2 Task 1.2 Capturing ICMP, TCP packet and Subnet

2.1.2.1 Capture only the ICMP packet



Command: sudo python sample.py

Open another terminal on the same VM (10.0.2.5) and ping 8.8.8.8

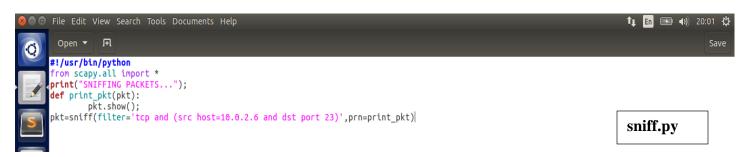
Command: ping 8.8.8.8

The ICMP packets are captured by the sniffer program. Provide a screenshot of your observations.

```
1 En ■ 1) 18:38 🔱
PES2201800368 Nitish@Attacker:~$sudo python sample.py
SNIFFING PACKETS...
###[ Ethernet ]###
            = 52:54:00:12:35:00
  dst
  src
            = 08:00:27:bf:36:f8
            = 0x800
  type
###[ IP ]###
     version
                = 4
     ihl
                = 5
                                      🔞 🖨 📵 Terminal
                = 0x0
     tos
                                      PES2201800368 Nitish@Attacker:~$ping 8.8.8.8
                = 84
     len
                                      PING 8.8.8.8 (8.8.8.8) 56(84) bytes of data.
                = 61904
     id
                                      64 bytes from 8.8.8.8: icmp_seq=1 ttl=110 time=45.7 ms
     flags
                = DF
                                      64 bytes from 8.8.8.8: icmp_seq=2 ttl=110 time=45.1 ms
                = 0
     frag
                                      64 bytes from 8.8.8.8: icmp_seq=3 ttl=110 time=53.7 64 bytes from 8.8.8.8: icmp_seq=4 ttl=110 time=31.8
                = 64
     ttl
     proto
                = icmp
                                      64 bytes from 8.8.8.8: icmp_seq=5 ttl=110 time=57.6
     chksum
                = 0x2cc4
                                      64 bytes from 8.8.8.8: icmp seq=7 ttl=110 time=61.9
                = 10.0.2.5
     src
                                      64 bytes from 8.8.8.8: icmp seq=8 ttl=110 time=46.6
                = 8.8.8.8
     dst
                                      64 bytes from 8.8.8.8: icmp_seq=9 ttl=110 time=55.2 ms
     \options
                                      64 bytes from 8.8.8.8: icmp_seq=10 ttl=110 time=43.9 ms
     ICMP ]###
                                      64 bytes from 8.8.8.8: icmp_seq=11 ttl=110 time=34.3
         type
                   = echo-request
                                      64 bytes from 8.8.8.8: icmp_seq=13 ttl=110
                                                                                    time=1477
        code
                   = 0
                                      64 bytes from 8.8.8.8: icmp seq=14 ttl=110 time=1196 ms
        chksum
                   = 0x8b7
                                      64 bytes from 8.8.8.8: icmp seq=15 ttl=110 time=1460 ms
        id
                   = 0xd67
                                         bytes from 8.8.8.8: icmp seq=16 ttl=110 time=1356 ms
```

2.1.2.2 Capture any TCP packet that comes from a particular IP and with a destination port number 23

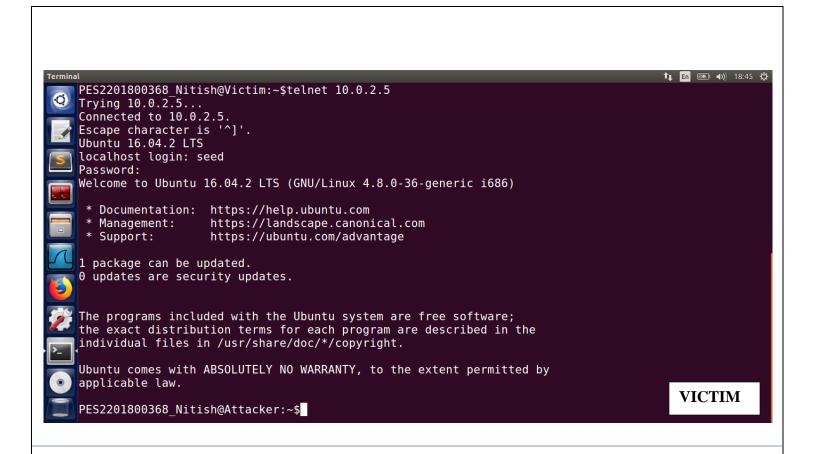
The below code sniffs the TCP traffic from a specific host (10.0.2.6) to port 23.



Command: telnet 10.0.2.5

Explain where you will run Telnet. Provide screenshots of your observations.

Ans: - The above command has to be run at other machines except 10.0.2.5, as we are trying to connect to 10.0.2.5. It makes no sense to run it on the same machine. Hence, we run the command on the victim machine here i.e. 10.0.2.6



2.1.2.2.1 iii) Capture packets comes from or to go to a particular subnet

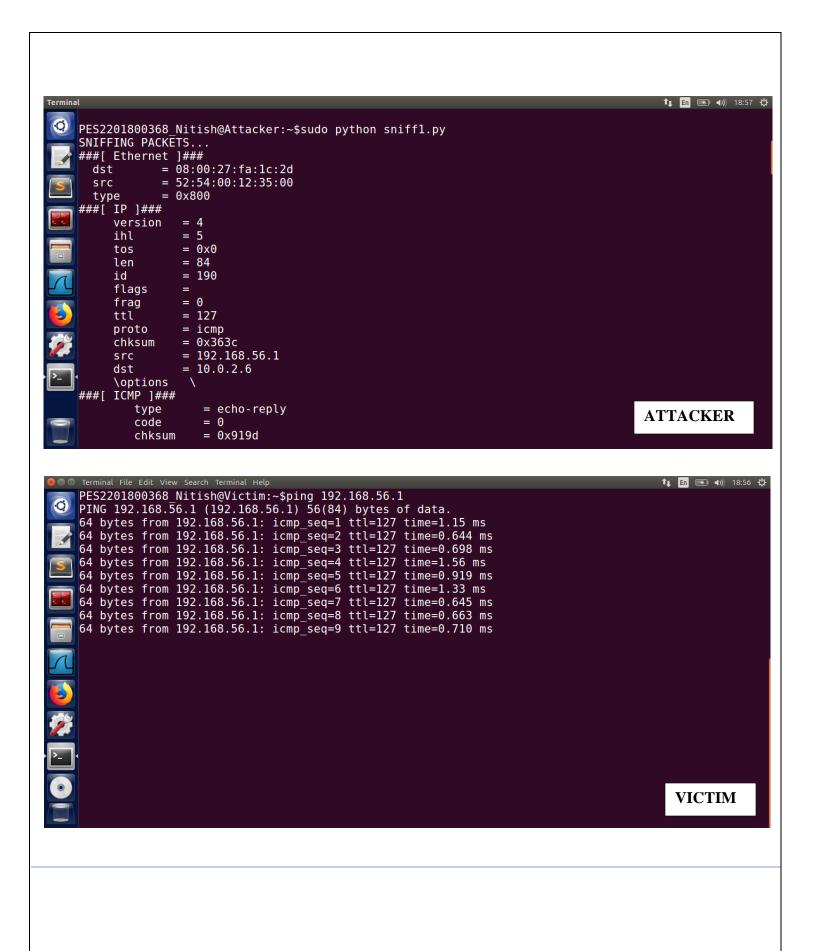


Command: ping 192.168.56.1

Provide a screenshot of your observations.

Command: sudo python sniff1.py

Provide a screenshot of your observations



2.1.3 Task 2: Spoofing

VM1 Attacker Machine: 10.0.2.9 VM2 Victim Machine: 10.0.2.10

Command: sudo python spoof.py

Provide a screenshot of your observations.

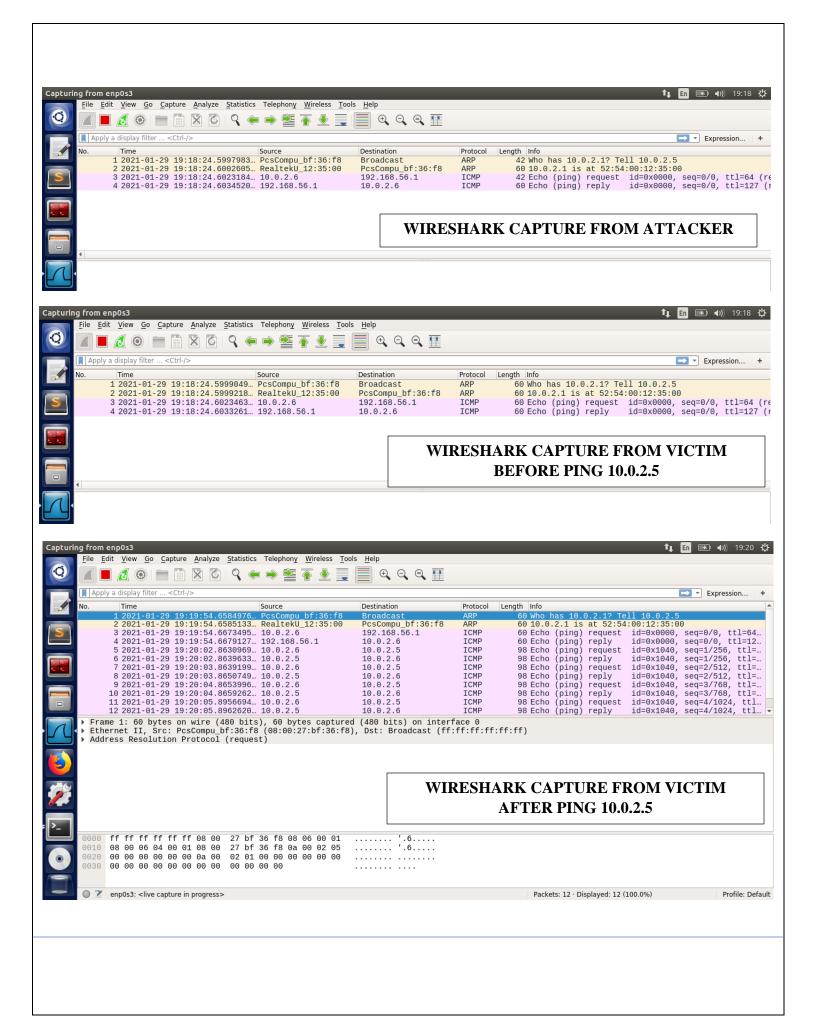
Show from Wireshark capture that the live machine sends back an ICMP response.

Command: ping 10.0.2.5

Open Wireshark and observe the ICMP packets as they are being captured.

Provide screenshots of your observations.

```
1 En 🕟 1) 19:07 🖔
PES2201800368 Nitish@Attacker:~$sudo python spoof.py
SENDING SPOOFED ICMP PACKETS...
###[ IP ]###
 version
 ihl
            = None
  tos
            = 0x0
            = None
  len
            = 1
 id
  flags
  frag
            = 0
  ttl
            = 64
            = icmp
 proto
 chksum
            = None
            = 10.0.2.6
 src
 dst
            = 192.168.56.1
  \options
 ##[ ICMP ]###
               = echo-request
     type
     code
               = 0
               = None
     chksum
               = 0 \times 0
     id
     seq
               = 0x0
                                                                                      ATTACKER
PES2201800368_Nitish@Attacker:~$
```



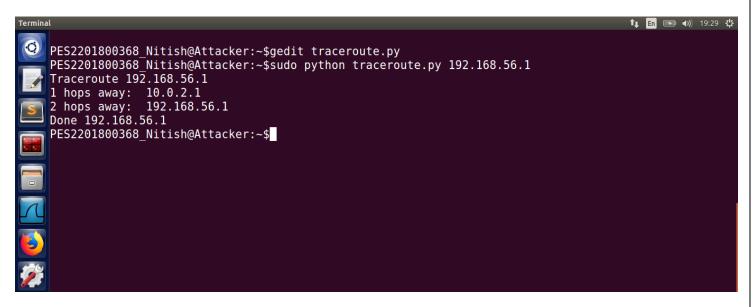
2.1.4 Task 3: Traceroute

```
File Edit View Search Tools Documents Help
                                                                                                                                             Open ▼ 🗐
 rom scapy.all import *
               raceroute.py "hostname or ip address"'''
host=sys.argv[1];
print("Traceroute "+host)
while 1:
        IPLayer=IP()
         IPLayer.dst=host
        IPLayer.ttl=ttl
ICMPpkt=ICMP()
        pkt=IPLayer/ICMPpkt
         replypkt=sr1(pkt,verbose=0)
        if replypkt is None:
                  break
        elif replypkt[ICMP].type==0:
    print "%d hops away: "%ttl,replypkt[IP].src
    print "Done",replypkt[IP].src
                  break
                                                                                                                                        traceroute.py
        else:
                  print "%d hops away: "%ttl,replypkt[IP].src
```

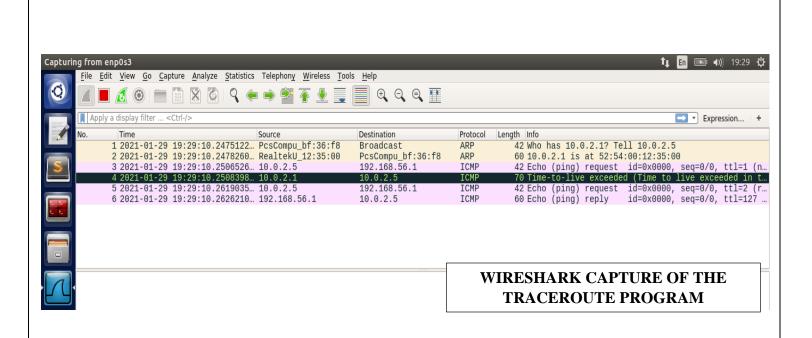
Command:

sudo python traceroute.py 192.168.56.1

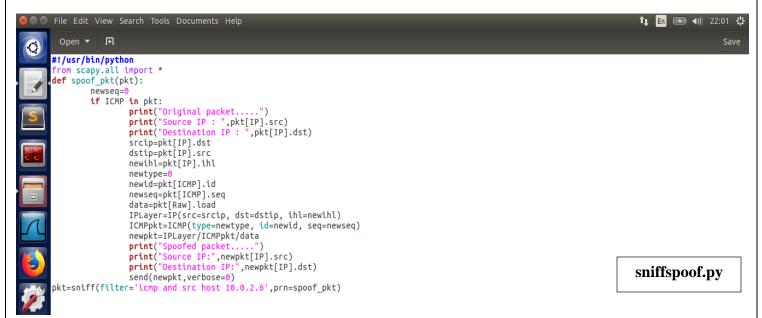
On running the above python code, provide a screenshot of the response.



Provide a screenshot of the Wireshark capture that shows the ICMP requests sent with increasing TTL and the error response from the routers with a message as "Time to live exceeded".



2.1.5 Task 4: Sniffing and-then Spoofing



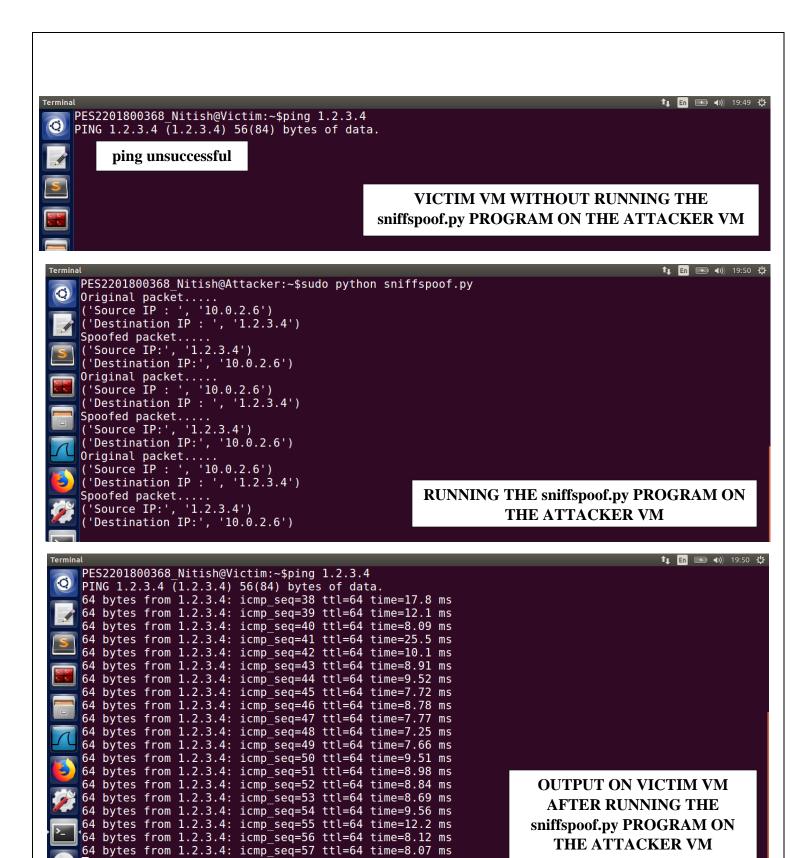
Command: ping 1.2.3.4

Provide a screenshot of your observations.

Open another terminal in the same VM and execute the following command

Command: sudo python sniffspoof.py

Provide a screenshot of your observations.



* On running above code, we see that our spoofer program sends spoofed ICMP responses to the ICMP requests set by the victim machine. The victim machine pings a non-existing IP address, but gets back ICMP response.