Roll No. .....

## (d) There are no sequence numbers in frame relay 67144

## MCA 3rd Semester Current Scheme (with new notes)

## Examination - December, 2016 DATA COMMUNICATION & COMPUTER NETWORK

Paper: MCA-304

Time: Three Hours ] [Maximum Marks: 40

Before answering the questions, candidates should ensure that they have been supplied the correct and complete question paper. No complaint in this regard, will be entertained after examination.

- Answer five questions in all. Question No. 1 is Note: compulsory. Attempt four questions by selecting one question from each Unit. All questions carry equal marks.
  - 1. (a) What are the three criteria necessary for an effective and efficient network?
    - (b) What are the advantage and disadvantage of parallel transmission?

- (c) What is the purpose of the EA bit in the address field?
- (d) There are no sequence numbers in frame relay. Why?
- (e) Compute the baud rate for a 72,000 bps 64-QA M signal.
- (f) What is difference between baseband and broadband?
- (g) A signal has been received that only has values of -1, 0, and 1. Is this an analog or digital signal?
- (h) How does a router differ from a bridge?  $2 \times 8 = 16$

## UNIT - I

- 2. (a) What is the wavelength of a signal and how is it calculated?
  - (b) What is the purpose of cladding in an optical fiber?

    Discuss its density relative to the core.
  - (c) What kind of arithmetic is used to add segment in the checksum generator and checksum checker? 6
- 3. (a) In a fiber-optic cable, does the light energy from the source equal the light energy recovered at the destination? Discuss this in term of the propagation mode.

(b)	What are the two types of TDM implementations and how do they differ from each other? 5		
(c)	How is CRC superior to LRC?		
UNIT - II			
(a)	What is the difference between a central and a secondary hub? What is the difference between a passive and an active hub? How do these categories interrelate?		
(b)	How are flow and error control handled by X25? Are all the layers involved?		
(a)	What is the frame layer phased involved in the communication between a DTE and DCE? Which frame types are associated with each phase? 8		
	What are the four categories of messages in the network layer?		
	UNIT – III		
(a)	How can a receiver distinguish between the end of a frame and the end of a message in a multiframe BSC transmission?		
(b)	Why should there be fewer collisions on a switched. Ethernet networks compared to a traditional Ethernet?		

	(c)	How does the frame layer address field diffe	
		from the HDLC address field?	
4	. (a)	Why are services such as DQDB and SMDS used in MANs?	
1	(b)	What are the advantages of implementing DQDE in a ring configuration?	
	(c)	What type of transmission media are used in LANs?	
UNIT – IV			
8.	(a)	How can the BECN bit inform the sender of congestion in the network?	
	(b)	Describe the steps required for data communication for a connection-oriented protocol.	
8	(c)	What is the purpose of subnetting? How is masking related to subnetting.	
9.	(a)	What are the purpose of ARP, RARP, ICMP and IGMP?	
		What is the limiting factor in a crossbar switch?  How does a multistage switch alleviate the problem?	

switched. Etherne

at West (E-9) of STARAT TO