SYBSC (IT)	DATA STRUCTURES	SEM-3
	DATA STRUCTURES	
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### PRACTIAL NO.1 (A)

**AIM:** Write a program to store the element in 1-d array and perform the operation **REVERSING** the elements.

```
#include<iostream.h>
#include<conio.h>
void main()
  clrscr();
  int arr[20], size, i, j, temp;
  cout<<"Enter array size:";</pre>
  cin>>size;
  cout<<"Enter array elements:";</pre>
  for(i=0;i<size;i++)
      cin>>arr[i];
  j=i-1;
  i=0;
  while(i<j)
   {
      temp=arr[i];
      arr[i]=arr[j];
      arr[j]=temp;
      i++;
      j--;
  cout<<"Reverse of an array is:\n";</pre>
  for(i=0;i<size;i++)
  cout << arr[i] << "\n";
  getch();
}
```

```
Enter array size:5
Enter array elements:1
2
3
4
5
Reverse of an array is:
5
4
3
2
1
```

#### PRACTIAL NO.1 (B)

**AIM:** Write a program to store the elements in 1-d array and perform the operation **LINEAR SEARCHING** of the elements.

```
#include<iostream.h>
#include<conio.h>
void main()
  clrscr();
  int arr[10],i,num,n,c=0,pos;
  cout<<"Enter array size:";</pre>
  cin>>n;
  cout<<"Enter array elements:";</pre>
  for(i=0;i<n;i++)
      cin>>arr[i];
  cout<<"Enter the number to be search:";</pre>
  cin>>num;
  for(i=0;i<n;i++)
      if(arr[i]==num)
         c=1;
         pos=i+1;
         break;
  if(c==0)
      cout<<"Number not found!";</pre>
  else
```

```
cout<<num<<"\n Found at position "<<pos;
}
getch();
}</pre>
```

```
Enter array size:6
Enter array elements:12
23
34
45
56
67
Enter the number to be search:45
45 Found at position 4_
```

### PRACTIAL NO.2 (A)

**AIM:** Write a program to store the elements in 1-d array and perform the operation **SORTING IN ASCENDING ORDER**.

```
#include<iostream.h>
#include<conio.h>
void main()
  clrscr();
  int i,a[10],temp,j;
  cout<<"Enter any 5 numbers in array:";</pre>
  for(i=0;i<=4;i++)
  {
      cin>>a[i];
  cout<<"Data before sorting:";</pre>
  for(j=0;j<5;j++)
  {
      cout<<a[j]<<" ";
  for(i=0;i<=4;i++)
      for(j=0;j<=4-i;j++)
         if(a[j]>a[j+1])
         {
             temp=a[j];
             a[j]=a[j+1];
             a[j+1]=temp;
  cout<<"\nData after sorting:";</pre>
  for(j=0;j<5;j++)
```

```
cout<<a[j]<<" ";
}
getch();
}</pre>
```

```
Enter any 5 numbers in array:5
4
3
2
1
Data before sorting:5 4 3 2 1
Data after sorting:1 2 3 4 5
```

#### PRACTIAL NO.2 (B)

**AIM:** Write a program to store the elements in 1-d array and perform the operation **SORTING IN DESCENDING ORDER**.

```
#include<iostream.h>
#include<conio.h>
void main()
  clrscr();
  int i,a[10],temp,j;
  cout<<"Enter any 5 numbers in array:\n";</pre>
  for(i=0;i<=4;i++)
       cin>>a[i];
  cout<<"Data before sorting:";</pre>
  for(j=0;j<5;j++)
       cout<<a[j]<<" ";
  for(i=0;i<=4;i++)
       for(j=0;j<=4-i;j++)
          if(a[j]>a[j+1])
               temp=a[j];
               a[j]=a[j+1];
               a[j+1]=temp;
          }
  cout<<"\nData after sorting:";</pre>
  for(j=4;j>=0;j--)
       cout<<a[j]<<" ";
  getch();
```

```
Enter any 5 numbers in array:
1
2
3
4
5
Data before sorting:1 2 3 4 5
Data after sorting:5 4 3 2 1 _
```

#### PRACTIAL NO.2 (C)

<u>AIM:</u> Read the two arrays from the user and **MERGE** them and display the elements in **SORTED ORDER**.

```
#include<iostream.h>
#include<conio.h>
void main()
  clrscr();
  int arr1[10],arr2[10],size1,size2,size,i,j,k,merge[20];
  cout<<"Enter array 1 size:";</pre>
  cin>>size1;
  cout<<"Enter array 1 elements:";</pre>
  for(i=0;i<size1;i++)
      cin>>arr1[i];
  cout << "Enter array 2 size:";
  cin>>size2;
  cout<<"Enter array 2 elements:";</pre>
  for(i=0;i<size2;i++)
      cin>>arr2[i];
  for(i=0;i<size1;i++)
     merge[i]=arr1[i];
  size=size1+size2;
  for(i=0,k=size1;k<size&&i<size2;i++,k++)
       merge[k]=arr2[i];
  cout<<"The new array after merging is:\n";</pre>
  for(i=0;i<size;i++)
```

```
cout<<merge[i]<<" ";
}
getch();
}</pre>
```

```
Enter array 1 size:4
Enter array 1 elements:1
2
3
4
Enter array 2 size:5
Enter array 2 elements:5
6
7
8
9
The new array after merging is:
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 _
```

### PRACTIAL NO.3 (A)

**<u>AIM:</u>** Write a program to perform the matrix **ADDITION** operation.

```
#include<iostream.h>
#include<conio.h>
void main()
  clrscr();
  int mat1[3][3],mat2[3][3],i,j,mat3[3][3];
  cout<<"Enter matrix 1 elements:";</pre>
  for(i=0;i<3;i++)
      for(j=0;j<3;j++)
         cin>>mat1[i][j];
  cout<<"Enter matrix 2 elements:";</pre>
  for(i=0;i<3;i++)
      for(j=0;j<3;j++)
         cin>>mat2[i][j];
  cout<<"Adding the two matrix to form the third matrix \n";
  for(i=0;i<3;i++)
      for(j=0;j<3;j++)
      mat3[i][j]=mat1[i][j]+mat2[i][j];
  }
  cout<<"The two matrix added successfully...!";</pre>
  cout<<"\nThe new matrix will be:\n";
  for(i=0;i<3;i++)
```

```
{
    for(j=0;j<3;j++)
    {
        cout<<mat3[i][j]<<" ";
    }
    cout<<"\n";
    }
    getch();
}</pre>
```

```
Enter matrix 1 elements:1
2
3
4
5
6
7
8
9
Enter matrix 2 elements:9
8
7
6
5
4
3
2
1
Adding the two matrix to form the third matrix
The two matrix added successfully...!
The new matrix will be:
10 10 10
Activate Windows
50 to Settings to activate Windows.
```

### PRACTIAL NO.3 (B)

**<u>AIM:</u>** Write a program to perform the matrix **SUBTRACTING** operation.

```
#include<iostream.h>
#include<conio.h>
void main()
  clrscr();
  int mat1[3][3],mat2[3][3],i,j,mat3[3][3];
  cout<<"Enter matrix 1 elements:";</pre>
  for(i=0;i<3;i++)
      for(j=0;j<3;j++)
         cin>>mat1[i][j];
  cout<<"Enter matrix 2 elements:";</pre>
  for(i=0;i<3;i++)
      for(j=0;j<3;j++)
         cin>>mat2[i][j];
  cout<<"subtracting the two matrix to form the third matrix \n";
  for(i=0;i<3;i++)
      for(j=0;j<3;j++)
      mat3[i][j]=mat1[i][j]-mat2[i][j];
  }
  cout<<"The two matrix subtracted successfully...!";</pre>
  cout<<"\nThe new matrix will be:\n";
  for(i=0;i<3;i++)
```

```
{
    for(j=0;j<3;j++)
    {
        cout<<mat3[i][j]<<" ";
    }
    cout<<"\n";
    }
    getch();
}</pre>
```

```
Enter matrix 1 elements:11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

Enter matrix 2 elements:1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

subtracting the two matrix to form the third matrix
The two matrix subtracted successfully...!
The new matrix will be:
10 10 10
10 10
10 10
Activate Windows
50 to Settings to activate Windows.
```

### PRACTIAL NO.3 (C)

**<u>AIM:</u>** Write a program to perform the matrix **MULTIPLICATION** operation.

```
#include<iostream.h>
#include<conio.h>
void main()
  clrscr();
  int mat1[3][3],mat2[3][3],mat3[3][3],sum=0,i,j,k;
  cout<<"Enter matrix 1 elements(3*3):";</pre>
  for(i=0;i<3;i++)
      for(j=0;j<3;j++)
        cin>>mat1[i][j];
  cout << "Enter matrix 2 elements (3*3):";
  for(i=0;i<3;i++)
      for(j=0;j<3;j++)
        cin>>mat2[i][j];
  cout<<"Multiplying the two matrix \n";
  for(i=0;i<3;i++)
      for(j=0;j<3;j++)
        sum=0;
        for(k=0;k<3;k++)
            sum=sum+mat1[i][k] * mat2[k][j];
        mat3[i][j]=sum;
```

```
}
}
cout<<"\n Multiplication of two Matrix \n:";
for(i=0;i<3;i++)
{
    for(j=0;j<3;j++)
    {
       cout<<mat3[i][j]<<" ";
    }
    cout<<"\n";
}
getch()
}</pre>
```

```
Enter matrix 1 elements(3*3):9
8
7
6
5
4
3
2
1
Enter matrix 2 elements(3*3):1
2
3
4
5
6
7
8
9
Multiplying the two matrix

Multiplication of two Matrix:
90 114 138
54 69 84
64 84
65 85 86
66 86
78 86
89 87 86
80 86
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```

# PRACTIAL NO.3 (D)

**<u>AIM:</u>** Write a program to perform the matrix **TRANSPOSE** operation.

```
#include<iostream.h>
#include<conio.h>
void main()
  clrscr();
  int arr[3][3],i,j;
  cout<<"Enter the 3*3 Array Elements:";
  for(i=0;i<3;i++)
      for(j=0;j<3;j++)
         cin>>arr[i][j];
  cout<<"Transpose of the marix is:\n";</pre>
  for(i=0;i<3;i++)
      for(j=0;j<3;j++)
         cout<<arr[j][i]<<" ";
      cout << "\n";
  getch();
```

```
Enter the 3*3 Array Elements:1
2
3
4
5
6
7
8
9
Transpose of the marix is:
1 4 7
2 5 8
3 6 9
```

# PRACTIAL NO.4 (A)

**AIM:** Write a program to implement the **CONCEPT OF STACK** with push, pop, display and exit operations.

```
#include<iostream.h>
#include<conio.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
class stack
  int stk[5];
  int top;
  public:
  stack()
      top=-1;
  void push(int x)
      if(top>4)
      cout<<"stack over flow";</pre>
      return;
      stk[++top]=x;
      cout<<"inserted"<<x;</pre>
  void pop()
      if(top<0)
         cout<<"stack under flow";</pre>
         return;
      cout<<"deleted"<<stk[top--];</pre>
  void display()
```

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```
{
      if(top<0)
         cout<<"stack empty";</pre>
         return;
      for(int i=top;i>=0;i--)
         cout<<stk[i]<<" ";
  }
};
void main()
{
  clrscr();
  int ch;
  stack st;
  while(1)
   {
      cout<<"\n 1.push 2.pop 3.display 4.exit\n enter your choice ";
      cin>>ch;
      switch(ch)
         case 1:cout<<"enter the element ";</pre>
         cin>>ch;
         st.push(ch);
         break;
         case 2:st.pop();
         break;
         case 3:st.display();
         break;
         case 4:exit(0);
         default:
         cout<<"Invalid Input";</pre>
         break;
  getch();
```

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```
1.push 2.pop 3.display 4.exit
enter your choice 1
enter the element 1
inserted 1
1.push 2.pop 3.display 4.exit
enter your choice 1
enter the element 2
inserted 2
1.push 2.pop 3.display 4.exit
enter your choice 1
enter the element 3
inserted 3
1.push 2.pop 3.display 4.exit
enter your choice 3
3 2 1
1.push 2.pop 3.display 4.exit
enter your choice 2
deleted 3
1.push 2.pop 3.display 4.exit
enter your choice 2
deleted 2
1.push 2.pop 3.display 4.exit
enter your choice 2
deleted 2
1.push 2.pop 3.display 4.exit
enter your choice 2
```

# PRACTIAL NO.5 (A)

**AIM:** Write a program to implement the **CONCEPT OF QUEUE** with insert, delete, display and exit operations.

```
#include<iostream.h>
#include<conio.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
class queue
  int queue1[5];
  int rear, front;
  public:
  queue()
      rear=-1;
      front=-1;
  void insert(int x)
      if(rear>4)
      cout<<"queue overflow";</pre>
      return;
      queue1[++rear]=x;
      cout<<"inserted"<<x;</pre>
  void delet()
      if(front==rear)
         cout<<"queue under flow";</pre>
         return;
      cout<<"deleted"<<queue1[++front];</pre>
```

```
}
  void display()
      if(rear==front)
         cout<<"queue empty";</pre>
         return;
      for(int i=front+1;i<=rear;i++)
         cout<<queue1[i]<<" ";</pre>
  }
};
void main()
  clrscr();
  int ch;
  queue qu;
  while(1)
      cout<<"\n 1.insert 2.delet 3.display 4.exit\n enter ur chioce :";
      cin>>ch;
      switch(ch)
         case 1:cout<<"enter the element :";</pre>
         cin>>ch;
         qu.insert(ch);
         break;
         case 2:qu.delet();
         break;
         case 3:qu.display();
         break;
         case 4:exit(0);
         default:
         cout<<"Invalid Input";</pre>
         break;
```

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}		
getch();		

}

```
1.insert 2.delete 3.display 4.exit enter ur chioce :1
enter the element :1
inserted 1
 1.insert 2.delete 3.display 4.exit
enter ur chioce :1 enter the element :2
inserted 2
 1.insert 2.delete 3.display 4.exit
 enter ur chioce :1
enter the element :3 inserted 3
 1.insert 2.delete 3.display 4.exit
enter ur chioce :3
1 2 3
 1.insert 2.delete 3.display 4.exit enter ur chioce :2
deleted 1
 1.insert 2.delete 3.display 4.exit
 enter ur chioce :2
deleted 2
                                                                                    Activate Windows
Go to Settings to activate Windows.
 1.insert 2.delete 3.display 4.exit enter ur chioce :
```

# PRACTIAL NO.6 (A)

**<u>AIM:</u>** Write a program to implement **BUBBLE SORT**.

```
#include<iostream.h>
#include<conio.h>
void main()
  clrscr();
  int size,arr[10],i,j,temp;
  cout<<"Enter array size:";</pre>
  cin>>size;
  cout<<"Enter array elements:";</pre>
  for(i=0;i\leq size;++i)
      cin>>arr[i];
  for(i=1;i \le size;++i)
      for(j=0;j<(size-i);++j)
         if(arr[j]>arr[j+1])
         {
             temp=arr[j];
             arr[j]=arr[j+1];
             arr[j+1]=temp;
         }
  cout<<"Now the array after bubble sort is :\n";
  for(i=0;i\leq size;++i)
      cout<<" "<<arr[i];
  getch();
}
```

```
Enter array size:5
Enter array elements:9
4
5
2
7
Now the array after bubble sort is:
2 4 5 7 9
```

#### PRACTIAL NO.6 (B)

**<u>AIM:</u>** Write a program to implement **SELECTION SORT**.

```
#include<iostream.h>
#include<conio.h>
void main()
  clrscr();
  int size,arr[10],i,j,temp;
  cout<<"Enter array size:";</pre>
  cin>>size;
  cout<<"Enter array elements:";</pre>
  for(i=0;i<size;i++)
      cin>>arr[i];
  for(i=0;i<size;i++)
      for(j=i+1;j < size;j++)
         if(arr[i]>arr[j])
             temp=arr[i];
             arr[i]=arr[j];
             arr[j]=temp;
         }
  cout<<"Now the array after sorting is :\n";
  for(i=0;i<size;i++)
      cout << arr[i] << " ";
  getch();
```

```
Enter array size:5
Enter array elements:9
3
6
7
2
Now the array after sorting is:
2 3 6 7 9
```

#### PRACTIAL NO.7 (A)

**AIM:** Write a program to implement **INSERTION SORT**.

```
#include<iostream.h>
#include<conio.h>
void main()
  clrscr();
  int size,arr[50],i,j,temp;
  cout<<"enter the array size:";
  cin>>size;
  cout<<"enter array element:";</pre>
  for(i=0;i<size;i++)
      cin>>arr[i];
  cout<<"sorting array using insertionn sort....\n";</pre>
  for(i=1;i<size;i++)
   {
      temp=arr[i];
      j=i-1;
      while((temp < arr[j]) & & (j > = 0))
         arr[j+1]=arr[j];
         j=j-1;
      arr[j+1]=temp;
  cout<<"array after sorting: \n";
  for(i=0;i<size;i++)
      cout<<arr[i]<<" ";
  getch();
}
```

```
enter the array size:5
enter array element:12
65
87
46
35
sorting array using insertionn sort....
array after sorting:
12 35 46 65 87 _
```

# PRACTIAL NO.8 (A)

**<u>AIM:</u>** Write a program to implement **SEQUENTIAL SEARCH**.

```
#include<iostream.h>
#include<conio.h>
void main()
  clrscr();
  int arr[50], size, i, j=0, temp, pos;
  cout<<"enter array size : ";</pre>
  cin>>size;
  cout<<"enter array elements : ";</pre>
  for(i=0;i<size;i++)
      cin>>arr[i];
  cout<<"enter THE NO TO BE SEARCH: ";
  cin>>temp;
  for(i=0;i<size;i++)
      if(arr[i]==temp)
         i=1;
         pos=i+1;
         break;
  }
  if(j==0)
      cout<<" no. not found";</pre>
  else
      cout<<temp<<" found at position "<<pos;</pre>
  }
```

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```
getch();
}
```

```
enter array size : 5
enter array elements : 13
12
17
9
20
enter THE NO TO BE SEARCH : 17
17 found at position 3_
```

### PRACTIAL NO.8 (B)

**<u>AIM:</u>** Write a program to search the element using **BINARY SEARCH**.

```
#include<iostream.h>
#include<conio.h>
void main()
  clrscr();
  int n,i,arr[50],search,first,last,middle;
  cout<<"Enter total number of elment : ";</pre>
  cin>>n;
  cout<<"Enter "<<n<<" number:";</pre>
  for(i=0;i<n;i++)
      cin>>arr[i];
  cout<<"Enter a number to find :";</pre>
  cin>>search;
  first=0;
  last=n-1;
  middle=(first+last)/2;
  while(first<=last)</pre>
      if(arr[middle]<search)</pre>
         first=middle+1;
      else if(arr[middle]==search)
         cout<<search<<" found at location "<<middle+1<<"\n";
         break;
       }
      else
         last=middle-1;
```

```
    middle=(first+last)/2;
}
if(first>last)
{
    cout<<" not found "<<search<<" is not prsent in the list";
}
getch();
}
</pre>
```

```
Enter total number of elment : 4
Enter 4 number:17
9
20
01
Enter a number to find :9
9 found at location 2
```

#### PRACTIAL NO.9 (A)

**<u>AIM:</u>** Write a program to implement **TOWER OF HANOI PROBLEM**.

```
#include<iostream.h>
#include<conio.h>
void tower(int,char,char,char);
int main()
  clrscr();
  int num;
  cout<<"enter the number of disks:";</pre>
  cin>>num;
  cout<<"the squence of moves involved in the towers of the hanoi are:\n";
  tower(num,'A','C','B');
  return 0;
}
void tower(int num,char frompeg,char topeg,char auxpeg)
  if(num==1)
      cout<<"\n move disk 1 from peg "<<freefrompeg<<" to peg "<<topeg;</pre>
      return;
  tower(num-1,frompeg,auxpeg,topeg);
  cout<<"\n move disk "<<num<<" frompeg "<<from peg<<" to peg "<<topeg;
  tower(num-1,auxpeg,topeg,frompeg);
  getch();
```

```
enter the number of disks:3
the squence of moves involvedin the towers of the hanoi are:

move disk 1 from peg A to peg C
move disk 2 from peg A to peg B
move disk 1 from peg C to peg B
move disk 3 from peg A to peg C
move disk 1 from peg B to peg C
move disk 2 from peg B to peg C
move disk 2 from peg A to peg C
```