

- 1. Which are the top three variables in your model which contribute most towards the probability of a lead getting converted?**
 - Total Visits – positive correlation, more number of visit to platform, higher chances of lead converting to a customer.
 - Total Time Spent on Website – Positive correlation, more the time spent on platform, higher the chance of conversion to customer.
 - Lead origin_lead add form

- 2. What are the top 3 categorical/dummy variables in the model which should be focused the most on in order to increase the probability of lead conversion?**
 - Lead Origin_Lead Add Form,
 - Last Activity_Had a phone conversation,
 - Lead Score_Wellingak Website

- 3. X Education has a period of 2 months every year during which they hire some interns. The sales team has around 10 interns allotted to them. So during this phase, they wish to make the lead conversion more aggressive. So they want almost all of the potential leads (i.e. the customers who have been predicted as 1 by the model) to be converted and hence, want to make phone calls to as much of such people as possible. Suggest a good strategy they should employ at this stage.**
 - Lower the Lead Score Threshold
 - Segment Leads
 - Use Engagement Metrics
 - Train interns
 - Monitor and Adjust

- 4. Similarly, at times, the company reaches its target for a quarter before the deadline. During this time, the company wants the sales team to focus on some new work as well. So during this time, the company's aim is to not make phone calls unless it's extremely necessary, i.e. they want to minimize the rate of useless phone calls. Suggest a strategy they should employ at this stage.**
 - Increase the Lead Score Threshold
 - Automate Low-Priority Leads
 - Reassess Lead Activity
 - Sales Team Allocation
 - Follow-Up Automation
 - Periodic Lead Scoring Update