## Assessed Coursework 1

- 1. What are the free names and free variables of the following processes?
  - (a)  $P = (\nu c)(\overline{b}\langle c \rangle | b(x).P_1)$
  - (b)  $Q = (\nu b)(b(x).Q_1 \mid \overline{b}\langle c \rangle \mid x(y).Q_2)$
  - (c)  $R = (\nu a)(!a(x).\overline{c}\langle y\rangle \mid a(x).R_1 \mid b(y).\mathbf{0})$
- 2. Substitutions:
  - (a) Apply  $((\nu a, b)(!\bar{b}\langle x\rangle | \bar{b}\langle a\rangle | !(\nu c)b(y).P))\{b/x, a/y\}$
  - (b) Is the following application of a substitution correct? Write the justification: if **not**, write the reason.

$$((\nu a)(\overline{x}\langle x\rangle \mid a(x).(\nu a)\overline{y}\langle a\rangle))\{a/_{x},b/_{y}\} = (\nu a)(\overline{a}\langle a\rangle \mid a(x).(\nu a)\overline{b}\langle a\rangle)$$

- 3. Are these processes structurally congruent? Write the justification: if **not**, write the reason; if **yes**, derive  $P \equiv Q$  using the rules in the lecture notes.
  - (a)  $(\nu a)Q |P|!(P|(\nu a)Q)$  and  $(\nu a)(P|Q) |(!((\nu a)(P|Q)))$
  - (b)  $(\nu \, a) \overline{c} \langle a \rangle \, | \, (!(\overline{a} \langle x \rangle \, | \, b(y).\mathbf{0}))$  and  $\overline{a} \langle c \rangle \, | \, (\nu \, c) (!(\overline{c} \langle x \rangle \, | \, b(y).\mathbf{0}))$
  - (c)  $(\nu a)(\overline{c}\langle a\rangle \mid a(x).\overline{a}\langle a\rangle)$  and  $(\nu a)(\overline{c}\langle a\rangle \mid b(x).\overline{b}\langle b\rangle)$
- 4. Write the reduction step by step using the rules in the lecture notes (you can omit some steps, such as the structural congruence).
  - (a)  $(\nu b)(a(x).\overline{x}\langle b\rangle) | !(\overline{a}\langle b\rangle | b(x).\mathbf{0})$
  - (b)  $!a(x).(\overline{b}\langle x\rangle \mid \overline{c}\langle x\rangle) \mid !b(y).(\overline{a}\langle y\rangle \mid c(y).\mathbf{0}) \mid \overline{a}\langle e\rangle$
  - (c)  $\overline{a}\langle a,b,c\rangle \,|\, !a(x,y,z).\overline{y}\langle x,z,y\rangle \,|\, !b(x,z,y).\overline{x}\langle x,y,z\rangle$
  - (d)  $\overline{a}\langle c \rangle | \overline{a}\langle d \rangle | \overline{a}\langle e \rangle | \overline{a}\langle f \rangle | \mathbf{NN}(a)$

where **New Name Generator**  $\mathbf{NN}(a) \stackrel{\text{df}}{=} !a(x).(\nu b)\overline{x}\langle b \rangle$ .