



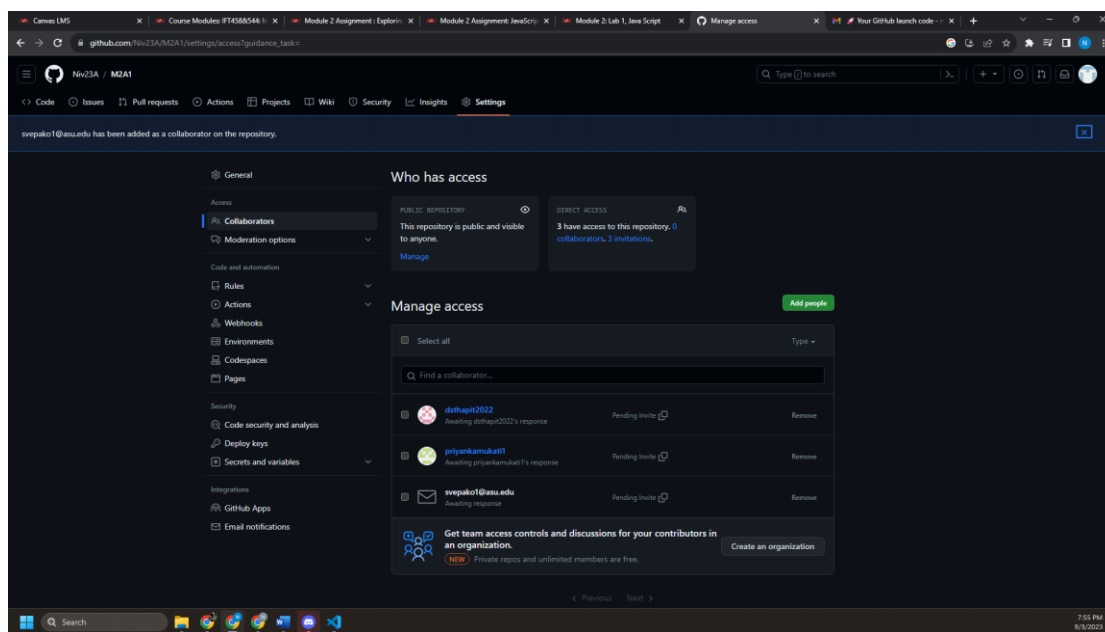
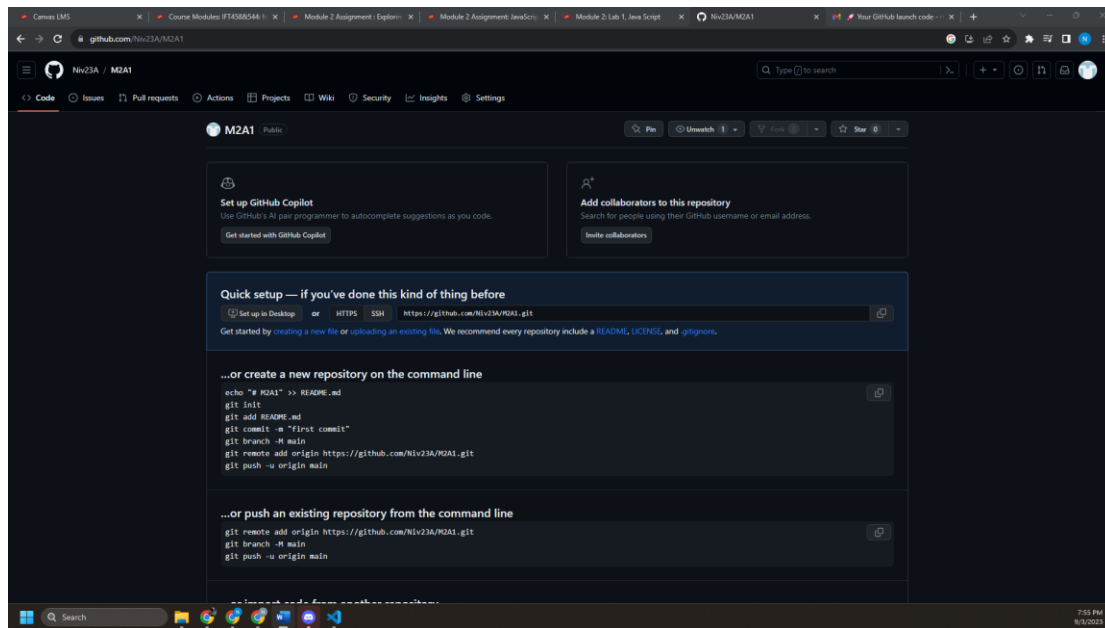
IFT544: Middleware Prog & Database Security
Module 2 Assignment : Exploring JavaScript Topics with EJS, Node.js, and Express

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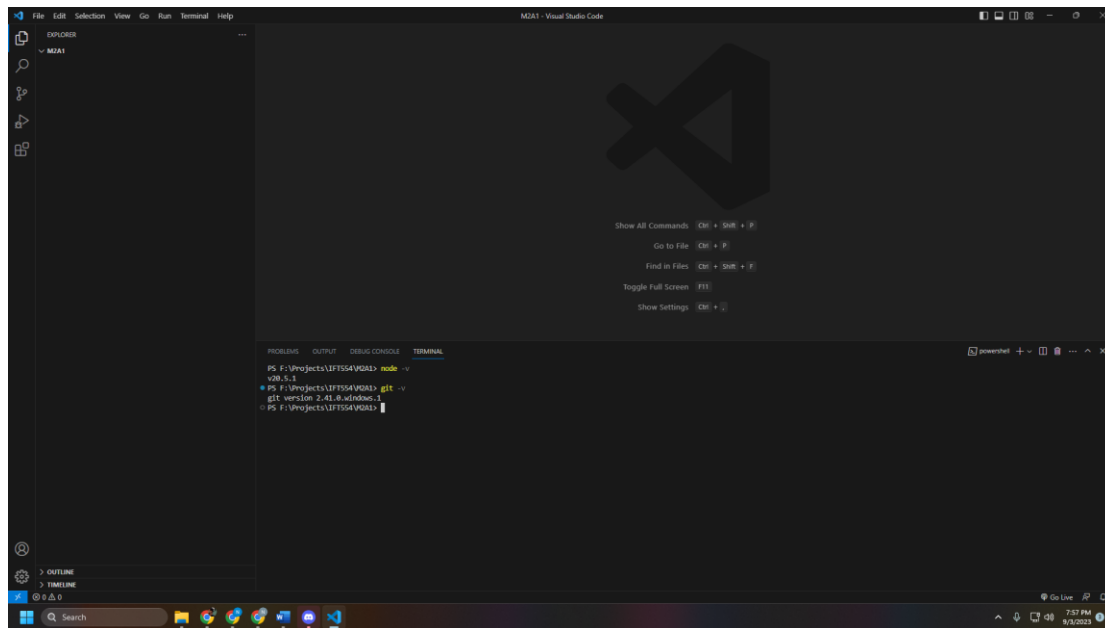
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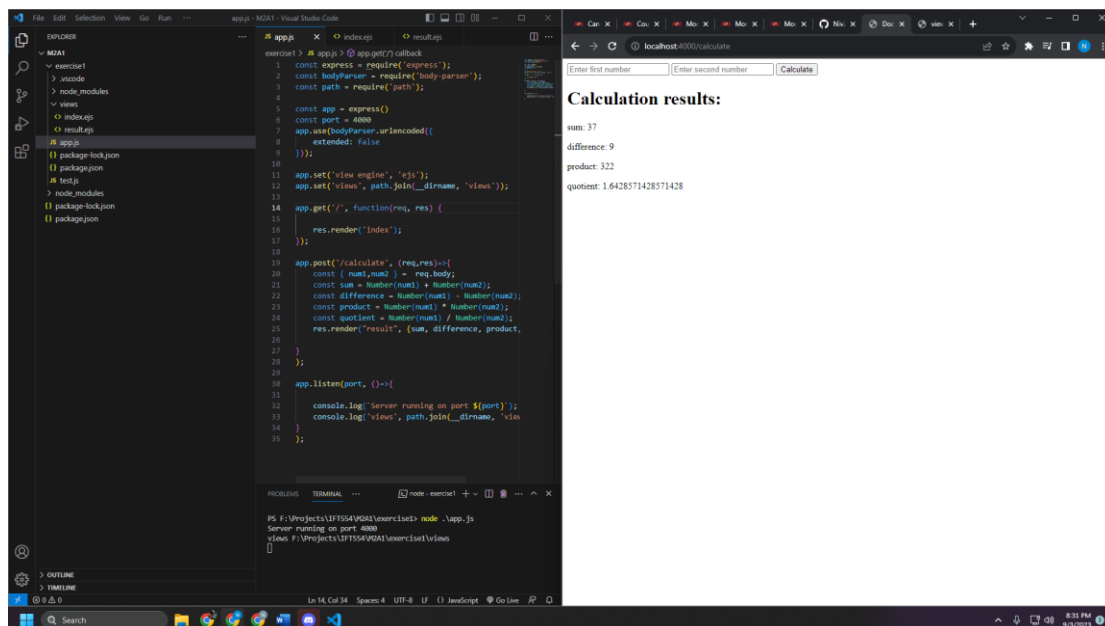
Github:



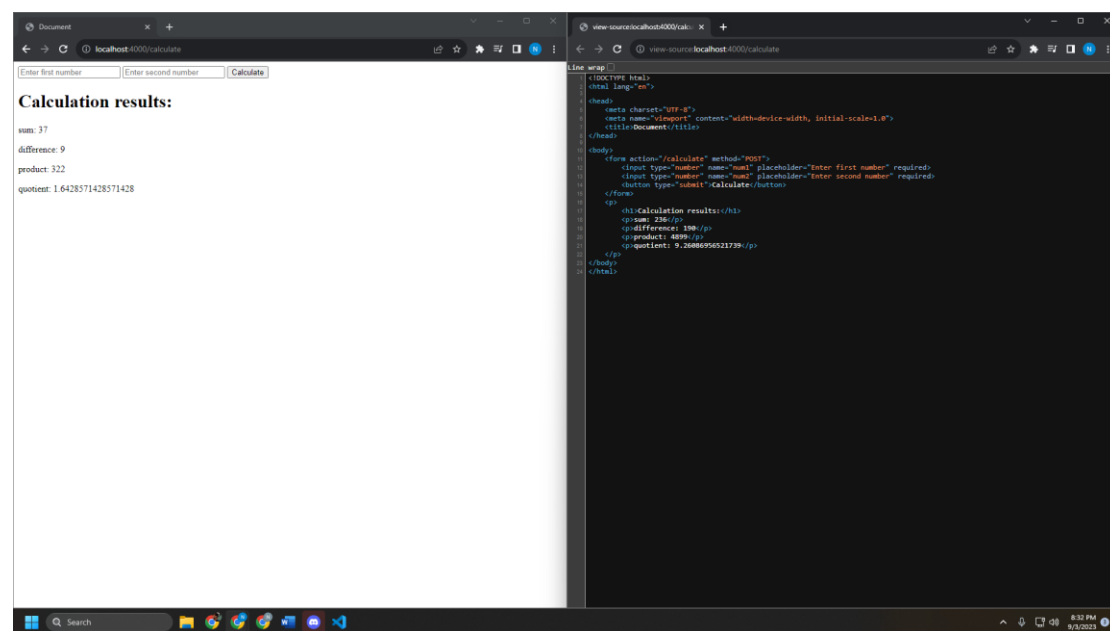
Node.js, Visual; Studio Code, Git:



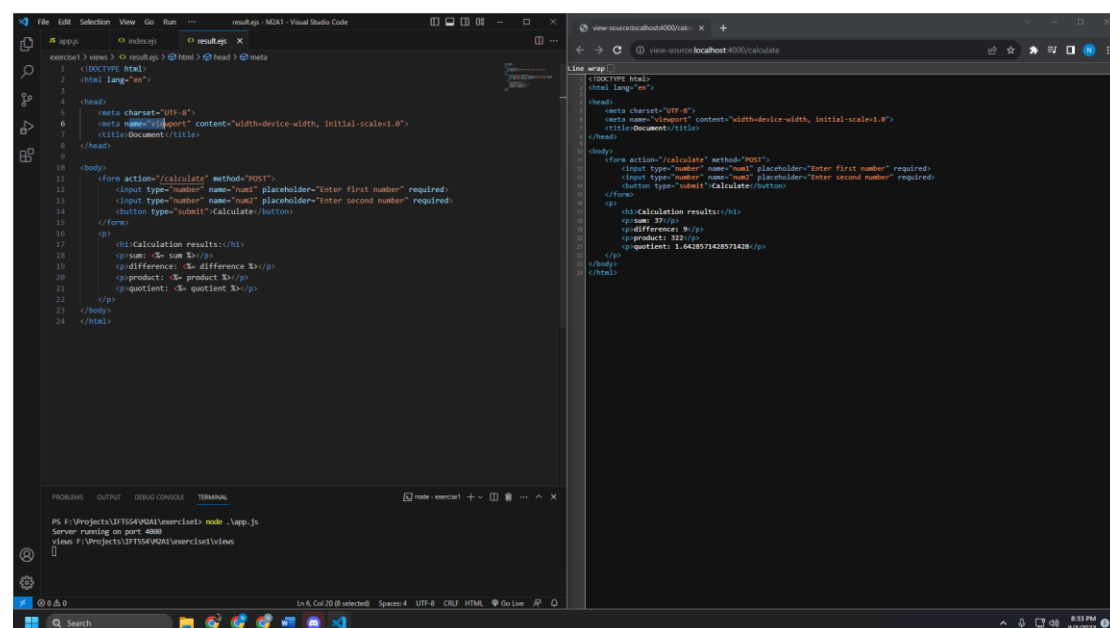
Code and working:



Output and page source:



Ejs vs html:



- .ejs Code:
 - .ejs templates consist of HTML combined with embedded JavaScript code, denoted by `<% %>` or `<%= %>` tags. These tags allow for the insertion of dynamic data and logic into the HTML structure.
- .html Code:
 - When a client (e.g., a web browser) requests a page that uses .ejs templates, the server processes the template,

substitutes variables with actual data, executes embedded logic, and sends the resulting HTML to the client

- Observations and Differences
 - Dynamic Content: .ejs templates allow dynamic content generation, while static HTML remains fixed, necessitating manual updates.
 - Code Reusability: .ejs separates logic from HTML, enhancing maintainability, whereas static HTML lacks this separation.
 - Complex Logic: .ejs handles complex logic, ideal for user-driven or database-based content. Static HTML may require additional client-side scripting.
 - Performance: .ejs pre-processes templates for efficient rendering; static HTML can impact performance due to additional content requests.
- Benefits of .ejs Templates
 - Dynamic Content: Ideal for personalized user experiences based on input, sessions, or databases.
 - Code Maintainability: Separation of HTML and JavaScript simplifies development and maintenance.
 - Reusable Components: Supports component reuse, reducing redundancy and promoting consistency.
 - SEO Optimization: Enhances SEO with server-side rendering, improving search rankings.
- Use Cases
 - User Profiles: .ejs templates for dynamic user-specific data like names, profile pictures, and recent activity.
 - E-commerce Listings: For real-time product updates and price changes.
 - News Websites: To ensure the latest content, such as article titles, authors, and publication dates, is always displayed.
 - Dashboards: For real-time data display without full page reloads, offering a seamless user experience.

Conditional rendering and Array iteration:

The screenshot shows a Visual Studio Code editor with a file named `results.ejs` open. The code is an EJS template for a calculator. It includes a form with two input fields for numbers and a 'Calculate' button. The template uses conditional rendering with `<% if (sum != undefined) %>` to show calculation results (Sum, Difference, Product, Quotient) only when the `sum` variable is defined. Otherwise, it displays a message: 'No results yet. Please submit the form to calculate.' It also uses array iteration with `<% var fruits = ['Apple', 'Banana', 'Cherry', 'Date']; %>` and `<% fruits.forEach(function(fruit) { %>` to generate a list of fruits. The rendered HTML is shown in a browser window on the right, displaying the calculation results for the inputs 255 and -209, and a list of fruits: Apple, Banana, Cherry, and Date.

```
1 <!DOCTYPE html>
2 <html lang="en">
3
4 <head>
5   <meta charset="UTF-8">
6   <meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1.0">
7   <title>Calculator</title>
8 </head>
9
10 <body>
11   <form action="/calculate" method="POST">
12     <input type="number" name="num1" placeholder="Enter first number" required>
13     <input type="number" name="num2" placeholder="Enter second number" required>
14     <button type="submit" value="Calculate">Calculate</button>
15   </form>
16
17   <% if (sum != undefined) %>
18   <div>
19     <h3>Calculation results:</h3>
20     <p>Sum: <%= sum %></p>
21     <p>Difference: <%= difference %></p>
22     <p>Product: <%= product %></p>
23     <p>Quotient: <%= quotient %></p>
24   <% else %>
25     <p>No results yet. Please submit the form to calculate.</p>
26   <% %>
27
28   <div>
29     <h3>Array Iteration Example:</h3>
30     <ul>
31       <% var fruits = ['Apple', 'Banana', 'Cherry', 'Date']; %>
32       <% fruits.forEach(function(fruit) { %>
33         <li><%= fruit %></li>
34       <% %>
35     </ul>
36   </div>
37 </body>
38 </html>
```

- Conditional Rendering:
 - In the modified .ejs file, conditional rendering is added to display calculation results only when sum is defined. If sum is undefined, it displays a message to submit the form for calculation.
 - In the rendered HTML code, the presence or absence of the calculation results depends on the condition defined in the .ejs file. If sum is defined, the calculation results section is included; otherwise, the message about submitting the form is displayed.
- Array Iteration:
 - An array called fruits is created in the .ejs file, and a loop iterates over it using the forEach method.
 - In the rendered HTML code, a list () is generated with individual list items () for each element in the fruits array. This demonstrates how .ejs templates can be used to iterate over an array and generate dynamic HTML content based on the array's elements.