





DAA LAB EXERCISE

TOPIC 1 : INTRODUCTION

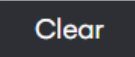
EXP 1: To Find and return the First palindromic string in a given list of words

CODE

```
main.py    Share  Run
```

```
1 def firstPalindrome(words):  
2     for word in words:  
3         if word == word[::-1]:  
4             return word  
5     return ""  
6 words1 = ["abc", "car", "ada", "racecar", "cool"]  
7 print(firstPalindrome(words1))  
8 words2 = ["notapalindrome", "racecar"]  
9 print(firstPalindrome(words2))
```





OUTPUT

```
Output 
```

```
ada  
racecar  
  
=== Code Execution Successful ===
```

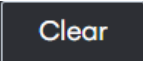
EXP 2: To find two integer arrays Nums1 and Nums2 of sizes n and m

CODE

```
main.py    Share  Run
```

```
1 def common_indices(nums1, nums2):  
2     set1, set2 = set(nums1), set(nums2)  
3     answer1 = sum(1 for num in nums1 if num in set2)  
4     answer2 = sum(1 for num in nums2 if num in set1)  
5     return [answer1, answer2]  
6 print(common_indices([2,3,2], [1,2]))  
7 print(common_indices([4,3,2,3,1], [2,2,5,2,3,6]))
```

OUTPUT

```
Output 
```

```
[2, 1]  
[3, 4]  
  
=== Code Execution Successful ===
```

EXP 3 : To find the Sum of the Squares of distinct counts of all subarrays of a given list of integers

CODE

```
main.py
1  from itertools import combinations
2  def sum_of_squares(nums):
3      n = len(nums)
4      total = 0
5      for i in range(n):
6          distinct = set()
7          for j in range(i, n):
8              distinct.add(nums[j])
9              total += len(distinct) ** 2
10     return total
11     print(sum_of_squares([1,2,1]))
12     print(sum_of_squares([1,1]))
```





OUTPUT

```
Output
15
3

=== Code Execution Successful ===
```

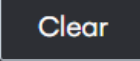
EXP 4 : Program to Count pairs in a array where elements are equal and the product of indices is divisible by a given number

CODE

```
main.py    Share  Run
```

```
1 def countPairs(nums, k):
2     n = len(nums)
3     count = 0
4     for i in range(n):
5         for j in range(i + 1, n):
6             if nums[i] == nums[j] and (i * j) % k == 0:
7                 count += 1
8     return count
9 nums1 = [3,1,2,2,2,1,3]
10 k1 = 2
11 print(countPairs(nums1, k1))
12 nums2 = [1,2,3,4]
13 k2 = 1
14 print(countPairs(nums2, k2))
```

OUTPUT

```
Output 
```

```
4
0

=== Code Execution Successful ===
```

EXP 5 : Program to find the Maximum Element in an array

CODE

```
main.py  [Full Screen] [Theme] [Share] [Run]
1 def find_max(nums):
2     return max(nums)
3 print(find_max([1, 2, 3, 4, 5]))
4 print(find_max([7, 7, 7, 7, 7]))
5 print(find_max([-10, 2, 3, -4, 5]))
```

OUTPUT

```
Output [Clear]
5
7
5

=== Code Execution Successful ===
```

EXP 6 : Find Maximum Element in a list using sorting

CODE

```
main.py
1- def find_max_sorted(nums):
2-     if not nums:
3-         return "The list is empty."
4-     sorted_nums = sorted(nums)
5-     return sorted_nums[-1]
6- test_cases = [
7-     [],
8-     [5],
9-     [3, 3, 3, 3, 3]
10 ]
11- for i, nums in enumerate(test_cases, 1):
12     print(f"Test Case {i}: Input: {nums} -> Output: {find_max_sorted(nums)}")
```




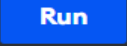
OUTPUT

```
Output
Test Case 1: Input: [] -> Output: The list is empty.
Test Case 2: Input: [5] -> Output: 5
Test Case 3: Input: [3, 3, 3, 3, 3] -> Output: 3

=== Code Execution Successful ===
```

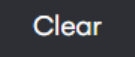
EXP 7 : Extract Unique element from a list

CODE

```
main.py    Share  Run

1 def unique_elements(arr):
2     seen = set()
3     unique_list = []
4     for num in arr:
5         if num not in seen:
6             seen.add(num)
7             unique_list.append(num)
8     return unique_list
9 test1 = [3, 7, 3, 5, 2, 5, 9, 2]
10 print("Test 1 Output:", unique_elements(test1))
11 test2 = [-1, 2, -1, 3, 2, -2]
12 print("Test 2 Output:", unique_elements(test2))
13 test3 = [1000000, 999999, 1000000]
14 print("Test 3 Output:", unique_elements(test3))
```

OUTPUT

```
Output  Clear

Test 1 Output: [3, 7, 5, 2, 9]
Test 2 Output: [-1, 2, 3, -2]
Test 3 Output: [1000000, 999999]

=== Code Execution Successful ===
```

EXP 8: Bubble sort algorithm

CODE

```
main.py  [ ] [ ] [ ] Share Run
1- def bubble_sort(arr):
2     n = len(arr)
3     for i in range(n):
4         swapped = False
5         for j in range(0, n-i-1):
6             if arr[j] > arr[j+1]:
7                 arr[j], arr[j+1] = arr[j+1], arr[j]
8                 swapped = True
9         if not swapped:
10            break
11    return arr
12 input_array = [64, 34, 25, 12, 22, 11, 90]
13 print("Input:", input_array)
14 sorted_array = bubble_sort(input_array)
15 print("Sorted Output:", sorted_array)
```

OUTPUT

```
Output  Clear
Input: [64, 34, 25, 12, 22, 11, 90]
Sorted Output: [11, 12, 22, 25, 34, 64, 90]

=== Code Execution Successful ===
```


EXP 9: Binary Search to check element existence in a sorted array

CODE

```
main.py  [ ] [ ] Share Run
2     arr.sort()
3     low = 0
4     high = len(arr) - 1
5     while low <= high:
6         mid = (low + high) // 2
7         if arr[mid] == key:
8             return mid
9         elif arr[mid] < key:
10            low = mid + 1
11        else:
12            high = mid - 1
13    return -1
14 X = [3, 4, 6, -9, 10, 8, 9, 30]
15 KEY = 10
16 result = binary_search(X, KEY)
17 if result != -1:
18     print(f"Element {KEY} is found at position {result}")
19 else:
20     print(f"Element {KEY} is not found")
21 X = [3, 4, 6, -9, 10, 8, 9, 30]
22 KEY = 100
23 result = binary_search(X, KEY)
24 if result != -1:
25     print(f"Element {KEY} is found at position {result}")
```

```
18     print(f"Element {KEY} is found at position {result}")
19 else:
20     print(f"Element {KEY} is not found")
```

OUTPUT

```
Output  Clear
Element 10 is found at position 6
Element 100 is not found

=== Code Execution Successful ===
```

EXP 10 : Sort Array in ascending order using heap sort

CODE

```
main.py ⌵ ⚙ 🔗 Share Run
1- def heapify(arr, n, i):
2-     largest = i
3-     left = 2 * i + 1
4-     right = 2 * i + 2
5-     if left < n and arr[left] > arr[largest]:
6-         largest = left
7-     if right < n and arr[right] > arr[largest]:
8-         largest = right
9-     if largest != i:
10-        arr[i], arr[largest] = arr[largest], arr[i]
11-        heapify(arr, n, largest)
12- def heap_sort(arr):
13-     n = len(arr)
14-     for i in range(n // 2 - 1, -1, -1):
15-         heapify(arr, n, i)
16-     for i in range(n-1, 0, -1):
17-         arr[0], arr[i] = arr[i], arr[0]
18-         heapify(arr, i, 0)
19-     return arr
20 arr1 = [3, 4, 6, -9, 10, 8, 9, 30]
21 arr2 = [5, 2, 3, 1, 4]
22 print("Sorted arr1:", heap_sort(arr1))
23 print("Sorted arr2:", heap_sort(arr2))
```

OUTPUT

```
Output Clear
Sorted arr1: [-9, 3, 4, 6, 8, 9, 10, 30]
Sorted arr2: [1, 2, 3, 4, 5]

=== Code Execution Successful ===
```