Rajalakshmi Engineering College

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NeoColab_REC_CS23231_DATA STRUCTURES

REC_DS using C_Week 3_MCQ_Updated

Attempt : 1 Total Mark : 20 Marks Obtained : 17

Section 1: MCQ

1. What will be the output of the following code?

```
#include <stdio.h>
#define MAX_SIZE 5
void push(int* stack, int* top, int item) {
   if (*top == MAX_SIZE - 1) {
      printf("Stack Overflow\n");
      return;
   }
   stack[++(*top)] = item;
}
int pop(int* stack, int* top) {
   if (*top == -1) {
      printf("Stack Underflow\n");
      return -1;
   }
```

```
return stack[(*top)--];
    int main() {
      int stack[MAX_SIZE];
      int top = -1;
      push(stack, &top, 10);
      push(stack, &top, 20);
      push(stack, &top, 30);
      printf("%d\n", pop(stack, &top));
      printf("%d\n", pop(stack, &top));
      printf("%d\n", pop(stack, &top));
return 0;
      printf("%d\n", pop(stack, &top));
    Answer
    302010Stack Underflow
    Status: Wrong
                                                                       Marks: 0/1
    2. What will be the output of the following code?
    #include <stdio.h>
    #define MAX_SIZE 5
    int stack[MAX_SIZE];
int top = -1;
    int isEmpty() {
      return (top == -1);
    int isFull() {
      return (top == MAX_SIZE - 1);
    void push(int item) {
      if (isFull())
         printf("Stack Overflow\n");
         stack[++top] = item;
```

```
int main() {
    printf("%d\n", isEmpty());
    push(10);
    push(20);
    push(30);
    printf("%d\n", isFull());
    return 0;
}

Answer

10

Status : Correct

Marks : 1/1
```

3. A user performs the following operations on stack of size 5 then which of the following is correct statement for Stack?

```
push(1);
pop();
push(2);
push(3);
pop();
push(2);
pop();
pop();
pop();
pop();
pop();
pop();
push(5);

Answer

Underflow Occurs
```

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

4. In the linked list implementation of the stack, which of the following operations removes an element from the top?

Answer

Po	p
_ ^	9

Status : Correct Marks : 1/1

5. What is the primary advantage of using an array-based stack with a fixed size?

Answer

Efficient memory usage

Marks: 1/1 Status: Correct

6. The user performs the following operations on the stack of size 5 then at the end of the last operation, the total number of elements present in the stack is

```
push(1);
pop();
push(2);
push(3);
pop();
push(4);
pop();
pop();
push(5);
```

Answer

Marks: 1/1 Status: Correct

7. Elements are Added on _____ of the Stack.

Answer

Top

Status: Correct

8. In a stack data structure, what is the fundamental rule that is followed for performing operations?

Answer

Last In First Out

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

9. What is the advantage of using a linked list over an array for implementing a stack?

Answer

Linked lists can dynamically resize

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

10. Pushing an element into the stack already has five elements. The stack size is 5, then the stack becomes

Answer

Overflow

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

11. Here is an Infix Expression: 4+3*(6*3-12). Convert the expression from Infix to Postfix notation. The maximum number of symbols that will appear on the stack AT ONE TIME during the conversion of this expression?

Answer

4

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

12. In an array-based stack, which of the following operations can result in a Stack underflow?

Answer

Popping an element from an empty stack

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

13. Which of the following Applications may use a Stack?

Answer

All of the mentioned options

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

14. Consider the linked list implementation of a stack.

Which of the following nodes is considered as Top of the stack?

Answer

Last node

Status: Wrong Marks: 0/1

15. When you push an element onto a linked list-based stack, where does the new element get added?

Answer

At the end of the list

Status: Wrong Marks: 0/1

16. The result after evaluating the postfix expression 10 5 + 60 6 / *8 - is

Answer

142

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

17. What is the value of the postfix expression 6 3 2 4 + - *?

Status: Correct

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18. What will be the output of the following code?

```
#include <stdio.h>
    #define MAX_SIZE 5
    int stack[MAX_SIZE];
    int top = -1;
    void display() {
    if (top == -1) {
         printf("Stack is empty\n");
      } else {
         printf("Stack elements: ");
         for (int i = top; i >= 0; i--) {
           printf("%d ", stack[i]);
        printf("\n");
      }
    }
    void push(int value) {
      if (top == MAX_SIZE - 1) {
printi
} else {
      g printf("Stack Overflow\n");
         stack[++top] = value;
      }
    int main() {
      display();
      push(10);
      push(20);
      push(30);
      display();
      push(40);
push(50);
     push(50);
```

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Marks: 1/1

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display(); return 0; }

Answer

Stack is emptyStack elements: 30 20 10Stack OverflowStack elements: 50 40 30 20 10

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

19. Which of the following operations allows you to examine the top element of a stack without removing it?

Answer

Peek

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

20. Consider a linked list implementation of stack data structure with three operations:

push(value): Pushes an element value onto the stack.pop(): Pops the top element from the stack.top(): Returns the item stored at the top of the stack.

Given the following sequence of operations:

push(10);pop();push(5);top();

What will be the result of the stack after performing these operations?

Answer

The top element in the stack is 5

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

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