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Abstract Code

Enter Information

Email Address

Abstract Code

1. User clicks **Enter my household info** button on the **Main Menu**.
2. Display **Email Address** form.
3. While the *email* input field is not inputted or valid:
 - a. *email* ('\$email') input field is filled and validated
 - b. If the **Submit** button is clicked:
 - i. Run the **Verify Email** task:
 1. If '\$email' is already found in the **Household** entity

```
SELECT email FROM Household WHERE email = '$email';
```

 - a. Display an error message indicating that the email is already in use
 - b. Erase the input and return to step 2.
 2. Else
 - a. Store '\$email' as a session variable.

Postal Code

Abstract Code

1. Display **Postal Code Form**.
2. While *postal code* input field is not inputted or valid:
 - a. *postal code* ('\$postal_code') field is inputted
 - b. If **Submit** button is clicked:
 - i. Run the **Verify Postal Code** task:
 1. If the '\$postal_code' is not found in the *Location* entity

```
SELECT
    postal_code, city, state
FROM Location
WHERE postal_code = '$postal_code';
```

- a. Display an error message indicating that the *postal code* input was invalid.
 - b. Erase the input and return to step 1.
2. Else
 - a. Display confirmation page with the *Location.postal_code*, *Location.city* and *Location.state* for the matching record found in the *Location* entity with **Yes** button and **No** button.

```
SELECT
    postal_code, city, state
FROM Location
WHERE postal_code = '$postal_code';
```

- b. If **No** button is clicked:
 - i. Jump to step 1.
 - c. Else, if **Yes** button is clicked:
 - i. Store '\$postal_code' as a session variable.

Phone Number

Abstract Code

1. Display **Phone Number Form**.
2. Display prompt with **Yes** or **No** toggle to enter a phone number.
 - a. If **Yes** toggle is clicked:
 - i. While the *area code* input field is not inputted, and the *phone number* is not inputted, and the *phone type* is not inputted
 1. The *area code* ('\$area_code') input field is filled by user.
 2. The *number* ('\$phone_number') input field is filled by user.
 3. The *phone type* ('\$phone_type') is selected from drop down menu.
 4. If the *area code*, *phone number*, and *phone type* inputs are all filled:
 - a. Jump to step 2.a.ii.
 5. Else
 - a. Jump to step 2a
 - ii. If the **Next** button is clicked:

1. Run the **Verify Phone Number** task:

- a. If the combination of the '\$area_code' and '\$phone_number' input fields is found in the **Phone_Number** entity:

```
SELECT
CONCAT(area_code, phone_number) as phone
FROM Phone_Number
WHERE area_code = '$area_code'
AND phone_number = '$phone_number';
```

- i. Display an error message stating that '\$phone_number' is already in use.
 - ii. Erase the input and return to step 1.
 - b. Else:
 - i. Store '\$area_code' and '\$phone_number' as session variables

Household Information

Abstract Code

1. Display **Household Details Form**.
 - a. User selects *home type* ('\$home_type') from dropdown.
 - b. *square footage* ('\$square_footage') input field is filled by the user
 - c. *occupant count* ('\$occupant_count') input field is filled by the user
 - d. *bedroom count* ('\$bedroom_count') input field is filled by the user
 - e. If the **Next** button is clicked:
 - i. If *square footage*, *occupant count*, and *bedroom count* input fields are not inputted or are invalid:
 1. Display an error message indicating that *square footage*, *occupant count*, and *bedroom count* input fields are invalid.
 2. Erase inputs and return to step 1.
 - ii. Else
 1. Store '\$home_type', '\$square_footage', '\$occupant_count', and '\$bedroom_count' as session variables.
 2. Jump to step 2.
2. If the **Next** button is clicked on the **Household Details Form**:
 - a. Add the household information to the **Household** and **Phone_Number** entities by running the **Add Household Details** task:
 - i. Run **Add Household Information** task: Add a new household in the **Household** entity with the '\$email' as the **Household.email**, the '\$home_type' as the **Household.home_type**, '\$square_footage' as the **Household.square_footage**, '\$occupant_count' as the **Household.occupant_count**, and '\$bedroom_count' as the **Household.bedroom_count**, associate the household with the record in the **Location** entity where **Location.postal_code == '\$postal_code'**

```
INSERT INTO Household
(
    email,
    home_type,
    square_footage,
    occupant_count,
    bedroom_count,
    postal_code
)
VALUES
(
    '$email',
    '$home_type',
    '$square_footage',
    '$occupant_count',
    '$bedroom_count',
    '$postal_code'
);
```

- ii. If use opted in to enter '\$phone_number'
1. Run **Add Phone Number** task: Add the '\$area_code' and '\$phone_number', '\$phone_type', and '\$email' as the phone number to the `Phone_Number` entity for the household with the matching email from the `Household` entity. Remove the hyphen(s) if they appear in '\$phone_number'.

```
INSERT INTO Phone_Number
(
    area_code,
    phone_number,
    phone_type,
    email
)
VALUES
(
    '$area_code',
    REPLACE('$phone_number', '-', ''),
    '$phone_type',
    '$email'
);
```

Add Bathroom**Abstract Code**

1. While the Hemkraft site is still open:
 - a. Start with '\$bathroom_count' = 0
 - b. Display **Add Bathroom Form** with options of 'Half' or 'Full' for the *bathroom type*
 - c. While **Add** button is not clicked, do nothing.
 - d. If user selects 'Half' as *bathroom type* ('\$bathroom_type') in **Add Bathroom Form**.
 - i. *sink count* ('\$sink_count') input field is filled
 - ii. *commode count* ('\$commode_count') input field is filled
 - iii. *bidet count* ('\$bidet_count') input field is filled
 - iv. *name* ('\$name') input field is filled
 - v. If **Add** button is clicked, do the following:
 1. If any of the *sink count*, *commode count*, *bidet count* fixtures are negative
 - a. Display **Add Bathroom Form** with error message indicating that none of the *sink count*, *commode count*, *bidet count* input fields can be negative.
 - b. Erase input and jump to step 1c.
 2. Else if the sum of count of the '\$sink_count', '\$commode_count', and '\$bidet_count' is not greater than 0
 - a. Display **Add Bathroom Form** with error message indicating that the total of the sum of *sink count*, *commode count*, *bidet count* should be greater than zero.
 - b. Erase input and jump to step 1c.
 3. Else
 - a. Increment '\$bathroom_count' by 1
 - b. Run **Add Half or Full Bathroom** task: Add a bathroom in the *Half* entity for the household where *Household.email* == '\$email' with the '\$bidet_count' as *Half.bidet_count*, '\$sink_count' as *Half.sink_count*, '\$commode_count' as *Half.commode_count*, and '\$name' as *Half.name* if the user provided the optional half bathroom name, '\$bathroom_count' as *Half.bathroom_id* to *Half* entity.
 - c. Jump to step 1f.

```
INSERT INTO Half (
    bathroom_id,
    email,
    sink_count,
    bidet_count,
    commode_count,
    `name`
)
VALUES (
    '$bathroom_count',
    '$email',
    '$sink_count',
    '$bidet_count',
    '$commode_count',
    '$name'
);
```

- e. Else if user selects 'Full' as *bathroom type* ('\$bathroom_type') in **Add Bathroom Form**.
- i. For all bathrooms in the *Bathroom* entity where the bathroom belongs to the household where *Household.email* == '\$email' and the *bathroom type* is 'Full'
 1. If 'Full'.is_primary == 1,

```
SELECT *
FROM `Full`
WHERE is_primary = 1
AND email = '$email';
```

- a. Disable the **This bathroom is a primary bathroom** checkbox
- ii. While **Add** button is not clicked, do nothing.
- iii. User enters *sink count* ('\$sink_count'), *commode count* ('\$commode_count'), *bidet count* ('\$bidet_count'), *bathtub count* ('\$bathtub_count'), *shower/tub count* ('\$showertub_count'), *shower count* ('\$shower_count') and if the checkbox is enabled, the user also enters *if bathroom is primary* ('\$is_primary').
- iv. When **Add** button is clicked, do the following:
 1. If any of the of the '\$sink_count', '\$commode_count', '\$bidet_count', '\$bathtub_count', '\$showertub_count', or '\$shower_count' values are negative
 - a. Display **Add Bathroom Form** with error message indicating that none of the *sink count*, *commode count*, *bidet count*, *bathtub*

- count, shower/tub count, or shower count*
input fields can be negative.
- b. Erase input and jump to step 1d
 2. Else if the sum of the '\$bathtub_count', '\$shower_tub_count', and '\$shower_count' is not greater than zero
 - a. Display **Add Bathroom Form** with error message indicating that the sum of the *bathtub count, shower/tub count, and shower count* input fields must be greater than zero.
 - b. Erase input and jump to step 1d
 3. Else
 - a. Increment '\$bathroom_count' by 1
 - b. Run **Add Half or Full Bathroom** task: Add a bathroom in the `Full` entity for the household where Household.email == '\$email' with the '\$bidet_count' as `Full`.bidet_count, '\$sink_count' as `Full`.sink_count, '\$commode_count' as `Full`.commode_count, '\$bathtub_count' as `Full`.BathtubCount, '\$tub_shower_count' as `Full`.tub_shower_count, '\$bathtub_count' as `Full`.bathtub_count, `Full`.bathroom_id as '\$bathroom_count' to `Full` entity .

```
INSERT INTO `Full` (  
    bathroom_id,  
    email,  
    sink_count,  
    bidet_count,  
    commode_count,  
    is_primary,  
    bathtub_count,  
    shower_count,  
    tub_shower_count  
)  
VALUES (  
    '$bathroom_count',  
    '$email',  
    '$sink_count',  
    '$bidet_count',  
    '$commode_count',  
    '$is_primary',  
    '$bathtub_count',  
    '$shower_count',  
    '$tub_shower_count'  
);
```

- c. Jump to step 1f.
 - f. Run **Bathroom Listing** task:
 - i. For each record in ``Full`` and `Half (Bathroom)` entities for the household where `Household.email == '$email'`:
 - 1. Display the `Bathroom.bathroom_id`
 - 2. If the `Bathroom.bathroom_id` is in the ``Full`` entity
 - a. Display "Full" for the bathroom type and "Yes" if ``Full`.is_primary` else display an empty string for if the bathroom is a primary bathroom
 - 3. Else if the `Bathroom.bathroom_id` is in the `Half` entity
 - a. Display "Half" for the bathroom type and an empty string for if the bathroom is a primary bathroom.
- ```
SELECT bathroom_id as "Bathroom #",
 "Full" as "Type",
 CASE
 WHEN is_primary then 'Yes'
 ELSE ''
 END as "Primary"
FROM `Full`
WHERE email = '$email'
UNION
SELECT bathroom_id as "Bathroom #",
 "Half" as "Type",
 "" as "Primary"
FROM Half
WHERE email = '$email'
ORDER BY 'Bathroom #';
```
- ii. Jump to step 1g.
  - g. Display a button to **Add another bathroom**, and a **Next** button.
    - i. If the **Add another bathroom** button is clicked,
      - 1. Display Add Bathroom Form
      - 2. Jump to step 1a.
    - ii. Else if the **Next** button is clicked,
      - 1. Display Add Appliance Form.
  - 2. If the user closes the Hemkraft website or the Hemkraft website unexpectedly crashes before a bathroom is added:
    - a. Clear all partial data for the household where the `'$email'` == `Household.email` from the `Household` and `Phone_Number` entities.

```
-- Clear partial data in Household

DELETE FROM Phone_Number
WHERE email='$email';

DELETE FROM Household
WHERE email='$email';
```

## Add Appliance

### Abstract Code

1. While the Hemkraft website is still open:

- a. Start with `'$appliance_count' = 0`
- b. Populate the *appliance type* dropdown with `'Refrigerator/Freezer'`, `'Cooker'`, `'Washer'`, `'Dryer'`, and `'TV'`.
- c. Populate the *manufacturer name* input field;

```
SELECT manufacturer_name from Manufacturer;
```

d. While the *appliance type* is not selected and *manufacturer name* is not selected:

- i. *appliance type* (`'$appliance_type'`) is selected from dropdown by the user
- ii. *manufacturer name* (`'$manufacturer_name'`) is selected from dropdown by the user
- iii. *model name* (`'$model_name'`) input field is optionally filled by the user.
- iv. If the *appliance type* and *manufacturer name* fields are selected:
  1. Jump to step 1d.
- v. Else
  1. Jump to step 1c.

e. If `'$appliance_type' == 'Cooker'`:

- i. Display **Add Appliance – Cooker Form**.
- ii. While **Add** button is not clicked, do nothing.
- iii. If **oven** is checked,
  1. The user selects one or more *oven heat source* (`'$oven_heat_source'`) options
  2. The user selects the *oven type* (`'$oven_type'`) from the dropdown options of `'Convection'` or `'Conventional'`
- iv. If **cooktop** is checked,
  1. The user selects the *cooktop heat source* (`'$cooktop_heat_source'`) from the dropdown.
- v. If **Add** button is clicked, do the following:
  1. If **oven** is checked and *oven heat source* is selected,
    - a. Increment `'$appliance_count'` by 1
    - b. Run the **Add Appliance Subtype** task:

```
-- Create the Cooker
INSERT INTO Cooker
(
 appliance_id,
 email,
 model_name,
 manufacturer_name
)
VALUES
(
 '$appliance_count',
 '$email',
 '$model_name',
 '$manufacturer_name'
);

-- Create the Oven with the same appliance_id
INSERT INTO Oven
(
 appliance_id,
 email,
 oven_type
)
VALUES
(
 '$appliance_count',
 '$email',
 '$oven_type'
);

-- Use the same appliance_id to create the
Oven_Heat_Source
INSERT INTO Oven_Heat_Source
(
 appliance_id,
 email,
 heat_source
)
VALUES
(
 '$appliance_count',
 '$email',
 '$oven_heat_source'
);
```

- c. Jump to step 1i.
2. Else if oven is checked and oven heat source is not selected
  - a. Display error message indicating that oven heat source for the oven must be selected.

- b. Jump to step 1.d.iii.
- 3. If *cooktop* is checked and *cooktop heat source* is selected,
  - a. Increment '*\$appliance\_count*' by 1
  - b. Run the **Add Appliance Subtype** task:

```
-- Create the Cooker
INSERT INTO Cooker
(
 appliance_id,
 email,
 model_name,
 manufacturer_name
)
VALUES
(
 '$appliance_count',
 '$email',
 '$model_name',
 '$manufacturer_name'
);

-- Create the Cooktop with the same appliance_id
INSERT INTO Cooktop
(
 appliance_id,
 email,
 heat_source
)
VALUES
(
 '$appliance_count',
 '$email',
 '$cooktop_heat_source'
);
```

- c. Jump to step 1i.
- 4. Else if *cooktop* is checked and *cooktop heat source* is not selected
  - a. Display error message indicating that *cooktop heat source* for the cooktop must be selected.
  - b. Jump to step 1.d.iv.
- f. Else if '*\$appliance\_type*' == 'TV':
  - i. Display **Add Appliance – TV Form**.
  - ii. While **Add** button is not clicked, do nothing.
  - iii. While the *display type* is not selected and *display size* input field is not filled and *maximum resolution* is not selected:

1. *display type* ('\$display\_type') is selected from dropdown
2. *display size* ('\$display\_size') input field is filled
3. *max resolution* ('\$max\_resolution') is selected from dropdown.
4. If the *display type* is selected and *display size* input field is filled and *maximum resolution* is selected:
  - a. Jump to step 1.f.iv.
5. Else
  - a. Display error message indicating that all *display type* and *display size* and *max resolution* inputs must be filled.
  - b. Jump to step 1.e.iii.
- iv. If **Add** button is clicked, do the following:
  1. Increment '\$appliance\_count' by 1
  2. Run the **Add Appliance Subtype** task:
    - a.

```
-- Create the TV
INSERT INTO TV
(
 appliance_id,
 email,
 model_name,
 manufacturer_name,
 display_type,
 display_size,
 max_resolution
)
VALUES
(
 '$appliance_count',
 '$email',
 '$model_name',
 '$manufacturer_name',
 '$display_type',
 '$display_size',
 '$max_resolution'
);
```
    - b. Jump to step 1i.
- g. Else if '\$appliance\_type' == 'Washer':
  - i. Display **Add Appliance – Washer Form**.
  - ii. While **Add** button is not clicked, do nothing.
  - iii. While the *loading type* is not selected from the dropdown of option types:

1. User selects *loading type* ('\$loading\_type') from dropdown
2. If the *loading type* is selected:
  - a. Jump to step 1.f.iv.
3. Else
  - a. Display error message indicating that a *loading type* must be selected.
  - b. Jump to step 1.f.iii.
- iv. If **Add** button is clicked, do the following:
  1. Increment '\$appliance\_count' by 1
  2. Run the **Add Appliance Subtype** task:

```
-- Create the Washer
INSERT INTO Washer
(
 appliance_id,
 email,
 model_name,
 manufacturer_name,
 loading_type
)
VALUES
(
 '$appliance_count',
 '$email',
 '$model_name',
 '$manufacturer_name',
 '$loading_type'
);
```

- a.
  - b. Jump to step 1i.
- h. Else if '\$appliance\_type' == 'Dryer':
  - i. Display **Add Appliance – Dryer Form**.
  - ii. While **Add** button is not clicked, do nothing.
  - iii. While the *dryer heat source* is not selected from the dropdown of option types:
    1. User selects *dryer heat source* ('\$dryer\_heat\_source') from dropdown
    2. If the *dryer heat source* is selected:
      - a. Jump to step 1.g.iv.
    3. Else
      - a. Display error message indicating that a *dryer heat source* must be selected.
      - b. Jump to step 1.g.iii.
  - iv. When **Add** button is clicked, do the following:
    1. Increment '\$appliance\_count' by 1
    2. Run the **Add Appliance Subtype** task:



```
-- Create the Dryer
INSERT INTO Dryer
(
 appliance_id,
 email,
 model_name,
 manufacturer_name,
 heat_source
)
VALUES
(
 '$appliance_count',
 '$email',
 '$model_name',
 '$manufacturer_name',
 '$heat_source'
);
```

- a.
  3. Jump to step 1i.
- i. Else if '\$appliance\_type' == 'Refrigerator/Freezer':
  - i. Display **Add Appliance – Refrigerator/Freezer Form**.
  - ii. While **Add** button is not clicked, do nothing.
  - iii. While the *refrigerator type* is not selected from the dropdown of option types:
    1. User selects *refrigerator type* ('\$refrigerator\_type') from dropdown
    2. If the *refrigerator type* is selected:
      - a. Jump to step 1.h.iv.
    3. Else
      - a. Display error message indicating that a *refrigerator type* must be selected.
      - b. Jump to step 1.h.iv.
  - iv. When **Add** button is clicked, do the following:
    1. Increment '\$appliance\_count' by 1
    2. Run the **Add Appliance Subtype** task:

```
-- Create the Refrigerator/Freezer

INSERT INTO Refrigerator_Freezer
(
 appliance_id,
 email,
 model_name,
 manufacturer_name,
 refrigerator_type
)
VALUES
(
 '$appliance_count',
 '$email',
 '$model_name',
 '$manufacturer_name',
 '$refrigerator_type'
);
```

- a.
3. Jump to step 1i.
- j. Run the **Appliances Listing** task:
  - i. For each appliance in the household, list the '\$appliance\_count', the appliance type, manufacturer name, and model name:

```

-- Appliance Listing

SELECT
 o.appliance_id as "Appliance #",
 "Cooker" as "Type",
 manufacturer_name as "Manufacturer",
 model_name as "Model"
FROM Oven
JOIN Cooker as c
ON o.appliance_id = c.appliance_id
AND o.email = '$email'

UNION

SELECT
 ct.appliance_id as "Appliance #",
 "Cooker" as "Type",
 manufacturer_name as "Manufacturer",
 model_name as "Model"
FROM Cooktop as ct
JOIN Cooker as c
ON ct.appliance_id = c.appliance_id
AND ct.email = '$email'

UNION

SELECT
 appliance_id as "Appliance #",
 "TV" as "Type",
 manufacturer_name as "Manufacturer",
 model_name as "Model"
FROM TV
WHERE email = '$email'

UNION

SELECT
 appliance_id as "Appliance #",
 "Washer" as "Type",
 manufacturer_name as "Manufacturer",
 model_name as "Model"
FROM Washer
WHERE email = '$email'

UNION
SELECT
 appliance_id as "Appliance #",
 "Dryer" as "Type",
 manufacturer_name as "Manufacturer",
 model_name as "Model"
FROM Dryer
WHERE email = '$email'
-- cont. on next page...

```

```
UNION

SELECT
 appliance_id as "Appliance #",
 "Refrigerator/Freezer" as "Type",
 manufacturer_name as "Manufacturer",
 model_name as "Model"
FROM Refrigerator Freezer
WHERE email='$email';
```

- ii. Display a button to add another appliance, and a **Next** button.
- iii. If the **Add another appliance** button is clicked,
  1. Display the **Add Appliance Form**.
- iv. Else if the **Next** button is clicked,
  1. Go to the Submission Complete page.
  2. If the **Return to main menu** button is clicked.
    - a. Go to the **Main Menu** page.
2. If the user closes the Hemkraft website or the Hemkraft website unexpectedly crashes before an appliance is added:
  - a. Clear all partial data for the household;

```
-- Clear partial data in Household

DELETE FROM Phone_Number
WHERE email='$email';

DELETE FROM Household
WHERE email='$email';
```

## Reports

### Top 25 Popular Manufacturers

#### Abstract Code

1. User selects **Top 25 Popular Manufacturers** on the View Reports form.
2. Run the **List Top 25 Manufacturers** task
  - a. For each manufacturer name (manufacturer) from the **Manufacturer** entity, count the number of appliances where the manufacturer name of the appliance is the same manufacturer name.

```
SELECT manufacturer_name as manufacturer,
(
 SELECT COUNT(*)
 FROM Cooker as c
 WHERE manufacturer_name = manufacturer
) + (
 SELECT COUNT(*)
 FROM TV as t
 WHERE t.manufacturer_name = manufacturer
) + (
 SELECT COUNT(*)
 FROM Refrigerator_Freezer as r
 WHERE r.manufacturer_name = manufacturer
) + (
 SELECT COUNT(*)
 FROM Washer as w
 WHERE w.manufacturer_name = manufacturer
) + (
 SELECT COUNT(*)
 FROM Dryer as d
 WHERE d.manufacturer_name = manufacturer
) as number_of_appliances
FROM manufacturer
ORDER BY number_of_appliances DESC
LIMIT 25;
```

- i. Link is provided for drilldown report
- b. Else if the length of the list is 0
  - i. Display "There are no appliances to generate the Top 25 Manufacturers"
3. If the **View Manufacturer Drilldown Report** is clicked for a manufacturer name ('\$manufacturer\_name')
  - a. Run **View Manufacturer Drilldown Report** task
    - i. Find the manufacturer from the Manufacturer entity whose manufacturer name == '\$manufacturer\_name'

- ii. For each appliance type in the `Refrigerator_Freezer`, `Cooker`, `Washer`, `Dryer`, and/or `TV` entities and count the number of appliances from the *appliance type* associated with the '`$manufacturer_name`' as an integer:

```
SELECT
 "Cooker" as "Type",
 count(*) as "Raw Count"
FROM Cooker as c
WHERE c.manufacturer_name = '$manufacturer_name'

UNION

SELECT
 "TV" as "Type",
 count(*) as "Raw Count"
FROM TV as t
WHERE t.manufacturer_name = '$manufacturer_name'

UNION

SELECT
 "Washer" as "Type",
 count(*) as "Raw Count"
FROM Washer as w
WHERE w.manufacturer_name = '$manufacturer_name'

UNION

SELECT
 "Dryer" as "Type",
 count(*) as "Raw Count"
FROM Dryer as d
WHERE d.manufacturer_name = '$manufacturer_name'

UNION

SELECT
 "Refrigerator/Freezer" as "Type",
 count(*) as "Raw Count"
FROM Refrigerator_Freezer as rf
WHERE rf.manufacturer_name = '$manufacturer_name';
```

- iii. If the count for all appliance types is 0
1. Display a message stating "There are no appliances associated with that manufacturer name"
- iv. Else
1. Display the results

## Manufacturer/Model Search

### Abstract Code

1. User selects **Manufacturer/Model Search** on the **View Reports** form.
2. While the *search* term ('\$search') input is not filled
  - a. User enters a *search term* ('\$search') into the input field
  - b. If the *search term* input field is filled
    - i. Jump to step 3.
  - c. Else
    - i. Jump to step 2.
3. While the **Submit** button is not clicked, do nothing.
4. If the **Submit** button is clicked:
  - a. Run the **Search** task, using the '\$search'
    - i. Find the set of all distinct manufacturer name(s) (manufacturer\_name) from the **Manufacturer** entity where manufacturer\_name contains the '\$search' and all model names where the appliance's manufacturer == manufacturer\_name UNION the set of all distinct model names (model\_name) from each of the Appliance subtype entities (**Cooker**, **TV**, **Refrigerator\_Freezer**, **Washer**, **Dryer**) where the model\_name contains the '\$search' and the manufacturer\_name for the appliance. Sort the set by manufacturer\_name ascending and model\_name ascending:

```
SELECT
 manufacturer_name,
 IFNULL(model_name, '') as model
FROM Cooker
WHERE LOWER(manufacturer_name) LIKE LOWER('%$search%')
OR LOWER(model_name) LIKE LOWER('%$search%')

UNION

SELECT
 manufacturer_name,
 IFNULL(model_name, '')
FROM TV
WHERE LOWER(manufacturer_name) LIKE LOWER('%$search%')
OR LOWER(model_name) LIKE LOWER('%$search%')

UNION

SELECT
 manufacturer_name,
 IFNULL(model_name, '') as model
FROM Refrigerator_Freezer
WHERE LOWER(manufacturer_name) LIKE LOWER('%$search%')
OR LOWER(model_name) LIKE LOWER('%$search%')

UNION

SELECT
 manufacturer_name,
 IFNULL(model_name, '') as model
FROM Washer
WHERE LOWER(manufacturer_name) LIKE LOWER('%$search%')
OR LOWER(model_name) LIKE LOWER('%$search%')

UNION

SELECT
 manufacturer_name,
 IFNULL(model_name, '') as model
FROM Dryer
WHERE LOWER(manufacturer_name) LIKE LOWER('%$search%')
OR LOWER(model_name) LIKE LOWER('%$search%')
ORDER BY
 manufacturer_name ASC,
 model ASC;
```



- ii. If the length of the set is greater than 0:
  - 1. Jump to step 4b.
- iii. Else
  - 1. Display "There were no Manufacturers or Model Names that matched your search."
- b. For each manufacturer name and model name in the results of the **Search** task:
  - i. If the model name is NULL:
    - 1. Replace the model name in the result with an empty string
  - ii. If both the manufacturer name and model name contain the '\$search' term:
    - 1. Highlight both cells in green
  - iii. Else if the manufacturer name contains the '\$search' term:
    - 1. Highlight the cell in green
  - iv. Else if the model name contains the '\$search' term:
    - 1. Highlight the cell in green
  - v. Display the results

**Calculate Average TV Display Size by State****Abstract Code**

1. User selects the **Average TV display size by State** report on the **View Reports** form.
2. Run the **List Average TV Display Size by State** task:
  - a. Find the `Location.state` and average `TV.display_size` rounded up to the tenths decimal point from the `Location`, `TV`, `Household` entities from the set of all households where the postal code for the household is in the `Location.state` and the TV is an appliance associated with the household and sort by `Location.state` ascending.
  - b. A link is provided for the Drilldown Report by State for each state

```

SELECT

 Location.state AS states,

 ROUND(AVG(TV.display_size), 1) AS avg_display_size

FROM TV

 INNER JOIN Household

 ON TV.email = Household.email

 INNER JOIN Location

 ON Location.postal_code = Household.postal_code

GROUP BY states

ORDER BY states ASC;

```

3. If the **Average TV Display Report by State Drilldown Report** is clicked for a state ('\$state'):
  - a. Display the '\$state', `TV.display_type`, `TV.max_resolution`, and average `TV.display_size` as '\$avg\_display\_size' rounded up to the tenths decimal point from `Location`, `TV`, `Household` entities from the set of all households where the postal code for the household is in the `Location`. State as the `Location.state == '$state'` and the TV is an appliance associated with the household and group the results by '\$state', `TV.display_type`, `TV.max_resolution`, and sort by '\$avg\_display\_size' descending.

```
SELECT

 Location.state AS states,

 TV.display_type AS display_type,

 TV.max_resolution AS max_resolution,

 ROUND(AVG(TV.display_size),1) AS avg_display_size

FROM TV

 INNER JOIN Household

 ON TV.email = Household.email

 INNER JOIN Location

 ON Location.postal_code = Household.postal_code

WHERE Location.state = '$state'

GROUP BY states, display_type, max_resolution

ORDER BY avg_display_size DESC;
```

## Extra Fridge/Freezer Report

### Abstract Code

1. User selects the **List Households with Extra Fridge/Freezer** report on the **View Reports** form.
2. Run the **Count Households with Extra Fridge/Freezer** task:
  - a. Run **Count Households with Extra Fridge/Freeze** task:
    - i. Display the count of the number of households from the `Household` entity where the count of `Refrigerator_Freezer` appliances that are associated with the household is greater than 1.

```
SELECT COUNT(*) AS household_count_with_extra_fridge

FROM (

 SELECT Refrigerator_Freezer.email, COUNT(*) AS
 fridge_count

 FROM Refrigerator_Freezer

 GROUP BY Refrigerator_Freezer.email

 HAVING fridge_count > 1

) AS Fridge_Count_Table;
```

- b. Run **Calculate Percentage for Households with Extra Fridge/Freeze** task:
  - i. Find the `Location.state` and the count of the number of households from the `Household` entity as `(' $household_count')`, where the household's postal code is in `Location.state` and count of `Refrigerator_Freezer` appliances that are associated with the household is greater than 1. Sort by `' $household_count'` descending.
  - ii. For each state in the results
    1. Count the number of households where `Refrigerator_Freezer.refrigerator_type == 'chest freezer'` as `' $chest_freezer_count'`, the number of households `Refrigerator_Freezer.refrigerator_type == 'upright freezer'` (`' $upright_freezer_count'`), and the number of households `Refrigerator_Freezer.refrigerator_type != 'chest`

freezer' and

```
Refrigerator_Freezer.refrigerator_type !=
'upright freezer' as ('$other_count')
```

2. Calculate the percentage of households with each type of fridge/freezer as

```
('$chestFreezerPercent'),
('$uprightFreezerPercent'), and
('$otherPercent'). Round all values to whole
number.
```

- iii. Display the first 10 records in the results

```

SELECT
 hhc.state,
 COUNT(hhc.email) AS household_count,
 FORMAT((COUNT(cfc.email)/COUNT(hhc.email))*100, 'P0')
 AS chest_freezer_percent,
 FORMAT((COUNT(ufc.email)/COUNT(hhc.email))*100, 'P0')
 AS upright_freezer_percent,
 FORMAT((COUNT(oc.email)/COUNT(hhc.email))*100, 'P0') AS
 other_percent
FROM
 (
 SELECT l.state, ff.email, COUNT(*) AS fridge_count
 FROM Refrigerator_Freezer ff
 INNER JOIN Household h ON ff.email = h.email
 INNER JOIN Location l ON l.postal_code = h.postal_code
 GROUP BY ff.email
 HAVING fridge_count > 1
) AS hhc
LEFT JOIN
 (
 SELECT l.state, ff.email,
 COUNT(*) AS fridge_count
 FROM Refrigerator_Freezer ff
 INNER JOIN Household h ON ff.email = h.email
 INNER JOIN Location l ON l.postal_code = h.postal_code
 WHERE ff.refrigerator_type = 'chest freezer'
 GROUP BY ff.email
) AS cfc
ON hhc.email = cfc.email
LEFT JOIN
 (
 SELECT l.state, ff.email, COUNT(*) AS fridge_count
 FROM Refrigerator_Freezer ff
 INNER JOIN Household h ON ff.email = h.email
 INNER JOIN Location l ON l.postal_code = h.postal_code
 WHERE ff.refrigerator_type = 'upright freezer'
 GROUP BY ff.email
) AS ufc
ON hhc.email = ufc.email
LEFT JOIN
 (
 SELECT l.state, ff.email, COUNT(*) AS fridge_count
 FROM Refrigerator_Freezer ff
 INNER JOIN Household h ON ff.email = h.email
 INNER JOIN Location l ON l.postal_code = h.postal_code
 WHERE ff.refrigerator_type != 'chest freezer'
 AND ff.refrigerator_type != 'upright freezer'
 GROUP BY ff.email
) AS oc
ON hhc.email = oc.email
GROUP BY hhc.state
ORDER BY household_count DESC
LIMIT 10;

```

**Laundry Center Report****Abstract Code**

1. User clicks on the button for **Laundry Center** after choosing **View Reports**
2. Run the **Get Washer Type and Heat Source** task:
  - a. Find the most common `Washer.loading_type` and `Dryer.heat_source` from all households from the `Household` entity for each state in the `Location` entity where the household has a `Washer` surrogate, and the household has a `Dryer` surrogate and the household's postal code is in the `Location.state`.
  - b. Sort by `Location.state` ascending.

```

SELECT DISTINCT Location.state as States,
(
 SELECT
 Washer.loading_type
 FROM
 Household
 LEFT JOIN Washer
 ON Washer.email = Household.email
 LEFT JOIN Location
 ON Household.postal_code = Location.postal_code
 WHERE Location.state = States
 GROUP BY Washer.loading_type
 ORDER BY COUNT(Washer.loading_type) DESC
 LIMIT 1
) as "Loading Type",
(
 SELECT
 Dryer.heat_source
 FROM
 Household
 LEFT JOIN Dryer
 ON Dryer.email = Household.email
 LEFT JOIN Location
 ON Household.postal_code = Location.postal_code
 WHERE Location.state = States
 GROUP BY Dryer.heat_source
 ORDER BY COUNT(Dryer.heat_source) DESC
 LIMIT 1
) as "Heat Source"
FROM Household
 LEFT JOIN Location
 ON Household.postal_code = Location.postal_code
ORDER BY States ASC;

```

3. Run the **Get Households with no dryer** task:
- Display the count of all households as ('\$household\_count') from the `Household` entity where there is a `Washer` surrogate associated with the household, but no `Dryer` surrogate associated with the household for each state in the `Location` entity where the household's postal code is in the `Location.state`.
  - Sort by '\$household\_count' descending.

```
SELECT
 Location.state as "State",
 COUNT(Household.email) as "Household Count"
FROM
 Household
 LEFT JOIN Location
 ON Household.postal_code = Location.postal_code
WHERE
 Household.postal_code = Location.postal_code
AND NOT EXISTS (
 SELECT email
 FROM Dryer
 WHERE Household.email = Dryer.email
)
AND EXISTS (
 SELECT email
 FROM Washer
 WHERE Household.email = Washer.email
)
GROUP BY Location.state
ORDER BY "Household Count" DESC;
```



**Bathroom Statistics****Abstract Code**

1. User clicks on **Bathroom Statistics** button.
2. Run the **Compute min, max, average statistics per household** task:
  - a. List the minimum, maximum, average count of all bathrooms as min, max, avg on total count of ``Full`.bathroom_id` and `Half.bathroom_id` per household as `'$total_bathroom_count'`. Round the average count of bathrooms to tenths decimal point.
  - b. List the minimum, maximum, average count of full bathrooms as min, max, avg on total count of ``Full`.bathroom_id` if the bathroom id is in ``Full`` entity per household as `'$total_full_bathroom_count'`. Round the average count of full bathrooms to tenths decimal point.
  - c. List the minimum, maximum, average count of half bathrooms as min, max, avg on total count of `Half.bathroom_id` if the bathroom id is in `Half` entity per household as `'$total_half_bathroom_count'`. Round the average count of half bathrooms to tenths decimal point.
  - d. List the minimum, maximum, average count of bidets as min, max, avg on total count of ``Full`.bidet_count` and `Half.bidet_count` per household `'$total_bidet_count'`. Round the average count of bidets to tenths decimal point.
  - e. List the minimum, maximum, average count of sinks as min, max, avg on total count of ``Full`.sink_count` and `Half.sink_count` per household as `'$total_sink_count'`. Round the average count of sinks to tenths decimal point.
  - f. List the minimum, maximum, average count of commodes as min, max, avg on total count of ``Full`.commode_count` and `Half.commode_count` per household as `'$total_commode_count'`. Round the average count of commodes to tenths decimal point.
  - g. List the minimum, maximum, average count of bathtubs as min, max, avg on total count of ``Full`.tub_count` per household as `'$total_bathtub_count'`. Round the average count of bathtubs to tenths decimal point.
  - h. List the minimum, maximum, average count of all showers as min, max, avg on total count of ``Full`.shower_count` per household as `'$total_shower_count'`. Round the average count of showers to tenths decimal point.
  - i. List the minimum, maximum, average count of tub/showers as min, max, avg on total count of ``Full`.tub_shower_count` per household as `'$total_tubshower_count'`. Round the average count of tub/showers to tenths decimal point.

```

SELECT
MAX(totalCountTable.total_bathroom_count) AS max_bathroom_count,
MIN(totalCountTable.total_bathroom_count) AS min_bathroom_count,
ROUND((SUM(totalCountTable.total_bathroom_count)/COUNT(*)),10) AS
avg_bathroom_count,
MAX(totalCountTable.total_full_bathroom_count) as max_full_bathroom_count,
MIN(totalCountTable.total_full_bathroom_count) AS min_full_bathroom_count,
ROUND((SUM(totalCountTable.total_full_bathroom_count)/COUNT(*)),10) AS
avg_full_bathroom_count,
MAX(totalCountTable.total_half_bathroom_count) AS max_half_bathroom_count,
MIN(totalCountTable.total_half_bathroom_count) AS min_half_bathroom_count,
ROUND((SUM(totalCountTable.total_half_bathroom_count)/COUNT(*)),10) AS
avg_half_bathroom_count,
MAX(totalCountTable.total_commode_count) as max_commode_count,
MIN(totalCountTable.total_commode_count) as min_commode_count,
ROUND((SUM(totalCountTable.total_commode_count)/COUNT(*)),10) as
avg_commode_count,
MAX(totalCountTable.total_sink_count) as max_sink_count,
MIN(totalCountTable.total_sink_count) as min_sink_count,
ROUND((SUM(totalCountTable.total_sink_count)/COUNT(*)),10) as avg_sink_count,
MAX(totalCountTable.total_bidet_count) as max_bidet_count,
MIN(totalCountTable.total_bidet_count) as min_bidet_count,
ROUND((SUM(totalCountTable.total_bidet_count)/COUNT(*)),10) as avg_bidet_count,
MAX(totalCountTable.total_bathtub_count) as max_bathtub_count,
MIN(totalCountTable.total_bathtub_count) as min_bathtub_count,
ROUND((SUM(totalCountTable.total_bathtub_count)/COUNT(*)),10) as
avg_bathtub_count,
MAX(totalCountTable.total_shower_count) as max_shower_count,
MIN(totalCountTable.total_shower_count) as min_shower_count,
ROUND((SUM(totalCountTable.total_shower_count)/COUNT(*)),10) as
avg_shower_count,
MAX(totalCountTable.total_tub_shower_count) as max_tub_shower_count,
MIN(totalCountTable.total_tub_shower_count) as min_tub_shower_count,
ROUND((SUM(totalCountTable.total_tub_shower_count)/COUNT(*)),10) as
avg_tub_shower_count
FROM
(
SELECT email as email, SUM(derivedTable.bathroom_count) AS
total_bathroom_count,
SUM(derivedTable.full_bathroom_count) as total_full_bathroom_count,
SUM(derivedTable.half_bathroom_count) as total_half_bathroom_count,
SUM(derivedTable.bathroom_commode_count) as total_commode_count,
SUM(derivedTable.bathroom_sink_count) as total_sink_count,
SUM(derivedTable.bathroom_bidet_count) as total_bidet_count,
SUM(derivedTable.bathroom_bathtub_count) as total_bathtub_count,
SUM(derivedTable.bathroom_shower_count) as total_shower_count,
SUM(derivedTable.bathroom_tub_shower_count) as total_tub_shower_count
FROM
(
SELECT email as "email", COUNT(*) as bathroom_count,
COUNT(*) as full_bathroom_count, NULL as half_bathroom_count,
SUM(commode_count) as bathroom_commode_count,
SUM(sink_count) as bathroom_sink_count,
SUM(bidet_count) as bathroom_bidet_count,
SUM(bathtub_count) as bathroom_bathtub_count,
SUM(shower_count) as bathroom_shower_count,
SUM(tub_shower_count) as bathroom_tub_shower_count
FROM `Full` GROUP BY email
UNION ALL
SELECT email as "email", COUNT(*) as bathroom_count,
NULL as full_bathroom_count, COUNT(*) as half_bathroom_count,
SUM(commode_count) as bathroom_commode_count,
SUM(sink_count) as bathroom_sink_count,
SUM(bidet_count) as bathroom_bidet_count,
NULL as bathroom_bathtub_count,
NULL as bathroom_shower_count,
NULL as bathroom_tub_shower_count
FROM Half GROUP BY email
) derivedTable
GROUP BY email) totalCountTable;

```

3. Run **Compute the total bidet count per state** task:
- For each distinct `Location.state` in the `Location` entity, count the total ``Full`.bidet_count` and `Half.bidet_count` as `'total_bidet_count_per_state'` from all bathrooms from all households from the `Household` entity where the household's postal code is in the `Location.state`
  - Group by `Location.state`.
  - Sort the results based on `'total_bidet_count_per_state'` in descending order.
  - Display the `Location.state` and `'$total_bidet_count_per_state'` of the first record.

```
SELECT totalBidetCountPerStateTable.state as state,
totalBidetCountPerStateTable.total_bidet_count_state as
max_bidet_count_state
FROM
(
SELECT Location.state as state,
SUM(totalBidetCountPerPostalCode.total_bidet_count_postal_code) as
total_bidet_count_state
FROM
(SELECT joinedTable.postal_code as postal_code,
SUM(joinedTable.total_bidet_count) as total_bidet_count_postal_code
FROM
(SELECT Household.postal_code as postal_code, derivedTable.email as
email ,
SUM(derivedTable.bathroom_bidet_count) as total_bidet_count
FROM
(
SELECT email as "email", SUM(bidet_count) as
bathroom_bidet_count
FROM `Full` GROUP BY email
UNION ALL
SELECT email as "email", SUM(bidet_count) as
bathroom_bidet_count
FROM Half GROUP BY email
) derivedTable
INNER JOIN Household ON Household.email = derivedTable.email
GROUP BY email) joinedTable
GROUP BY postal_code) totalBidetCountPerPostalCode
INNER JOIN Location ON Location.postal_code =
totalBidetCountPerPostalCode.postal_code
GROUP BY state
)totalBidetCountPerStateTable
ORDER BY totalBidetCountPerStateTable.total_bidet_count_state DESC
LIMIT 1;
```

4. Run **Compute the total bidet count per postal Code** task:
- For a household, find the corresponding postal code, '\$postal\_code' and total count of `Full`.bidet\_count and Half.bidet\_count as '\$total\_bidet\_count' computed in **Compute min, max, average statistics per household**.
  - Group by '\$postal\_code' and find the total bidet count per postal code 'total\_bidet\_count\_per\_postal\_code'.
  - Sort the results based on 'total\_bidet\_count\_per\_postal\_code' in descending order.
  - Display the '\$postal\_code' and '\$total\_bidet\_count' of the first record.

```

SELECT totalBidetCountPerPostalCodeTable.postal_code as
postal_code,
totalBidetCountPerPostalCodeTable.total_bidet_count_postal_code as
max_bidet_count_postal_code
FROM
(
 SELECT joinedTable.postal_code as postal_code,
 SUM(joinedTable.total_bidet_count) as total_bidet_count_postal_code
 FROM
 (SELECT Household.postal_code as postal_code, derivedTable.email as
 email ,
 SUM(derivedTable.bathroom_bidet_count) as total_bidet_count
 FROM
 (
 SELECT email as "email", SUM(bidet_count) as
 bathroom_bidet_count
 FROM `Full` GROUP BY email
 UNION ALL
 SELECT email as "email", SUM(bidet_count) as
 bathroom_bidet_count
 FROM Half GROUP BY email
) derivedTable
 INNER JOIN Household ON Household.email = derivedTable.email
 GROUP BY email) joinedTable
 GROUP BY postal_code
) totalBidetCountPerPostalCodeTable
ORDER BY
totalBidetCountPerPostalCodeTable.total_bidet_count_postal_code
DESC
LIMIT 1;

```

5. Run **Compute the count of Single primary bathroom** task:
- For each household, find the total count of  
`Full`.bathroom\_id per household  
\$single\_primary\_bathroom\_count' where  
'single\_primary\_bathroom\_count' is equal to 1 and  
'Full'.is\_primary is true and Household.email is in  
'Full' entity, but not in Half entity.

```
SELECT singlePrimaryFullTable.single_primary_bathroom_count as
single_primary_bathroom_count
FROM
(SELECT email as email, count(*) as single_primary_bathroom_count,
is_primary as is_primary from `Full`
GROUP BY email
HAVING single_primary_bathroom_count = 1 and is_primary = 1 and
email NOT IN (SELECT email from Half))singlePrimaryFullTable;
```

**Household Averages by Radius****Abstract Code**

1. Display **Household Averages by Radius** form.
2. While ((postal code ('\$postal\_code') is not inputted) or (postal code ('\$postal\_code') is invalid) or (search radius ('\$search\_radius') is not inputted)):
  - a. postal code ('\$postal\_code') is inputted
  - b. search radius ('\$search\_radius') is inputted
  - c. If **Submit** button is clicked:
    - i. If the '\$postal\_code' is not found in the Location entity
 

```
SELECT postal_code
FROM Location
WHERE postal_code = '$postal_code';
```

      1. Display an error message indicating that the postal code input was invalid and empty the input fields.
      2. Jump to step 2.
    - ii. Else
      1. Jump to step 2.e.
  - d. Run the **Household Averages by Radius** task:
  - e. For each postal\_code in the set of all unique Location.postal\_code from the Location entity and their Location.longitude and Location.latitude
    - i. Calculate the '\$haversine\_distance' to determine if the '\$postal\_code' is in the specified '\$search\_radius'
    - ii. If the '\$haversine\_distance' is less than or equal to the search radius:
      1. Run the **Household Averages by Radius** task:
      2. Find all households from the Household entity where the household lives in the '\$postal\_code'
      3. Round the average count of all bathrooms on total count of bathrooms per household ('\$average\_bathroom\_count') to the nearest tenths.
      4. Round the average count of all bedrooms on total count of bedrooms per household in ('\$average\_bedroom\_count') to the nearest tenths. Display '\$average\_bedroom\_count'.
      5. Round the average count of all occupants per household in ('\$average\_occupant\_count') to the nearest integer. Display '\$average\_occupant\_count'.

6. Round the division of the sum of all `Household.occupant_count` and the total count of `Bathroom.commode_count` (``Full`` and `Half`) for each household where the bathroom is associated with the household and the household is in the `'$postal_code'` to determine `(''$ratio_commodes_to_occupants'`). Display the ratio as `"1: '$ratio_commodes_to_occupants'."`
7. Divide the count of all appliances from the `Cooker`, `TV`, `Washer`, `Dryer`, and `Refrigerator_Freezer` entities `(''$total_number_of_appliances'`) by the count of unique `Household.email` (`'$number_of_households'`) to determine `'$average_number_of_appliances'`. Round `'$average_number_of_appliances'` to the nearest tenths decimal point. Display `'$average_number_of_appliances'`.
8. Find all `'$heat_source'` on `Dryer`, `Cooktop`, and `Oven` entities where the appliance is associated with the household and the household lives in the `'$postal_code'`
  - a. Display the most common `'$heat_source'`.

```

SELECT

 ROUND(SUM(bedroom_count)/COUNT(email), 1) as avg_bedroom_count,
 ROUND(SUM(ct)/COUNT(email), 1) as avg_bathroom_count,
 CEIL(SUM(occupant_count)/COUNT(email)) as avg_occupant_count,
 CONCAT("1:", ROUND(SUM(occupant_count)/SUM(commode_count), 2)) as
 ratio_commodes_to_occupants,
 ROUND(SUM(ap)/COUNT(email), 1) as avg_appliance_count,
 heat_source as most_common_heat_source

FROM
(
 SELECT COUNT(*) as ct, COUNT(commode_count) as commode_count
 FROM Half
 UNION
 SELECT COUNT(*) as ct, COUNT(commode_count) as commode_count
 FROM `Full`
) as sum_bathrooms,
(
 SELECT COUNT(*) as ap
 FROM Cooker
 UNION
 SELECT COUNT(*) as ap
 FROM TV

```

```

UNION
SELECT COUNT(*) as ap
FROM Refrigerator_Freezer
UNION
SELECT COUNT(*) as ap
FROM Washer
UNION
SELECT COUNT(*) as ap
FROM Dryer
) as sum_appliances,
(
 SELECT COUNT(heat_source) as heat_source_count, heat_source
 FROM Dryer
 UNION
 SELECT COUNT(heat_source) as heat_source_count, heat_source
 FROM Cooktop
 UNION
 SELECT COUNT(heat_source) as heat_source_count, heat_source
 FROM Oven_Heat_Source
 ORDER BY heat_source_count DESC
 LIMIT 1
) as heat_sources,
Household
WHERE Household.postal_code in (
 SELECT house_postal_code2
 FROM
 (
 SELECT house_postal_code1, house_postal_code2,
 3958.75*2*atan2(sqrt(sin((Radians(latitude2) -
Radians(latitude1))/2)*sin((Radians(latitude2) -
Radians(latitude1))/2) +
cos(Radians(latitude1))*cos(Radians(latitude2))*sin((Radians(
longitude2)-Radians(longitude1))/2)*sin((Radians(longitude2)-
Radians(longitude1))/2)), sqrt(1-sin((Radians(latitude2) -
Radians(latitude1))/2)*sin((Radians(latitude2) -
Radians(latitude1))/2) +
cos(Radians(latitude1))*cos(Radians(latitude2))*sin((Radians(
longitude2)-Radians(longitude1))/2)*sin((Radians(longitude2)-
Radians(longitude1))/2))) as haversine_distance
 FROM
 (
 SELECT DISTINCT h.postal_code as house_postal_code1,
 l.latitude as latitude1, l.longitude as longitude1
 FROM Household h
 INNER JOIN Location l ON h.postal_code = l.postal_code
 WHERE h.postal_code = '$postal_code'
) as a
 CROSS JOIN
 (
 SELECT DISTINCT h.postal_code as house_postal_code2,
 l.latitude as latitude2 , l.longitude as longitude2

```



```
FROM Household h
INNER JOIN Location l ON h.postal_code = l.postal_code
) as b HAVING haversine_distance <= '$radius') as c

);
```