Difference between Document and Window Objects:

Document Object:

- It represents any HTML document or web page that is loaded in the browser.
- > It is the object of window property.
- > It is loaded inside the window.
- All the tags, elements with attributes in HTML are part of the document.
- The document is part of BOM (browser object model) and DOM (Document object model).
- We can access the document from a window using the window. Document.
- Properties of document objects such as title, body, cookies, etc can also be accessed by a window like this window. document.title.

Some Properties of Document Object:

- anchors: It returns all <a> elements that have a name attribute.
- > embeds: It returns the collection of all embedded elements.
- > URL: It returns the complete URL of the document.
- > forms: It returns all the elements of the form.
- title: It returns the title element of the document.
- head: It returns the head element of the document.
- > links: It returns all <area> and <a> elements that have a href attribute.

Syntax: document.propertyname;

Some Methods of Document Object:

- createAttribute(): It is used to create an attribute node with the specified name and returns the attribute object.
- createComment(): It is used to create a comment node with some text.
- createDocumentFragment(): It is used to create the document fragment to change the content of the document.
- reateElement(): It is used to create HTML element .
- > getElementById(): It returns the object of the given ID. If no object with that id exists then it returns null.
- getElementsByClassName(): It returns an object containing all the elements with the specified class names in the document as objects.
- getElementsByName(): It returns an object containing all the elements with the specified name in the document as objects.
- right getElementsByTagName(): It returns an object containing all the elements with the specified tag names in the document as objects.

Syntax: document.method name;

Window Object:

- It represents a browser window or frame that displays the contents of the webpage.
- > It is the object of the browser.
- It is the very first object that is loaded in the browser.
- Global objects, functions, and variables of JavaScript are members of the window object.
- The window is part of BOM ((browser object model), not DOM (Document object model).
- We can access the window from the window only. i.e., window. window.
- Properties of the window object cannot be accessed by the document object.

Some Properties of Window Object:

- Closed: It holds a Boolean value that represents whether the window is closed or not.
- > console: It returns a reference to the console object which provides access to the browser's debugging console.
- defaultStatus: It is used to define the default message that will be displayed in the status bar when no activity is carried on by the browser.
- > controllers: It returns the XUL controller objects for the current Chrome window.
- ➤ DOMRect: It returns a reference to a DOMRect object, which represents a rectangle.
- > Length: It represents the number of frames in the current window.

Syntax: window. propertyname;

Some Methods of Window Object:

- resizeBy(): It is used to resize a window by the specified amount.
- resizeTo(): It is used to resize a window to the specified width and height.
- scrollBy(): It is used to scroll the document by the given number of pixels.
- > scrollTo(): It is used to scroll to a particular set of coordinates in the document.
- > setInterval(): It repeats a given function at every given time interval.
- > setTimeout(): It executes a function, after waiting a specified number of milliseconds
- > stop(): It is used to stop the window from loading resources in the current browsing context.

Syntax: window.method_name;