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PIZZAHUT





1. RETREIVE THE TOTAL NUMBER OF ORDER PLACED

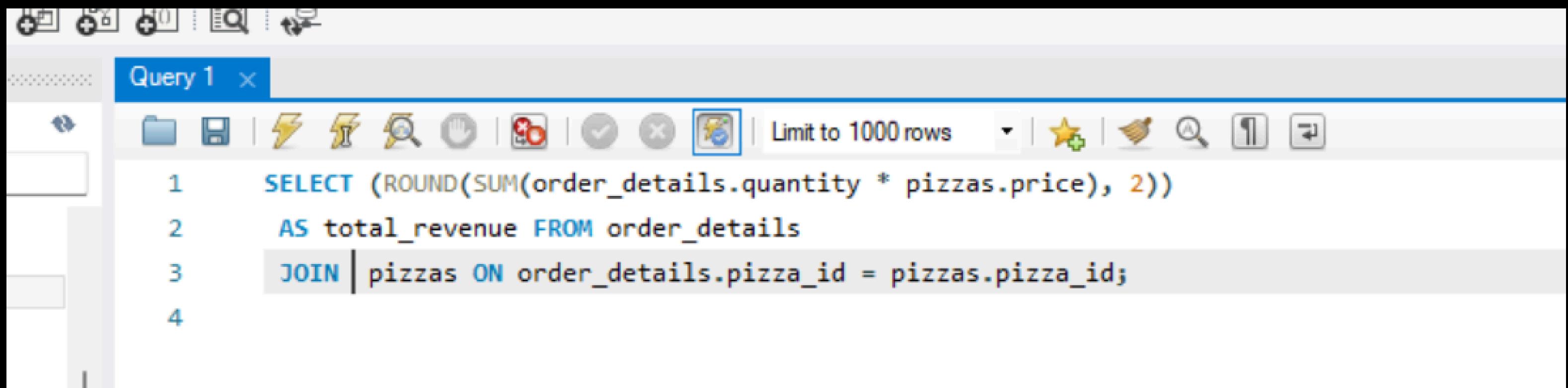
The screenshot shows a MySQL Workbench interface. The query editor contains the following SQL code:

```
1 • select count(order_id) as total_number from orders;
```

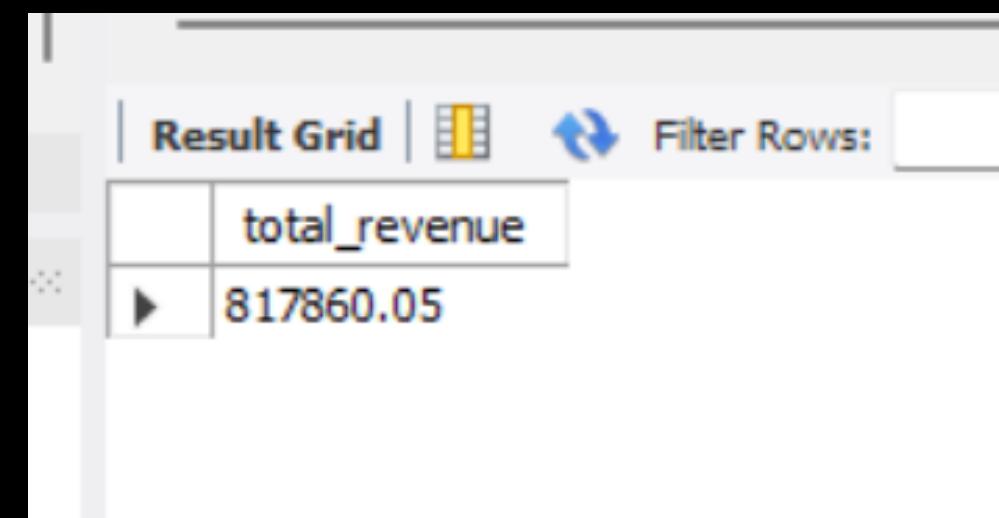
The results pane shows a single row with the column 'total_number' containing the value '21350'.

total_number
21350

2.Calculate the total revenue generated from pizza sales.



```
Query 1
SELECT (ROUND(SUM(order_details.quantity * pizzas.price), 2))
AS total_revenue FROM order_details
JOIN pizzas ON order_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id;
```



total_revenue
817860.05



3. IDENTIFY THE HIGHEST-PRICED PIZZA.



Query 1 X

File Edit View Insert Tools Help

Limit to 1000 rows

```
1 • SELECT pizza_types.name, pizzas.price FROM
2     pizza_types JOIN pizzas ON
3         pizza_types.pizza_type_id = pizzas.pizza_type_id
4     ORDER BY pizzas.price DESC LIMIT 1;
```

Result Grid | Filter Rows:

	name	price
▶	The Greek Pizza	35.95





4. IDENTIFY THE MOST COMMON PIZZA SIZE ORDERED.

```
select pizzas.size, count(order_details.order_details_id)
from pizzas join order_details on
pizzas.pizza_id=order_details.pizza_id group by pizzas.size;
```

Result Grid | Filter Rows: Export: Wr

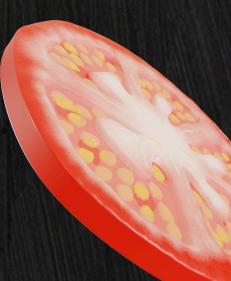
	size	count(order_details.order_details_id)
▶	M	15385
	L	18526
	S	14137
	XL	544
	XXL	28



LIST THE TOP 5 MOST ORDERED PIZZA TYPES ALONG WITH THEIR QUANTITIES.



```
Query 1 x
1 • select pizza_types.name,sum(order_details.quantity) as quantity
2   from pizza_types join pizzas on
3     pizza_types.pizza_type_id=pizzas.pizza_type_id
4   join order_details on order_details.pizza_id=pizzas.pizza_id
5   group by pizza_types.name order by quantity desc limit 5;
6
```



Result Grid		
	name	quantity
▶	The Classic Deluxe Pizza	2453
	The Barbecue Chicken Pizza	2432
	The Hawaiian Pizza	2422
	The Pepperoni Pizza	2418
	The Thai Chicken Pizza	2371



1 JOIN THE NECESSARY TABLES TO FIND THE TOTAL QUANTITY OF EACH PIZZA CATEGORY ORDERED.



```
Query 1 x
as
Procedures
ns
1 • select pizza_types.category,sum(order_details.quantity)as quantity
2   from pizza_types join pizzas on
3     pizza_types.pizza_type_id=pizzas.pizza_type_id join
4       order_details on order_details.pizza_id=pizzas.pizza_id group by category
5   order by quantity desc;
6
```



	category	quantity
▶	Classic	14888
	Supreme	11987
	Veggie	11649
	Chicken	11050



1. ANALYZE THE CUMULATIVE REVENUE GENERATED OVER TIME.

```
| ⚡ | ⚡ | 🔎 | 🖐️ | 🗃 | ✅ | ✖️ | ⚡ | Limit to 1000 rows | ⭐ | 🍽️ | 🔎 | 1 | ⌛ |  
select date,sum(revenue) over (order by date) as cum_revenue  
from  
(select orders.date,round(sum(order_details.quantity*pizzas.price),2) as revenue  
from order_details join pizzas on order_details.pizza_id=pizzas.pizza_id join  
orders on order_details.order_id=orders.order_id group by orders.date) as sales;
```

Result Grid | Filter Rows: Export:

	date	cum_revenue
▶	2015-01-01	2713.85
	2015-01-02	5445.75
	2015-01-03	8108.15
	2015-01-04	9863.6
	2015-01-05	11929.55
	2015-01-06	14358.5
	2015-01-07	16560.7
	2015-01-08	19399.05
	2015-01-09	21526.399999999998

Result 8 ×