

Republic of Rwanda City of Kigali



TVET DISTRICT COMPREHENSIVE ASSESSMENT SCHOOL YEAR 2022-2023

GASABO DISTRICT

SECTOR: INFORMATION COMMUNICATION AND TECHNOLOGY (ICT)

TRADE: SOFTWARE DEVELOPMENT

RTOF LEVEL: IV

MODULE CODE AND TITLE: SFDSF401, BASICS AND FUNDAMENTALS OF

DATABASE

DURATION: 3HOURS

DATE:

INSTRUCTION TO CANDIDATES:

Instructions: This Assessment Consists three (3) sections A, B and C

Section A: All questions are compulsory. 55marks

Section B: Attempt any 3 questions. 30marks

Section C: Choose only one (1) question 15 marks

SECTION A: ATTEMPT ALL QUESTIONS

55marks

Q1. Define the following term:/5marks

a. Data

b. database

c. Entities

d. attributes **e**. information

References: SFDSFD401, BASICS AND FUNDAMENTALS OF DATABASE learning unit 1: Analyze database requirement, Learning Outcome1.1: Define database key terms, models, types and relationships, page 266.

Q2. List 3 types of relationships. /5marks

References: SFDSFD401, BASICS AND FUNDAMENTALS OF DATABASE learning unit 1: analyze database requirement, Learning Outcome1.1: Define database key terms, models, types and relationships, page 266.

Q3. Choose the correct answer for the following sentence/5marks

Which SQL statement is used to add new data or record in a database?

a) INSERT INTO

c) INSERT NEW

b) ADD NEW

d) ADD RECORD

References: SFDSFD401, BASICS AND FUNDAMENTALS OF DATABASE Learning unit 3: Create Database, Learning Outcome 3.1: Create tables and attributes.

Q4. Outline any four different types of database model /5Marks

References: SFDSFD401, BASICS AND FUNDAMENTALS OF DATABASE learning unit 1: analyze database requirement, Learning Outcome 1.1: Define database key terms, models, types and relationships.

Q5. Define constraints. List and explain types of constraints /5marks

References: SFDSFD401, BASICS AND FUNDAMENTALS OF DATABASE learning

Q6. Complete the description column in this table based each DB constraints/5marks

| NO | Constraint | Description |
|----|------------------------|---|
| 1. | Primary key constraint | E & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & |
| | | 0 g = |
| 2. | Foreign key constraint | |
| 3. | Unique key constraint | |
| 4. | Not null constraint | |
| 5. | Check constraint | |
| | | |

References: SFDSFD401, BASICS AND FUNDAMENTALS OF DATABASE learning unit 2: Design database, Learning Outcome 2.2: Identify the constraints.

Q7. Explain the terms 'Record', 'Field' and 'Table' in terms of database. /5marks

References: SFDSFD401, BASICS AND FUNDAMENTALS OF DATABASE learning unit 1: analyze database requirement, Learning Outcome 1.3: Determine the information that the database is required to hold.

Q8. Differentiate primary key and foreign key/5marks

References: SFDSFD401, BASICS AND FUNDAMENTALS OF DATABASE learning unit 2: Design database, Learning Outcome 2.2: Identify the constraints.

Q9. Give any five objectives of database management system /5marks

References: SFDSFD401, BASICS AND FUNDAMENTALS OF DATABASE learning unit 2: Design database, Learning Outcome 2.3: Develop a data dictionary.

Q10. Give any five advantages of database management system /5marks

References: SFDSFD401, BASICS AND FUNDAMENTALS OF DATABASE learning unit 2: Design database, Learning Outcome 2.3: Develop a data dictionary.

Q11. Identify and explain 3 methods used to collect the information. /5marks

References: SFDSFD401, BASICS AND FUNDAMENTALS OF DATABASE learning unit 1: analyze database requirement, Learning Outcome 1.2: Review organizational and task requirements to identify user requirement.

SECTION B: ATTEMPT ALL QUESTIONS

30marks

Q12. Write syntax of how to create database by using xampp, create table with its attributes and insert new record in created table. **/10 marks**

References: SFDSFD401, BASICS AND FUNDAMENTALS OF DATABASE Learning unit 3: Create Database, Learning Outcome 3.1: Create tables and attributes.

Q13. Consider the table BOOKS below: /10marks

| Book name | Edition | Author | Published | Number |
|------------|---------------------|--------------------------------------|---|--|
| | | | date | |
| Web design | Ed2 | H.olivier | 1997 | 30 |
| Database | FA1 | D Albert | 2001 | 20 |
| Databasc | Eui | 1. ADCI | 2001 | 20 |
| VB | Ed3 | M.Claude | 1985 | 14 |
| *** 1 1 1 | D 11 | 7.75 | 1000 | 26 |
| Web design | Edl | J.Mata | 1998 | 26 |
| | Web design Database | Web design Ed2 Database Ed1 VB Ed3 | Web design Ed2 H.olivier Database Ed1 P. Albert VB Ed3 M.Claude | Web design Ed2 H.olivier 1997 Database Ed1 P. Albert 2001 VB Ed3 M.Claude 1985 |

By using the table above, write the SQL commands do the following:

- a. Write SQL query to create the table BOOKS /4marks
- b. Inserting a new record into the table BOOKS /3marks
- c. Write SQL query to display all records from BOOKS. /3marks

References: SFDSFD401, BASICS AND FUNDAMENTALS OF DATABASE Learning unit 3: Create Database, Learning Outcome 3.1: Create tables and attributes.

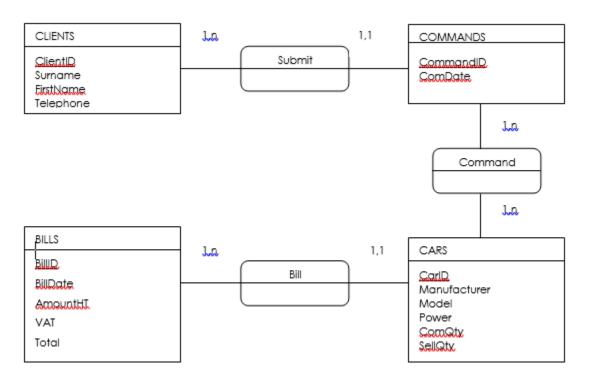
b. List, name and draw Common Entity Relationship Diagram Symbols /10marks.

References: SFDSFD401, BASICS AND FUNDAMENTALS OF DATABASE learning unit 2: Design database, Learning Outcome 2.1: Design an entity relationship diagram (ERD).

Q15. Briefly explain any five goals of DBMS. **10Marks**

SECTION C: CHOOSE ONE QUESTION ANSWER IT.

Q16. Given the following CMD and translate into LMD, before identify all entities, attributes, name of relationship between entities and their cardinalities among them./15marks.



References: SFDSFD401, BASICS AND FUNDAMENTALS OF DATABASE learning unit 2: Design database, Learning Outcome 2.1: Design an entity relationship diagram (ERD).

- **b.** List 4 types of metadata (5marks)
- c. Explain types of metadata listed in (b) (5marks)

References: SFDSFD401, BASICS AND FUNDAMENTALS OF DATABASE learning unit 2: Design database, Learning Outcome 2.1: Design an entity relationship diagram (ERD).