

Linux Command Line Cheat Sheet by Dave Child (DaveChild) via cheatography.com/1/cs/49/

Bash Commands	
uname -a	Show system and kernel
head -n1 /etc/issue	Show distribution
mount	Show mounted filesy- stems
date	Show system date
uptime	Show uptime
whoami	Show your username
man <i>command</i>	Show manual for command

Bash Shortcuts	
CTRL-c	Stop current command
CTRL-z	Sleep program
CTRL-a	Go to start of line
CTRL-e	Go to end of line
CTRL-u	Cut from start of line
CTRL-k	Cut to end of line
CTRL-r	Search history
!!	Repeat last command
!abc	Run last command starting with abc
! <i>abc</i> :p	Print last command starting with <i>abc</i>
!\$	Last argument of previous command
ALT	Last argument of previous command
<u>!</u> *	All arguments of previous command
^abc^123	Run previous command, replacing <i>abc</i> with <i>123</i>

Bash Variables	
env	Show environment variables
echo <i>\$NAME</i>	Output value of <i>\$NAME</i> variable

Bash Variables (cont)		
basii variables (cont)		
export NAME=value	Set \$NAME to value	
\$PATH	Executable search path	
\$HOME	Home directory	
\$SHELL	Current shell	
IO Redirection		
cmd < file		

IO Redirect	tion
cmd < file	
Input of c	md from file
cmd1 <(cm	nd2)
Output of	cmd2 as file input to cmd1
cmd > file	
Standard	output (stdout) of cmd to file
cmd > /dev	/null
Discard s	tdout of <i>cmd</i>
cmd >> file	
Append s	tdout to <i>file</i>
cmd 2> file	
Error outp	out (stderr) of cmd to file
cmd 1>&2	
stdout to	same place as stderr
cmd 2>&1	
stderr to s	same place as stdout
cmd &> file	?
Every out	put of <i>cmd</i> to <i>file</i>

Pipes
cmd1 cmd2
stdout of cmd1 to cmd2
cmd1 & cmd2
stderr of cmd1 to cmd2

Command Lists
cmd1; cmd2
Run cmd1 then cmd2
cmd1 && cmd2
Run cmd2 if cmd1 is successful
cmd1 cmd2
Run cmd2 if cmd1 is not successful
cmd &
Run <i>cmd</i> in a subshell

Directory Operations	
pwd	Show current directory
mkdir <i>dir</i>	Make directory dir
cd <i>dir</i>	Change directory to dir
cd	Go up a directory
Is	List files

ls Options	
- a	Show all (including hidden)
-R	Recursive list
-r	Reverse order
-t	Sort by last modified
- S	Sort by file size
-1	Long listing format
-1	One file per line
-m	Comma-separated output
-Q	Quoted output

Search Files	
grep pattern files	Search for <i>pattern</i> in <i>files</i>
grep -i	Case insensitive search
grep -r	Recursive search
grep -v	Inverted search
grep -o	Show matched part of file only
find /dir/-name name*	Find files starting with <i>name</i> in <i>dir</i>



By Dave Child (DaveChild) cheatography.com/davechild/aloneonahill.com

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Search Files (cont)	
find /dir/-user name	Find files owned by
	<i>name</i> in <i>dir</i>
find /dir/-mmin num	Find files modifed
	less than <i>num</i>
	minutes ago in <i>dir</i>
whereis command	Find binary / source /
	manual for command
locate file	Find <i>file</i> (quick
	search of system
	index)

touch file1

Create file1

cat file1 file2

Concatenate files and output

less file1

View and paginate file1

file file1

Get type of file1

cp file1 file2

Copy file1 to file2

mv file1 file2

Move file1 to file2

rm file1

Delete file1

head file1

Show first 10 lines of file1

tail *file1*

Show last 10 lines of file1

tail -F file1

Output last lines of file1 as it changes

Watch a Command

watch -n 5 'ntpq -p'

Issue the 'ntpq -p' command every 5 seconds and display output

Process Management	
ps	Show snapshot of processes
top	Show real time processes
kill <i>pid</i>	Kill process with id pid
pkill <i>name</i>	Kill process with name name
killall <i>name</i>	Kill all processes with names beginning <i>name</i>

Nano Shortcuts Files

Ctrl-R Read file
Ctrl-O Save file
Ctrl-X Close file

Cut and Paste

ALT-A Start marking text

CTRL-K Cut marked text or line

CTRL-U Paste text

Navigate File

ALT-/ End of file

CTRL-A Beginning of line

CTRL-E End of line

CTRL-C Show line number

CTRL-_ Go to line number

Search File

CTRL-W Find

CTRL-\ Search and replace

More nano info at:

http://www.nano-editor.org/docs.php

Find next

Screen Shortcuts

screen

ALT-W

Start a screen session.

screen -r

Resume a screen session.

Screen Shortcuts (cont)

screen -list

Show your current screen sessions.

CTRL-A

Activate commands for screen.

CTRL-A

Create a new instance of terminal.

CTRL-A n

Go to the next instance of terminal.

CTRL-A p

Go to the previous instance of terminal.

CTRL-A "

Show current instances of terminals.

CTRL-A A

Rename the current instance.

More screen info at:

http://www.gnu.org/software/screen/

File Permissions

chmod 775 file

Change mode of file to 775

chmod -R 600 folder

Recursively chmod folder to 600

chown user.group file

Change *file* owner to *user* and group to *group*

File Permission Numbers

First digit is owner permission, second is group and third is everyone.

Calculate permission digits by adding numbers below.

4 read (r)

2 write (w)

1 execute (x)



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