-- Exercise 04 - Simple SQL Queries

```
CREATE TABLE Clients
surname TEXT,
name TEXT,
city TEXT,
salary INTEGER,
age INTEGER
);
INSERT INTO Clients (surname, name, city, salary, age)
VALUES
('Bianchi', 'Mario', 'Rimini', 1000, 20),
('Bianchi',
            'Ettore', 'Milano',
                                 0, 15),
('Casadei', 'Mario', 'Rimini', 3000, 35),
('Rossi', 'Mario', 'Bologna', 1500, 50),
('Rossi', 'Fabio', 'Firenze', 8000, 40),
('Bianchi', 'Ettore', 'Rimini', 4500, 25),
('Neri', 'Fabio', 'Arezzo', 3500, 35);
(1.) Write a SQL query to display the surnames of the clients
SELECT surname
FROM Clients:
(2.) Write a SQL query to display the names of the clients.
SELECT name
FROM Clients;
(3.) Write a SQL query to display the names and surnames of the clients.
SELECT name, surname
FROM Clients:
(4.) Write a SQL query to display names, surnames and cities of the clients.
SELECT name, surname, city
FROM Clients:
(5.) Write a SQL guery to display all the fields of each client.
SELECT * FROM Clients;
```

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