

```
#include "library.h"
#include <iostream>
#include <fstream>
#include <string>
#include <vector>
#include <queue>
#include <limits>
#include <cmath>
#include <assert.h>
```

```
using namespace std;
```

```
struct place {
    int code;
    string state;
    string name;
    int pop; //population
    double area;
    double lat; //latitude
    double lon; //longitude
    int inter; //intersection code
    double dist; //distance to intersection
    place(int c, string s, string n, int p, double a, double la, double lo, int in, double d) {
        code = c;
        state = s;
        name = n;
        pop = p;
        area = a;
```

```

        lat = la;

        lon = lo;

        inter = in;

        dist = d;

    }

};

struct ht_items {

    string* key; //key will be place name

    place* data; //data will be all the data associated to that name

    ht_items(place* p) {

        key = &p->name;

        data = p;

    }

};

class LL {

protected:

    struct Link {

        ht_items* item;

        Link* next;

        Link(ht_items* i, Link* n) {

            item = i;

            next = n;

        }

    };

    Link* first, * last;

    int size;

public:

    LL() {

        first = NULL;

```

```

        last = NULL;

        size = 0;
    }

    void add_to_front(ht_items* x) {
        first = new Link(x, first);

        if (last == NULL) {
            last = first;
        }

        size++;
    }

    void add_to_back(ht_items* x) {
        if (last != NULL) {
            last->next = new Link(x, NULL);
            last = last->next;
        }
        else {
            last = new Link(x, last);
            first = last;
        }

        size++;
    }

    place* find(string name, string state) { //returns the named place

        place* p = NULL;

        Link* ptr = first;

        while (ptr != NULL) {
            if ((ptr->item->data->name == name) && (ptr->item->data->state == state)) {
                p = ptr->item->data;

                break;
            }

```

```

        ptr = ptr->next;
    }
    return p;
}

vector<place*> find(string name) { //returns vector of all same named places
    vector<place*> solution;
    place* p = NULL;
    Link* ptr = first;
    while (ptr != NULL) {
        if (ptr->item->data->name == name) {
            p = ptr->item->data;
            solution.push_back(p);
        }
        ptr = ptr->next;
    }
    return solution;
}

};

class HT { //Hash table
private:
    LL item_list[30000]; //anything higher exceeds stack size of compiler (Visual Studio)
    int size;
    int count;
    int hash_function(string* key) {
        const int p = 53;
        const int m = 30000;
        long hash_value = 0;
        long p_pow = 1;
        for (char c : *key) {

```

```

        hash_value = (hash_value + (c - '\' + 1) * p_pow) % m;
        p_pow = (p_pow * p) % m;
    }
    //cout << "key: " << key << " hash: " << hash_value << endl;
    return hash_value;
}

public:
    HT() {
        size = 30000;
        count = 0;
    }
    void add(place* p) {
        ht_items* ptr = new ht_items(p);
        int position = hash_function(&ptr->data->name);
        item_list[position].add_to_back(ptr);
        count++;
    }
    void readFile() {
        ifstream fin;
        fin.open("NamedPlaces318.txt");
        if (fin.fail()) {
            cout << "Unable to open NamedPlaces318.txt" << endl;
            return;
        }

        while (!fin.eof()) {
            place* p;
            string buf;

```

```
getline(fin, buf);
```

```
string tempCode(buf, 0, 8);
```

```
string tempState(buf, 8, 2);
```

```
string tempNamePopMix(buf, 10, 56);
```

```
string tempArea(buf, 66, 14);
```

```
string tempLat(buf, 80, 10);
```

```
string tempLon(buf, 90, 11);
```

```
string tempInter(buf, 101, 5);
```

```
string tempDist(buf, 106, 8);
```

```
string code = "";
```

```
string state = "";
```

```
string name = "";
```

```
string pop = "";
```

```
string area = "";
```

```
string lat = "";
```

```
string lon = "";
```

```
string inter = "";
```

```
string dist = "";
```

```
for (int i = 0; i < tempCode.size(); i++) {
```

```
    if (tempCode.at(i) != ' ') {
```

```
        code += tempCode.at(i);
```

```
    }
```

```
}
```

```
for (int i = 0; i < tempState.size(); i++) {
```

```
    if (tempState.at(i) != ' ') {
```

```
        state += tempState.at(i);
```

```

    }
}
for (int i = 0; i < tempNamePopMix.size(); i++) {
    if (tempNamePopMix.at(i) >= '0' && tempNamePopMix.at(i) <= '9') {
        pop += tempNamePopMix.at(i);
    }
}

for (int i = 0; i < tempNamePopMix.size() - 1; i++) {
    //can't be a number or double space, also there will always be a space
    at the end of the name if using "NamedPlaces318.txt"
    if (!(tempNamePopMix.at(i) == ' ' && tempNamePopMix.at(i + 1) == ' ')
    && !(tempNamePopMix.at(i) >= '0' && tempNamePopMix.at(i) <= '9')) {
        name += tempNamePopMix.at(i);
    }
}

name.erase(name.begin() + name.size() - 1); // to get rid of the extra space at
end

for (int i = 0; i < tempArea.size(); i++) {
    if (tempArea.at(i) != ' ') {
        area += tempArea.at(i);
    }
}

for (int i = 0; i < tempLat.size(); i++) {
    if (tempLat.at(i) != ' ') {
        lat += tempLat.at(i);
    }
}

for (int i = 0; i < tempLon.size(); i++) {
    if (tempLon.at(i) != ' ') {
        lon += tempLon.at(i);
    }
}

```

```

        }
    }
    for (int i = 0; i < templInter.size(); i++) {
        if (templInter.at(i) != ' ') {
            inter += templInter.at(i);
        }
    }
    for (int i = 0; i < tempDist.size(); i++) {
        if (tempDist.at(i) != ' ') {
            dist += tempDist.at(i);
        }
    }

    p = new place(stoi(code), state, name, stoi(pop), stod(area), stod(lat), stod(lon),
stoi(inter), stod(dist));

    add(p);
}

fin.close();

}

place* find(string name, string state) {
    int position = hash_function(&name);
    return item_list[position].find(name, state);
}

vector<place*> find(string name) {
    int position = hash_function(&name);
    return item_list[position].find(name);
}

```



```
};
```

```
int LOCATION_TOTAL = 0;
```

```
struct connection {
```

```
    string name, code;
```

```
    int isecA, isecB; //intersection A and B
```

```
    double length; //in miles
```

```
    connection(string n, string c, int a, int b, double l) {
```

```
        name = n;
```

```
        code = c;
```

```
        isecA = a;
```

```
        isecB = b;
```

```
        length = l;
```

```
    }
```

```
};
```

```
struct intersection {
```

```
    string state, name; //nearest named place name and state
```

```
    double lon, lat, dist; // distance from nearest named place
```

```
    intersection(string st, string na, double lo, double la, double dis) {
```

```
        state = st;
```

```
        name = na;
```

```
        lon = lo;
```

```
        lat = la;
```

```
        dist = dis;
```

```
    }
```

```
};
```

```
struct node { //equivalent to location
```

```
    vector<connection*> v_conn_data;
```

```
    intersection* inter_data;
```

```

int number;

/// used for dijkstras algorithm
double spe = numeric_limits<double>::infinity();
node* predecessor = NULL;
bool visited = false;
bool mpqAdded = false;
///

node(intersection* inter, int num) {
    inter_data = inter;
    number = num;
}

};

struct graph {
    vector<node*> v_nodes;
};

//<helperFunctions>
node* returnNodePointer(graph* g, int locationCode) {
    if (locationCode >= 0 && locationCode < g->v_nodes.size()) {
        return g->v_nodes.at(locationCode);
    }
    return NULL;
}

bool checkNumber(string str) {
    for (int i = 0; i < str.length(); i++) {
        if (!isdigit(str[i])) {

```

```

        return false;
    }
}
return true;
}

connection* connectionBetween(node* a, node* b) {
    if (a == NULL || b == NULL) {
        return NULL;
    }
    for (int i = 0; i < a->v_conn_data.size(); i++) {
        if (a->v_conn_data.at(i)->isecB == b->number) {
            return a->v_conn_data.at(i);
        }
    }
    return NULL;
}
}

```

```

string CardinalAndOrdinalDirectionsAtoB(node* a, node* b) {

```

```

    double pi = 3.14159265;
    double x = b->inter_data->lon - a->inter_data->lon;
    double y = b->inter_data->lat - a->inter_data->lat;
    double r = sqrt(x * x + y * y);
    double theta;

    if (y >= 0 && r != 0) {
        theta = acos(x / r);
    }
    if (y < 0) {
        theta = -acos(x / r);
    }
}

```

```

}
if (r == 0) {
    return "ERROR";
}

if (theta >= 0 && theta <= pi / 8) {
    return "E";
}
else if (theta > pi / 8 && theta < 3 * pi / 8) {
    return "NE";
}
else if (theta >= 3 * pi / 8 && theta <= 5 * pi / 8) {
    return "N";
}
else if (theta > 5 * pi / 8 && theta < 7 * pi / 8) {
    return "NW";
}
else if (theta >= 7 * pi / 8 && theta <= pi) {
    return "W";
}

else if (theta <= 0 && theta >= -pi / 8) {
    return "E";
}
else if (theta < -pi / 8 && theta > -3 * pi / 8) {
    return "SE";
}
else if (theta <= -3 * pi / 8 && theta >= -5 * pi / 8) {

```

```

        return "S";
    }
    else if (theta < -5 * pi / 8 && theta > -7 * pi / 8) {
        return "SW";
    }
    else if (theta <= -7 * pi / 8 && theta >= -pi) {
        return "W";
    }

    return "DNE ERROR";
}

//</helperFunction>

//<graphModifiers>

void createGraphIntersections(graph& g) {
    ifstream interIN;
    interIN.open("intersections.txt");
    if (interIN.fail()) {
        cout << "unable to open intersections.txt" << endl;
        exit(1);
    }

    string s, n; double lo, la, d;
    string name; node* nptr; intersection* iptr;

    while (!interIN.eof()) {
        interIN >> lo >> la >> d >> s;
        getline(interIN, name);
        name.erase(0, 1); //removes space from beginning of name
    }
}

```

```

        iptr = new intersection(s, name, lo, la, d);

        nptr = new node(iptr, LOCATION_TOTAL);//location 0 is "No Such Place Exists"

        g.v_nodes.push_back(nptr);

        LOCATION_TOTAL++;
    }
    assert(!interIN.fail());

    interIN.close();
}

void connectGraph(graph& g) {
    ifstream conIN;
    conIN.open("connections.txt");
    if (conIN.fail()) {
        cout << "unable to open connections.txt" << endl;
        exit(1);
    }

    string N, C; int A, B; double L; connection* cptrA, * cptrB;

    while (!conIN.eof()) {
        conIN >> N >> C >> A >> B >> L;
        cptrA = new connection(N, C, A, B, L);
        g.v_nodes.at(A)->v_conn_data.push_back(cptrA);

        cptrB = new connection(N, C, B, A, L);
    }
}

```

```

        g.v_nodes.at(B)->v_conn_data.push_back(cptrB);
    }
    assert(!conIN.fail());

    conIN.close();

}

//</graphModifiers>

void dijkstrasAlgorithm(graph* g, int SourceNodeCode) {
    /// This function implements Dijkstra's shortest path algorithm
    /// See Introduction to Algorithms 4th edition pg 620 for reference
    /// All page references shown in this program will refer to this book

    ///NOTE: priority queues assume their content will remain constant

    ///priority_queue<node*, vector<node*>, compare> mpq;///adds complexities and longer
runtime when implemented

    vector<node*> mpq; ///minimum priority queue, will use a vector as the minimum priority
queue's container

    /// "INITIALIZE-SINGLE-SOURCE"
    node* source = returnNodePointer(g, SourceNodeCode);
    if (source != NULL) {
        source->spe = 0;
        source->visited = true;
        source->mpqAdded = true;
        mpq.push_back(source);
    }
    else {
        cout << "\nError dijkstrasAlgorithm: Source Uninitialized\n" << endl;
    }
}

```

```

        return;
    }
    ///

    /// "INSERT"
    for (int i = 0; i < g->v_nodes.size(); i++) {
        if (g->v_nodes.at(i) != source) { //source already inserted, we dont want a duplicate
            g->v_nodes.at(i)->visited = false;
            g->v_nodes.at(i)->mpqAdded = false;
            g->v_nodes.at(i)->spe = numeric_limits<double>::infinity(); //reinitialize every
node except source to infinity,

                                //needed when dijkstras algorithm used more than once
                                //mpq.push_back(g->v_nodes.at(i)); //insert all other nodes
        }
    }
    ///

    string sfoo = "foo"; double dfoo = -1;
    intersection* ifoo = new intersection(sfoo, sfoo, dfoo, dfoo, dfoo);
    node* temp = new node(ifoo, dfoo);
    temp->spe = numeric_limits<double>::infinity();
    while (!mpq.empty()) {
        //cout << mpq.size() << endl;
        //cout << mpqTotalUnvisited << endl;
        /// "EXTRACT-MIN"
        int selected = -1;
        node* minimum = temp;
        for (int i = 0; i < mpq.size(); i++) {
            if ((minimum->spe > mpq.at(i)->spe)) {

```



```

        minimum = mpq.at(i);
        selected = i;
    }
}

```

//in the while loop the invariant $Q = V - S$ must be kept, this is done by keeping track which nodes have been visited and used as minimum

```

    if (minimum != temp) {
        minimum->visited = true;
    }
    else {
        cout << "temp error" << endl;
        continue;
    }
    if (selected == -1) {
        cout << "selected error" << endl;
        continue;
    }
    else {
        mpq.erase(mpq.begin() + selected);
    }
    ///

```

for (int i = 0; i < minimum->v_conn_data.size(); i++) { //for each node adjacent to minimum that has not already been visited

```

    /// preliminary work for "RELAX" function
    node* nodeA = minimum;
    node* nodeB = returnNodePointer(g, minimum->v_conn_data.at(i)->isecB);
    connection* connData = connectionBetween(nodeA, nodeB);

```

```

length      double weight = connData->length; // the "weight" of a connection is just its
length

    ///

    if (nodeB != NULL) {
        /// "RELAX"
        if (nodeB->spe > (nodeA->spe + weight)) {
            nodeB->spe = (nodeA->spe + weight);
            nodeB->predecessor = nodeA;
            //cout << nodeB->number << "-" << nodeB->inter_data->name
            << " predecessor = " << nodeA->number << "-" << nodeA->inter_data->name << endl;
        }

        if (!nodeB->visited && !nodeB->mpqAdded) {
            nodeB->mpqAdded = true;
            mpq.push_back(nodeB);
        }
        ///
    }

    /// "DECREASE-KEY" pg 173
    //this is done automatically in the "RELAX" function
    //theres no need to write anything here only because we are using a vector,
    where the contents can be dynamic (at least what they point to)
    //we would have to implement an actual "DECREASE-KEY" function if we used a
    priority queue implemented from a c++ library (with its added complexities)
    ///
}

}

delete ifoo;

```

```

        delete temp;

    }

    vector<node*> shortestPath(graph* g, int nodeAcode, int nodeBcode) {
        dijkstrasAlgorithm(g, nodeAcode);
        node* nodeA = returnNodePointer(g, nodeAcode);
        node* nodeB = returnNodePointer(g, nodeBcode);
        vector<node*> empty;
        vector<node*> path;

        if (nodeA == NULL || nodeB == NULL) {
            return empty;
        }

        node* temp = nodeB;
        while (true) {
            if (temp == NULL) {
                return empty;
            }
            if (temp == nodeA) {
                path.push_back(temp);
                return path;
            }
            path.push_back(temp);
            temp = temp->predecessor;
        }
    }

    void coutShortestPath(graph* g, int pointANodeCode, int pointBNodeCode) {
        vector<node*> v = shortestPath(g, pointANodeCode, pointBNodeCode);
    }

```

```

    if (v.size() == 0) {
        cout << "No path Exists" << endl;
    }
    for (int i = v.size(); i > 1; i--) {
        node* tempA = v.at(i - 1);
        node* tempB = v.at(i - 2);
        connection* connData = connectionBetween(tempA, tempB);
        cout << "from intersection " << tempA->number;
        cout << " take " << connData->name << " " << connData->length << " miles " <<
        CardinalAndOrdinalDirectionsAtoB(tempA, tempB) << " to intersection " << tempB->number << endl;
    }
}

string findMap(node* nodeA, node* nodeB) {
    ifstream fin;
    fin.open("coverage.txt");
    if (fin.fail()) {
        printf("unable to open coverage.txt\n");
        exit(1);
    }
    int top, bottom, left, right;
    string map;
    while (!fin.eof()) {
        fin >> top >> bottom >> left >> right >> map;
        if (((nodeA->inter_data->lat < top) && (nodeA->inter_data->lat >= bottom) && (nodeA->inter_data->lon >= left) && (nodeA->inter_data->lon < right))
            && ((nodeB->inter_data->lat < top) && (nodeB->inter_data->lat >= bottom) &&
            (nodeB->inter_data->lon >= left) && (nodeB->inter_data->lon < right))) {
            return map;
        }
    }
}

```

```

        }
    }
    return "";
    fin.close();
}

void titlePage() {

    cout << "*****" << endl;
    cout << " | " << endl;
    cout << " | Graphical Shortest Path | " << endl;
    cout << " | By: Brandon Rubio, ECE 318, University of Miami | " << endl;
    cout << " | " << endl;
    cout << "*****" << endl;
    cout << endl;
}

void main() {
    titlePage();
    printf("Loading...\n");
    HT HashTable;
    HashTable.readFile();
    graph G;
    createGraphIntersections(G);
    connectGraph(G);

    string inputA, inputB;
    while (true) {
        bool inputAisInt = false;
        bool inputBisInt = false;

```

```
cout << "Enter two intersection numbers" << endl;
cout << "Intersection A: ";
cin >> inputA;
if (inputA == "exit") {
    cout << "exiting program" << endl;
    break;
}
else if (!checkNumber(inputA)) {
    cout << "Please enter a positive integer" << endl;
}
else {
    inputAisInt = true;
    cout << "Intersection B: ";
    cin >> inputB;
    if (inputB == "exit") {
        cout << "exiting program" << endl;
        break;
    }
    else if (!checkNumber(inputB)) {
        cout << "Please enter a positive integer" << endl;
    }
    else {
        inputBisInt = true;
    }
}

if (inputAisInt && inputBisInt) {
    int stoiA = stoi(inputA);
    int stoiB = stoi(inputB);
    cout << "Searching.." << endl;
```

```

    stoiB));

    string map = findMap(returnNodePointer(&G, stoiA), returnNodePointer(&G,
    stoiB));

    if (map == "") {
        printf("No map found\n");
        exit(1);
    }
    else {

    }

    coutShortestPath(&G, stoiA, stoiB);
}

}

}

```