NATIONAL UNIVERSITY OF SINGAPORE

Department of Mathematics

MA 1521 Tutorial 1

- 1. Let $f(x) = \frac{6}{x}$ and $g(x) = \sqrt{|3-x|}$. Find an expression for $(g \circ f)(x) (f \circ g)(x)$. Ans. $\sqrt{|3-\frac{6}{x}|} \frac{6}{\sqrt{|3-x|}}$.
- 2. Find the first derivatives of the following functions.

(a)
$$y = \frac{ax+b}{cx+d}$$

(b)
$$y = \sin^n x \cos(mx)$$

(c)
$$y = e^{x^2 + x^3}$$

(d)
$$y = x^3 - 4(x^2 + e^2 + \ln 2)$$

(a)
$$y = \frac{ax + b}{cx + d}$$
 (b) $y = \sin^n x \cos(mx)$ (c) $y = e^{x^2 + x^3}$ (d) $y = x^3 - 4(x^2 + e^2 + \ln 2)$ (e) $y = \left(\frac{\sin \theta}{\cos \theta - 1}\right)^2$ (f) $y = t \tan(2\sqrt{t}) + 7$ (g) $r = \sin(\theta + \sqrt{\theta + 1})$ (h) $s = \frac{4}{\cos x} + \frac{1}{\tan x}$

Ans. (a) $y' = \frac{ad - bc}{(dx + dx)^2}$ (b) $y' = n \sin^{n-1} x \cos x \cos mx$

$$(f) y = t \tan(2\sqrt{t}) + 7$$

(g)
$$r = \sin(\theta + \sqrt{\theta + 1})$$

$$(h) s = \frac{4}{\cos x} + \frac{1}{\tan x}$$

Ans. (a)
$$y' = \frac{ad - bc}{(cx + d)^2}$$

Ans. (a) $y' = \frac{ad - bc}{(cx + d)^2}$ (b) $y' = n \sin^{n-1} x \cos x \cos mx - m \sin^n x \sin mx$

(c)
$$y' = e^{x^2 + x^3} (2x + 3x^2)$$
 (d) $y' = 3x^2 - 8x$

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(e)
$$y' = -2\sin\theta(\cos\theta - 1)^{-2}$$

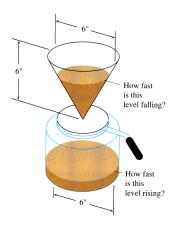
(f)
$$y' = \sqrt{t} \sec^2(2\sqrt{t}) + \tan(2\sqrt{t})$$

(e)
$$y' = -2\sin\theta(\cos\theta - 1)^{-2}$$
 (f) $y' = \sqrt{t}\sec^2(2\sqrt{t}) + \tan(2\sqrt{t})$ (g) $r' = \frac{2\sqrt{\theta + 1} + 1}{2\sqrt{\theta + 1}}\cos(\theta + \sqrt{\theta + 1})$ (h) $s' = 4\tan x \sec x - \csc^2 x$

(h)
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- 3. Coffee is drained from a conical filter into a cylindrical coffeepot at the rate of 10 in³/min.
 - (a) How fast is the level in the pot rising when the coffee in the cone is 5 in. deep?
 - (b) How fast is the level in the cone falling then?

(Volume of cone: $\frac{1}{3} \times$ base area \times height)



Ans. (a) $\frac{10}{9\pi}$ in/min; (b) $\frac{8}{5\pi}$ in/min.

4. For the following functions, find y' and y''.

(a)
$$x^{2/3} + y^{2/3} = a^{2/3}, \ 0 < x < a, \ 0 < y$$

(b)
$$y = (\sin x)^{\sin x}, \ 0 < x < \frac{\pi}{2}$$

(c)
$$x = a \cos t, y = a \sin t$$

Ans. (a)
$$y' = -\sqrt{\left(\frac{a}{x}\right)^{2/3} - 1}$$
, $y'' = \frac{a^{2/3}}{3x^{4/3}\sqrt{a^{2/3} - x^{2/3}}}$.

(b)
$$y' = (\sin x)^{\sin x} (1 + \ln \sin x) \cos x$$
,

$$y'' = (\sin x)^{\sin x} [(1 + \ln \sin x)^2 \cos^2 x + \frac{\cos^2 x}{\sin x} - (1 + \ln \sin x) \sin x].$$

(c)
$$y' = -\cot t$$
, $y'' = -\frac{1}{a\sin^3 t}$.