

T7 Security Management Practices

Group 4:

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Part 1 Question 1

Consider this performance measure: Percentage of vulnerabilities remediated within organization -specified time frames, it is a/an _____ measure.

- a. Implementation
- b. Effectiveness/efficiency
- c. Impact
- d. All of the above



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Measure 2: Vulnerability Management (program-level)

Field	Data
Measure ID	Vulnerability Measure 1
Goal	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• <i>Strategic Goal:</i> Ensure an environment of comprehensive security and accountability for personnel, facilities, and products.• <i>Information Security Goal:</i> Ensure all vulnerabilities are identified and mitigated.
Measure	Percentage (%) of high ¹³ vulnerabilities mitigated within organizationally defined time periods after discovery NIST SP 800-53 Controls: RA-5; Vulnerability Scanning
Measure Type	Effectiveness/Efficiency



Part 1 Question 2

Consider this performance measure: Percentage of individuals screened before being granted access to organizational information and information systems, it is a/an _____ measure.

- a. Implementation
- b. Effectiveness/efficiency
- c. Impact
- d. All of the above



Part 1 Question 2

Consider this performance measure: Percentage of individuals screened before being granted access to organizational information and information systems, it is a/an _____ measure.

- a. **Implementation**
- b. Effectiveness/efficiency
- c. Impact
- d. All of the above



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Measure 15: Personnel Security (PS) (program-level and system-level)

Field	Data
Measure ID	Personnel Security Screening Measure 1 (or a unique identifier to be filled out by the organization)
Goal	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• <i>Strategic Goal:</i> Ensure an environment of comprehensive security and accountability for personnel, facilities, and products.• <i>Information Security Goal:</i> Ensure that individuals occupying positions of responsibility within organizations are trustworthy and meet established security criteria for those positions.
Measure	Percentage (%) of individuals screened before being granted access to organizational information and information systems NIST SP 800-53 Controls – AC-2: Account Management and PS-3: Personnel Screening
Measure Type	Implementation



Part 1 Question 3

What act has Mr Ler been charged under? (Please select all the options that apply)

- a. PDPA
- b. Computer Misuse Act
- c. Official Secrets Act
- d. Penal Code



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- b. Computer Misuse Act
- c. **Official Secrets Act**
- d. **Penal Code**



Grounds of Decision for Interim Orders Committee

5. The current status of each of the aforesaid criminal proceedings are as follows:-

- 5.1. Penal Code Charges: On 17 September 2018, Dr Ler was convicted in the State Courts of all four Penal Code Charges. He was sentenced on 27 September 2018 to a global sentence of 24 months' imprisonment. Dr Ler has appealed against his conviction and sentence for the Penal Code Charges and such appeal is scheduled to be heard by the High Court in March 2019. Pending the hearing of such appeal, the sentence of imprisonment has been stayed and Dr Ler is on bail.
- 5.2. OSA Charge: Dr Ler was charged with the OSA Charge on 24 June 2016. The OSA Charge is presently pending further action by the Attorney-General's Chambers.
- 5.3. Drug Charges: On 3 March 2018 and 27 September 2018, Dr Ler was charged in the State Courts for the Drug Charges. The trial of the Drug Charges is scheduled to be heard in the State Courts from 29 May 2019.

Part 2

Singapore HIV Data Breach





What data has been compromised?

Details of all **14,200 people** diagnosed with HIV here since 1985 - till 2013 for locals (**5,400**) and 2011 for foreigners (**8,800**), with details of **2,400 people** who were their contacts.

Details include **names, ID numbers, phone numbers, HIV test results, related medical information** and **addresses**.

All these information were released online.





Timeline of events

Legend

B - Mikhy K Farrera Brochez

L - Ler Teck Siang

2007

L and B met online
and got into a
relationship

2008

B took a 1st HIV
blood test at SATA
Chinatown clinic
(HIV +ve)

2008

In a 2nd HIV blood
test, L passed his
blood off as B's for
B to test -ve

2012

B complained to MOH
director that L had shared
screenshots of HIV
registry and told another
person he was HIV +ve





Timeline of events

Legend

B - Mikhy K Farrera Brochez

L - Ler Teck Siang

2013

Official investigation by MOH on the allegations against L

2013 Oct

MOM determined the 1st HIV test belonged to B, asked him to cancel his employment pass

2013 Nov

L again passed his blood off as B's in a 3rd blood test and convinced MOM not to cancel his EP

2013 Dec

MOH discovered that B may have submitted fake HIV blood test to MOM



Timeline of events

Legend

B - Mikhy K Farrera Brochez

L - Ler Teck Siang

2014

L resigned from
MOH

2014

L lied that it was B's
blood that had been
tested in the 3rd blood
test, B told the same lie

2016

MOH had evidence
that B may have
access to
confidential HIV data

2016

Properties of L and B
were searched and all
relevant materials
found were seized and
secured



The impact of this incident

Data	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• 14,200 people diagnosed with HIV were leaked online• Includes name, ID, numbers, phone numbers, addresses• The name, identification number, phone number and address of 2,400 people identified through contact tracing up to May 2007 was also included.
HIV individuals	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Emotional and psychological damage• Many individuals who had kept that HIV status hidden now had to deal with their friends and families knowing about it through the leak• Employers also know about it, causing them to worry about their jobs• Deal with the stigma against HIV-positive individuals



The impact of this incident

MOH Reputation	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Brought up many questions about how Singapore uses and safeguards such confidential records.• Effect is amplified as the HIV leak happened after the 2018 Singhealth data breach case.
Legal	<p>Ler Teck Siang</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• 4 penal code charges, 1 OSA charge and 3 MDA charges• Convicted of 4 penal code charges and 2 MDA charges, sentenced to a total of 24 months imprisonment in 2018 and 15 months imprisonment in 2020 <p>Mikhy K Farrera Brochez</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Total of 23 charges, 4 MDA charges and 19 Penal code charges.• Pleaded guilty to 4 Penal code charges and 2 MDA charges, sentenced to a total of 28 months imprisonment and the remaining 17 charges were taken into consideration• Deported from Singapore after sentence• Extorting Singapore government using the leaked data• Guilty of 3 charges by US and faces maximum jail term of nine years and fine of 750k USD.• Singapore's MOH also has an ongoing civil lawsuit against him in Kentucky, to compel him to delete and return the stolen HIV registry data.



Measures by MOH

2016:

1. **2 person approval process** for downloading and decrypting registry information
2. **Special Workstations** modified to prevent unauthorised information removal

2017:

3. **Disabled the use of unauthorised portable storage devices** on portable computers
 - a. Government wide policy, not initiated by the MOH

Measure 1

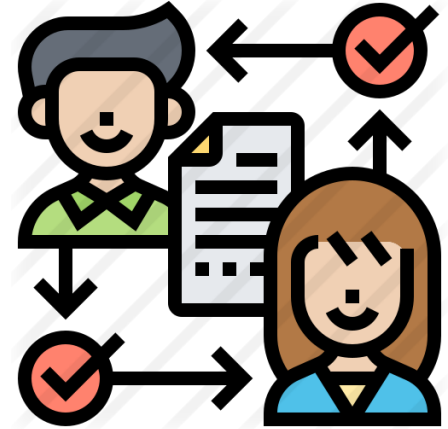
2 Person Approval Process

Pros

- Similar to NSA's "two -man rule"
- If implemented properly, in theory this should be useful

Cons

- No specification of level of privilege required
- No specification on how the verification process will be implemented
 - Is there a 2FA to ensure that the risk of stolen passwords / imitation





Measure 2 Special Workstations



Pros

- Physical protection of hardware to deter physical theft of data

Cons

- Needs more specification on how the locking is implemented and who has access to the keys



Measure 3

Portable Storage Device Restrictions



Pros

- Aids in restricting unauthorized access to official computers

Cons

- May have implementation difficulties
 - How to determine / track if a storage device is authorised or not
- May result in difficulties or inconveniences with regards to special arrangements like Work From Home arrangements



CIS Controls V7 Measures and Metrics

Problem: Insider data leak

Sub-Control	Title	Purpose
1.2	Utilize an Passive Discovery Tool	Detect devices connected to the network
1.5	Maintain Asset Inventory Information	Track who accessed what, when, whether permission has been granted
1.6	Address Unauthorised Assets	Remove / Quarantine unauthorized assets
1.7	Deploy Port Level Access Control	Control devices which can authenticate to the network



CIS Controls V7 Measures and Metrics

Problem: Insider data leak

Sub-Control	Title	Purpose
2.6	Address unapproved software	Remove / Quarantine unauthorized softwares
4.1	Maintain Inventory of Administrative Accounts	Ensure that only authorized individuals have elevated privileges.
4.2	Change Default Passwords	
4.3	Ensure the Use of Dedicated Administrative Accounts	dedicated or secondary account for elevated activities - no emails or internet browsing



CIS Controls V7 Measures and Metrics

Problem: Insider data leak

Sub-Control	Title	Purpose
4.4	Use Multifactor Authentication For All Administrative Access	Prevent stolen passwords / impersonation
4.6	Use of Dedicated Machines For All Administrative Tasks	No access to internet
4.7	Limit Access to Script Tools	Prevent running of potentially malicious softwares
4.9	Log and Alert on Unsuccessful Administrative Account Login	Suspicious activity detection



CIS Controls V7 Measures and Metrics

Problem: Insider data leak

Sub-Control	Title	Purpose
8.4	Configure Anti-Malware Scanning of Removable Devices	anti-malware scan of removable media when inserted or connected
8.5	Configure Devices Not To Auto-run Content	Configure devices to not auto-run content from removable media
8.6	Centralize Anti-malware Logging	Capture malware detection events for analysis and alerting
8.7	Enable DNS Query Logging	Detect hostname lookups for known malicious domains



CIS Controls V7 Measures and Metrics

Problem: Insider data leak

Sub-Control	Title	Purpose
13.6	Encrypt the Hard Drive of All Mobile Devices	Protection against theft / removal of hard drives from official laptops
13.7	Manage USB Devices	Control list of authorized USBs
13.8*	Manage System's External Removable Media's Read/write Configurations	Some devices should not be allowed to write to external storage devices
13.9	Encrypt Data on USB Storage Devices	Protection against theft / loss of authorised USBs



CIS Controls V7 Measures and Metrics

Problem: Insider data leak

Sub-Control	Title	Purpose
14.6	Protect Information through Access Control Lists	Control account privilege access
14.9	Detail Logging for Access or Changes to Sensitive Data	For tracking who access / changed what when
16.8 - 16.10	Account Management	Close unassociated / dormant and set expiry dates
16.11	Lock Workstation Sessions After Inactivity	Protection against forgetfulness / toilet breaks



CIS Controls V7 Measures and Metrics

Problem: Insider data leak

Sub-Control	Title	Purpose
16.12	Monitor Attempts to Access Deactivated Accounts	For analysis on potential attacks
17.5 - 17.9	Training of workforce	Awareness, training and familiarization with dos and don'ts
19.1 - 19.8	Incident management and reporting	SOPs on management, tracking and dealing with incidents

Thank you!

