

NATIONAL UNIVERSITY OF SINGAPORE  
Department of Mathematics

MA 1521  
Tutorial 3

1. Evaluate the following definite integrals.

(a)  $\int_1^{\sqrt{2}} \frac{s^2 + \sqrt{s}}{s^2} ds.$

(b)  $\int_{-4}^4 |x| dx.$

(c)  $\int_0^\pi \frac{1}{2}(\cos x + |\cos x|) dx.$

(d)  $\int_0^\pi \sin^2 \left(1 + \frac{\theta}{2}\right) d\theta.$

**Ans.** (a)  $1 + \sqrt{2} - 2^{3/4}$  (b) 16 (c) 1 (d)  $\frac{1}{2}\pi + \sin 2$

2. Using the fundamental theorem of Calculus, find the derivative  $dy/dx$  for the following functions.

(a)  $y = \int_0^{\sqrt{x}} \cos t dt.$

(b)  $y = \int_0^{x^2} \cos \sqrt{t} dt.$

(c)  $y = \int_0^{\sin x} \frac{dt}{\sqrt{1-t^2}}, \quad |x| < \frac{\pi}{2}.$

**Ans.** (a)  $\frac{\cos \sqrt{x}}{2\sqrt{x}}$  (b)  $2x \cos x$  (c) 1

3. Using the *substitution* method, or otherwise, find the following integrals.

(a)  $\int x^{1/2} \sin(x^{3/2} + 1) dx.$

(b)  $\int \csc^2 2t \cot 2t dt.$

(c)  $\int \frac{1}{\theta^2} \sin \frac{1}{\theta} \cos \frac{1}{\theta} d\theta.$

(d)  $\int \frac{18 \tan^2 x \sec^2 x}{(2 + \tan^3 x)} dx.$

(e)  $\int \frac{\sin \sqrt{\theta}}{\sqrt{\theta} \cos^3 \sqrt{\theta}} d\theta.$

**Ans.**

(a)  $-\frac{2}{3} \cos(x^{3/2} + 1) + C$

(b)  $-\frac{1}{4} \cot^2 2t + C$

(c)  $-\frac{1}{2} \sin^2 \frac{1}{\theta} + C$

(d)  $6 \ln |\tan^3 x + 2| + C$

(e)  $\sec^2 \sqrt{\theta} + C$

4. Applying the method of *integration by parts*, or otherwise, find the following integrals.

(a)  $\int x \sin \left( \frac{x}{2} \right) dx.$

(b)  $\int t^2 e^{4t} dt.$

(c)  $\int e^{-y} \cos y dy.$

(d)  $\int \theta^2 \sin(2\theta) d\theta.$

(e)  $\int z (\ln z)^2 dz.$

**Ans.**

(a)  $-2 \left[ x \cos \left( \frac{x}{2} \right) - 2 \sin \left( \frac{x}{2} \right) \right] + C$

(b)  $\left( \frac{t^2}{4} - \frac{t}{8} + \frac{1}{32} \right) e^{4t} + C$

(c)  $\frac{e^{-y}}{2} (\sin y - \cos y) + C$

(d)  $-\frac{1}{2} \left[ \theta^2 \cos(2\theta) - \theta \sin(2\theta) - \frac{1}{2} \cos(2\theta) \right] + C$

(e)  $\frac{1}{2} \left[ z^2 (\ln z)^2 - z^2 (\ln z) + \frac{z^2}{2} \right] + C$