

PR 2 TBFO

Sunday, September 10, 2023

Nama : Raden Francisco Trianto Bratadiningrat

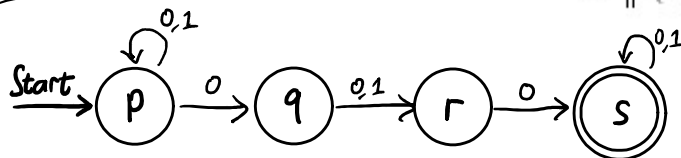
NIM : 13522091

2.3.1

* Exercise 2.3.1: Convert to a DFA the following NFA:

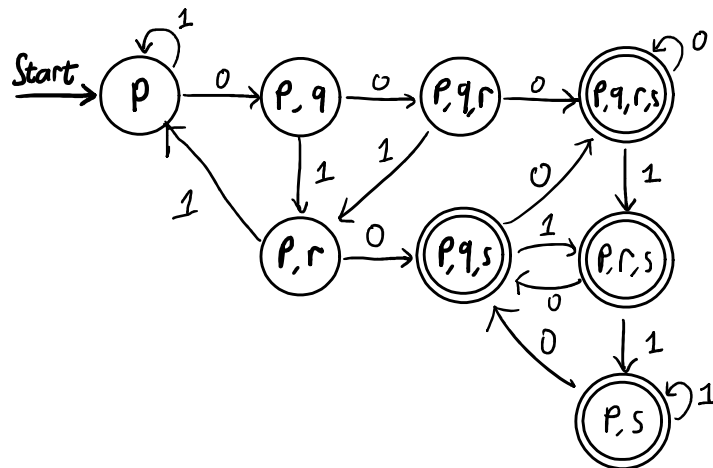
	0	1
$\rightarrow p$	$\{p, q\}$	$\{p\}$
q	$\{r\}$	$\{r\}$
r	$\{s\}$	\emptyset
$*s$	$\{s\}$	$\{s\}$

NFA



DFA

	0	1
$\rightarrow p$	$\{p, q\}$	$\{p\}$
$\{p, q\}$	$\{p, q, r\}$	$\{p, r\}$
$\{p, q, r\}$	$\{p, q, r, s\}$	$\{p, r\}$
$\{p, r\}$	$\{p, q, s\}$	$\{p\}$
$*\{p, q, r, s\}$	$\{p, q, r, s\}$	$\{p, r, s\}$
$*\{p, q, s\}$	$\{p, q, r, s\}$	$\{p, r, s\}$
$*\{p, r, s\}$	$\{p, q, s\}$	$\{p, s\}$
$*\{p, s\}$	$\{p, q, s\}$	$\{p, s\}$

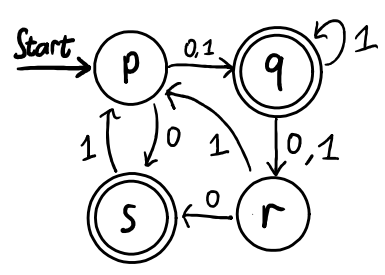


2.3.2

Exercise 2.3.2: Convert to a DFA the following NFA:

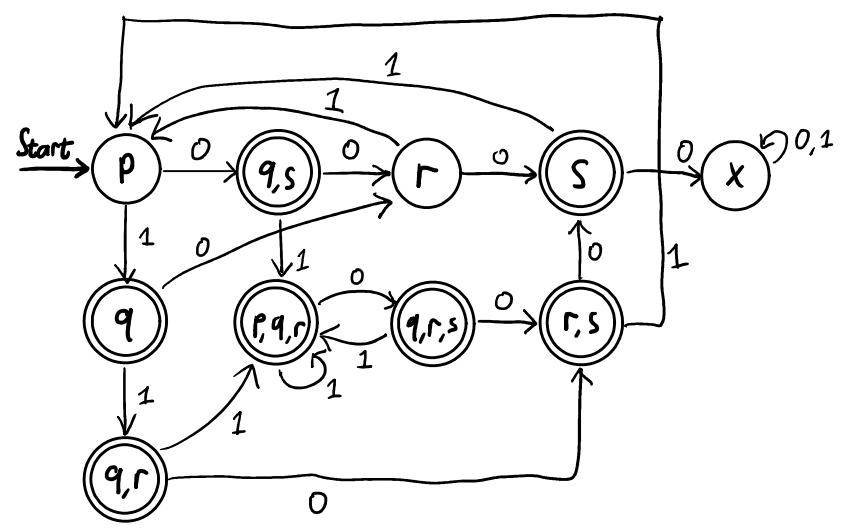
	0	1
$\rightarrow p$	$\{q, s\}$	$\{q\}$
$*q$	$\{r\}$	$\{q, r\}$
r	$\{s\}$	$\{p\}$
$*s$	\emptyset	$\{p\}$

NFA



DFA

	0	1
$\rightarrow p$	$\{q, s\}$	$\{q\}$
$*\{q\}$	$\{r\}$	$\{q, r\}$
$\{r\}$	$\{s\}$	$\{p\}$
$*\{s\}$	x	$\{p\}$
$*\{r, s\}$	$\{s\}$	$\{p\}$
$*\{q, r\}$	$\{r, s\}$	$\{p, q, r\}$
$*\{q, s\}$	$\{r\}$	$\{p, q, r\}$
$*\{p, q, r\}$	$\{q, r, s\}$	$\{p, q, r\}$
$*\{q, r, s\}$	$\{r, s\}$	$\{p, q, r\}$
x	x	x

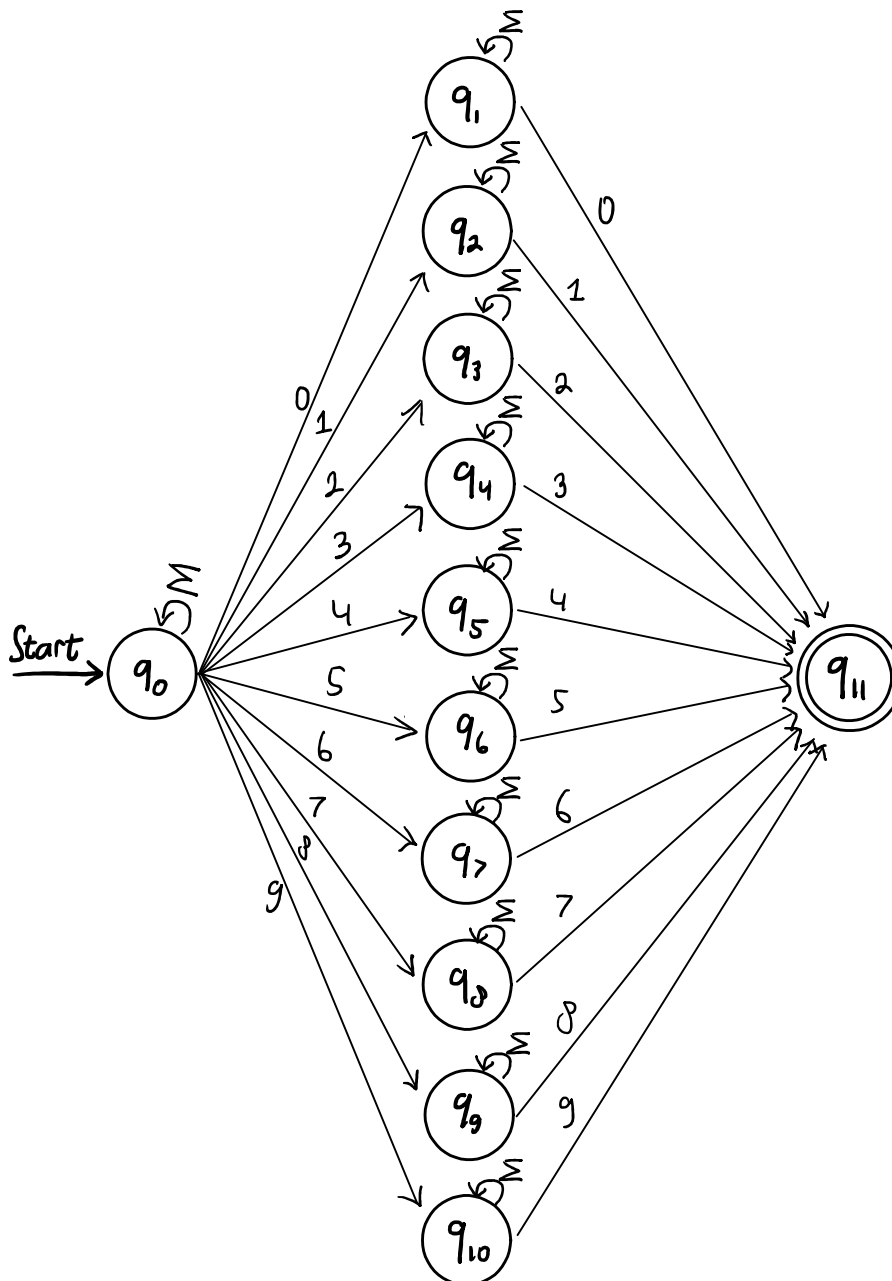


2.3.4

! Exercise 2.3.4: Give nondeterministic finite automata to accept the following languages. Try to take advantage of nondeterminism as much as possible.

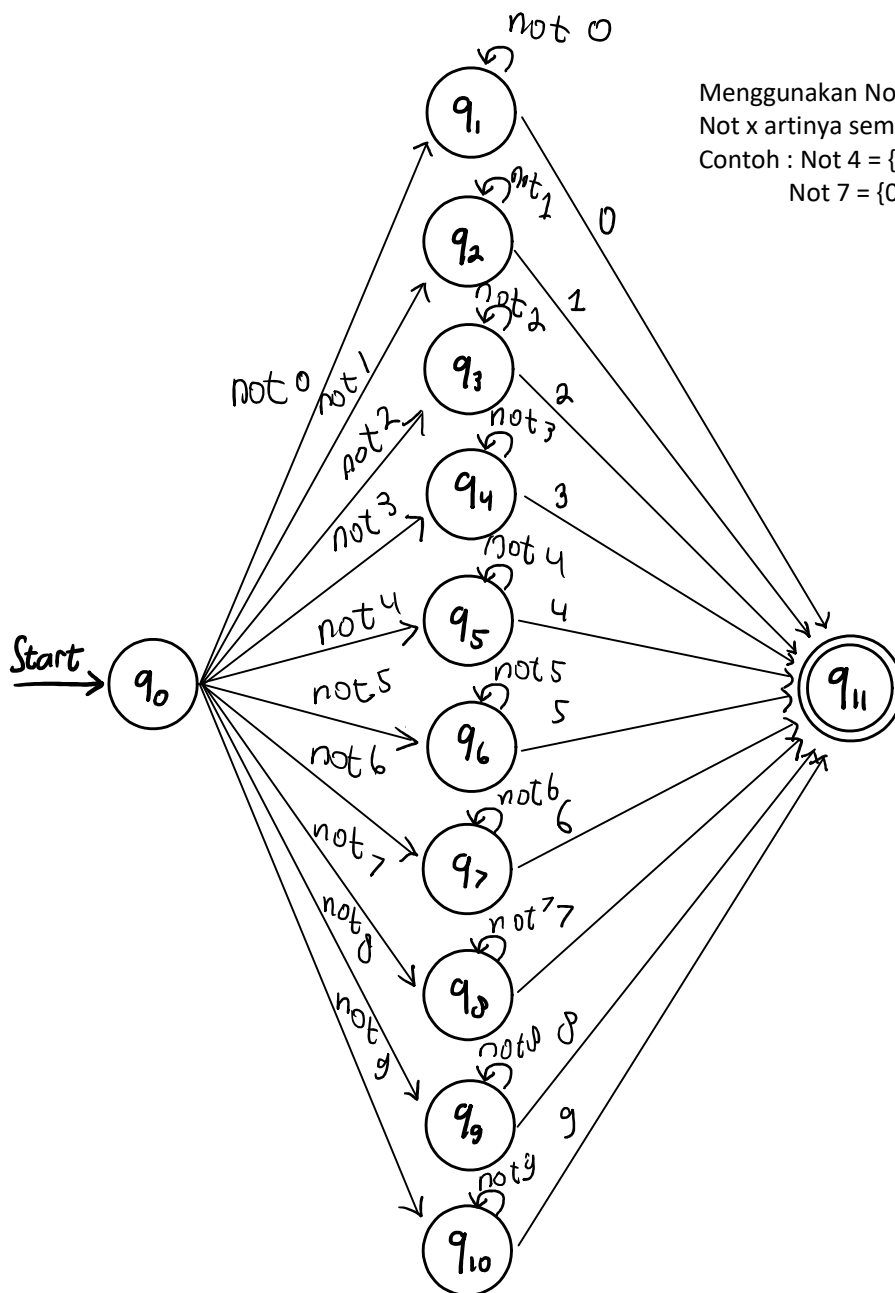
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- * a) The set of strings over alphabet $\{0, 1, \dots, 9\}$ such that the final digit has appeared before.



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- b) The set of strings over alphabet $\{0, 1, \dots, 9\}$ such that the final digit has *not* appeared before.

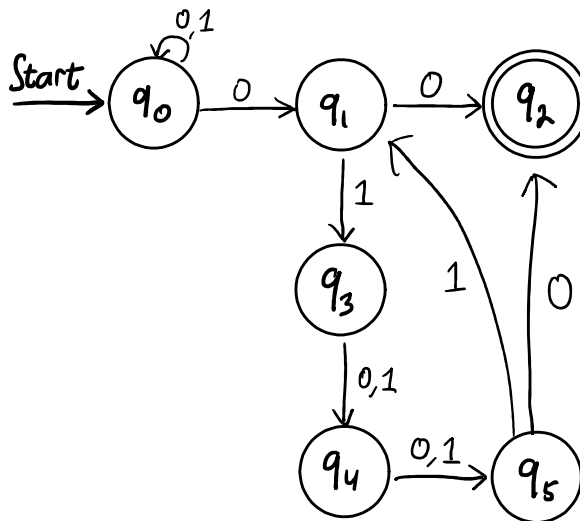


Menggunakan Not karena keterbatasan tempat menulis
 Not x artinya semua alfabet selain x.
 Contoh : Not 4 = $\{0, 1, 2, 3, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9\}$
 Not 7 = $\{0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 8, 9\}$

c

- c) The set of strings of 0's and 1's such that there are two 0's separated by a number of positions that is a multiple of 4. Note that 0 is an allowable multiple of 4.

	0	1
-> q0	{q0,q1}	{q0}
q1	{q2}	{q3}
*q2	\emptyset	\emptyset
q3	{q4}	{q4}
q4	{q5}	{q5}
q5	{q2}	{q1}



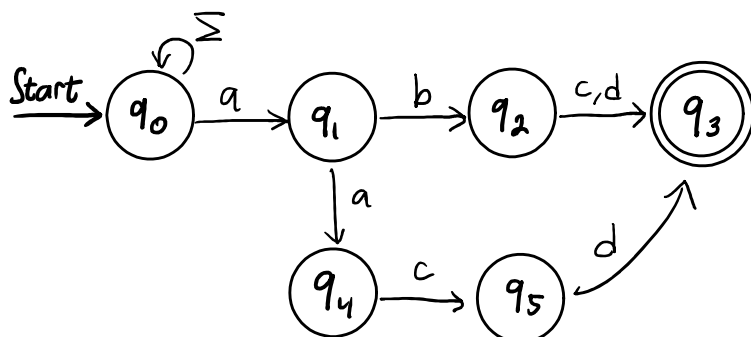
2.4.1

Exercise 2.4.1: Design NFA's to recognize the following sets of strings.

a

- a) abc, abd, and aacd. Assume the alphabet is $\{a, b, c, d\}$.

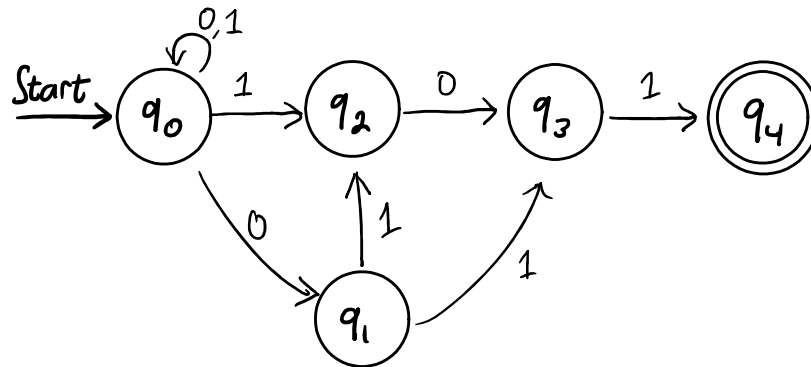
	a	b	c	d
-> q0	{q0,q1}	{q0}	{q0}	{q0}
q1	{q4}	{q2}	\emptyset	\emptyset
q2	\emptyset	\emptyset	{q3}	{q3}
*q3	\emptyset	\emptyset	\emptyset	\emptyset
q4	\emptyset	\emptyset	{q5}	\emptyset
q5	\emptyset	\emptyset	\emptyset	{q3}



b

b) 0101, 101, and 011.

	0	1
-> q0	{q0,q1}	{q0,q2}
q1	\emptyset	{q2,q3}
q2	{q3}	\emptyset
q3	\emptyset	{q4}
q4	\emptyset	\emptyset



c

c) ab, bc, and ca. Assume the alphabet is {a, b, c}.

	a	b	c
-> q0	{q0,q1}	{q0,q2}	{q0,q3}
q1	\emptyset	{q4}	\emptyset
q2	\emptyset	\emptyset	{q4}
q3	{q4}	\emptyset	\emptyset
*q4	\emptyset	\emptyset	\emptyset

