

# jQuery - Effects and Animation

RWD I1



# Today's agenda

- jQuery effects
- jQuery animations
- Moving elements
- Animation timing / chaining
- Callback functions
- Exercise



# jQuery - Animation



# Hide an Element

- `.hide()` Hide a previously shown element.
- `.show()` Show a previously hidden element.
- `.toggle()` Toggle between hidden and shown.



# Fade an Element

- `.fadeOut()` Fades out a previously shown element.
- `.fadeIn()` Fades in a previously hidden element.
- `.fadeToggle()` Toggle between fading in and out.



# Slide an Element

- `.slideUp()` Hide a previously shown element with a slide motion.
- `.slideDown()` Show a previously hidden element with a slide motion.
- `.slideToggle()` Toggle between sliding up and down.



# Animate

- `.animate()` Change CCS properties of an element in a smooth transition.

Example: `$("#boxId").animate({height: 100, width: 100});`



All optional arguments:

`.animate({...}, speed, easing, callback)`

- `speed` transition time in milliseconds or "slow"/"fast".
- `easing` "linear" or "swing" (default).
- `callback` a function call when the animation is complete.



# Animate – Moving Elements

Important note!: To move elements using `.animate()`, they need to have their CSS position property set to "relative", "fixed" or "absolute"!  
NOT "static" which is the default value.

Example: `$("#boxId").animate({left: 200});`



# Element Position

- `.offset()` Element coordinates (in pixels) relative to the top left corner of the document (the whole webpage).
- `.position()` Element coordinates (in pixels) relative to the top left corner of any parent element. If no parent is present, it works equal to `.offset()`.

To get the coordinates:

- `.offset().top` Gets vertical coordinate.
- `.offset().left` Gets horizontal coordinate.

To set the coordinates:

- `.offset({top: y, left: x})`



# Moving From Current Position

Example:

```
$("#boxId").animate({left: "+=200", top: "+=50"});
```



# Staying Inside the Frame ()

- `.height()` Height of an element (not incl. margin, border and padding).
- `.width()` Width of an element (not incl. margin, border and padding).

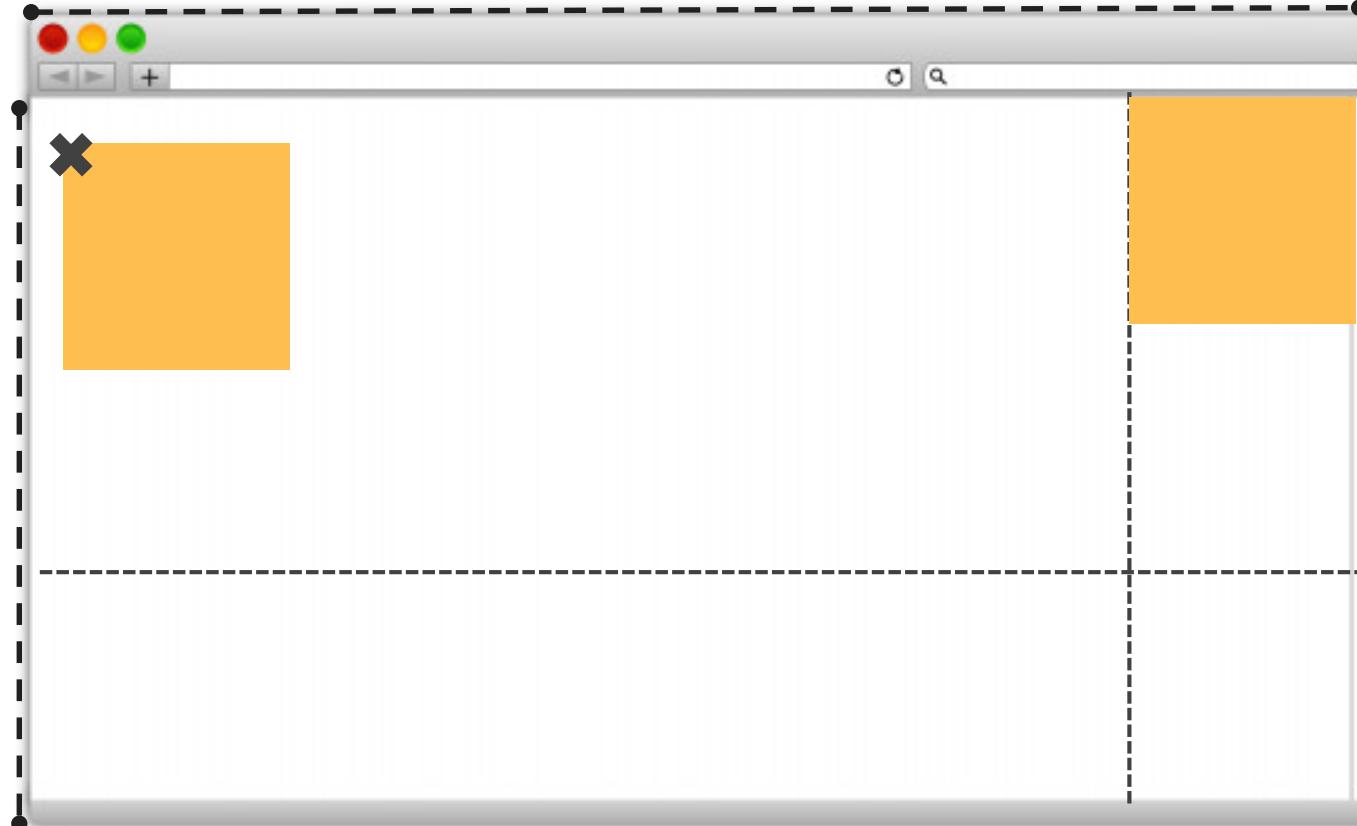
In particular:

- `$(document).height();` Full height of the web page.
- `$(window).height();` Height of web page visible on screen.



# Staying Inside the Frame (II)

```
$(window).width() - $(elementId).width();
```



```
$(window).height() - $(elementId).height();
```



# Animation Timing / Chaining

```
$("#boxId").animate({left: 200, top: 100});
```



```
$("#boxId").animate({left: 200}).animate({top: 100});
```



# Animation Timing / Chaining

```
$("#boxId").animate({left: 200}).delay(1000).animate({top: 100});
```



```
$("#boxId").animate({left: 200}).animate({top: 100}).fadeOut();
```



# Interrupting an Animation

To stop animation on an element:

```
$("#boxId").stop();
```

Example:

```
$("#stopButtonId").click(function(){
  $("#boxId").stop();
});
```

To stop ALL animation on an element:

```
$("#boxId").stop(true);
```



# The Callback Function

```
$("#boxId").animate({left: 200, top: 100}, doSomethingElse());
```

The doSomethingElse function is ensured to be executed after the animation has finished, except if the animation is stopped.

```
function myLoopedFunction(idRef) {  
    $(idRef).animate({left: "+=200"}, function(){  
        myLoopedFunction(idRef);  
    });  
}
```



# Exercise

- **Todays Exercise:**
  - Working with jQuery animations.
  - Find the exercise on the course webpage on itslearning.

