

Department of Information Technology

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Semester: V

Academic Year: 2022-23

Class / Branch: TE IT

Subject: Advanced Devops Lab (ADL)

Name of Instructor: Prof. Manjusha Kashilkar

Name of Student: **Student ID:**

EXPERIMENT NO. 07

Aim: To understand Static Analysis SAST process and learn to integrate Jenkins SAST to SonarQube/GitLab.

Steps:

- 1) Install and configure a Jenkins and SonarQube CICD environment using Docker containers.
- 2) Configure Jenkins with the SonarQube Scanner plugin for automated static code analysis.

1) Install and configure a Jenkins and SonarQube CICD environment using Docker containers.

Installation of Jenkins

The version of Jenkins included with the default Ubuntu packages is often behind the latest available version from the project itself. To take advantage of the latest fixes and features, you can use the project-maintained packages to install Jenkins.

manjusha@apsit:~\$ wget -q -O - https://pkg.jenkins.io/debian-stable/jenkins.io.key | sudo apt-key add -

When the key is added, the system will return OK. Next, append the Debian package repository address to the server's sources.list:





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manjusha@apsit:~\$ sudo sh -c 'echo deb http://pkg.jenkins.io/debian-stable binary/ > /etc/apt/sources.list.d/jenkins.list'

When both of these are in place, run update so that aptwill use the new repository:

manjusha@apsit:~\$ sudo apt update

Finally, install Jenkins and its dependencies:

manjusha@apsit:~\$sudo apt install jenkins

Let's start Jenkins using systemctl:

manjusha@apsit:~\$sudo systemctl start jenkins

Since systemctl doesn't display output, you can use its status command to verify that Jenkins started successfully:

manjusha@apsit:~\$sudo systemctl status jenkins

If everything went well, the beginning of the output should show that the service is active and configured to start at boot:

Now that Jenkins is running, let's adjust our firewall rules so that we can reach it from a web browser to complete the initial setup.

Opening the Firewall

By default, Jenkins runs on port 8080, so let's open that port using ufw:

manjusha@apsit:~\$sudo ufw allow 8080

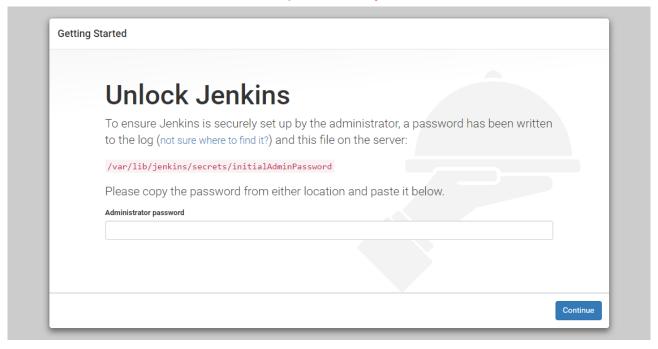
Setting Up Jenkins

To set up your installation, visit Jenkins on its default port, 8080, using your server domain name or IP address: http://your_server_ip_or_domain:8080

You should see the Unlock Jenkins screen, which displays the location of the initial password:



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In the terminal window, use the cat command to display the password:

manjusha@apsit:~\$ sudo cat /var/lib/jenkins/secrets/initialAdminPassword

Copy the 32-character alphanumeric password from the terminal and paste it into the Administrator password field, then click Continue.

The next screen presents the option of installing suggested plugins or selecting specific plugins:







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We'll click the Install suggested plugins option, which will immediately begin the installation process:

Getting Started

Getting Started

✓ Folders	✓ OWASP Markup Formatter	→ Build Timeout	Credentials Binding	** Pipeline: Milestone Step ** JavaScript GUI Lib: jQuery bundles (jQuery and jQuery UI)
✓ Timestamper	✓ Workspace Cleanup	✓ Ant	✓ Gradle	** Jackson 2 API ** JavaScript GUI Lib: ACE Editor bundle
Pipeline	GitHub Branch Source	Pipeline: GitHub Groovy Libraries	✔ Pipeline: Stage View	** Pipeline: SCM Step ** Pipeline: Groovy ** Pipeline: Input Step
Git	Subversion	SSH Slaves	Matrix Authorization Strategy	** Pipeline: Stage Step ** Pipeline: Job ** Pipeline Graph Analysis
PAM Authentication	C) LDAP	Email Extension	(2) Mailer	** Pipeline: REST API ** JavaScript GUI Lib: Handlebars bundle
				** JavaScript GUI Lib: Moment.js bundle Pipeline: Stage View ** Pipeline: Build Step ** Pipeline: Model API ** Pipeline: Declarative Extension Points API ** Apache HttpComponents Client 4.x API ** JSch dependency





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When the installation is complete, you will be prompted to set up the first administrative user. It's possible to skip this step and continue as admin using the initial password we used above, but we'll take a moment to create the user.

Getting Started

Create First Admin User

Username:		
manasi		
Password:		
Confirm password:		
Full name:		
manasi choche		
E-mail address:		
mdchoche@apsit.edu.in		
mdchoche@apsit.edu.in		
	Skip and continue a	s adm



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Instance Configuration

Jenkins URL:

http://127.0.0.1:8080/

The Jenkins URL is used to provide the root URL for absolute links to various Jenkins resources. That means this value is required for proper operation of many Jenkins features including email notifications, PR status updates, and the BUILD_URL environment variable provided to

The proposed default value shown is **not saved yet** and is generated from the current request, if possible. The best practice is to set this value to the URL that users are expected to use. This will avoid confusion when sharing or viewing links.

After confirming the appropriate information, click Save and Finish. You will see a confirmation page confirming that "Jenkins is Ready!":

Getting Started

Jenkins is ready!

Your Jenkins setup is complete.

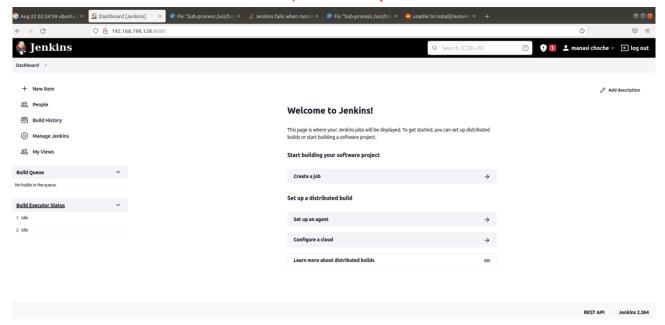
Start using Jenkins

Click Start using Jenkins to visit the main Jenkins dashboard:





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SonarQube Setup

Before proceeding with the integration, we will setup SonarQube Instance. we are using SonarQube Docker Container.

manjusha@apsit:~\$docker run -d -p 9000:9000 sonarqube

```
root@ubuntu:/home/manasi# docker run -d -p 9000:9000 sonarqube
Unable to find image 'sonarqube:latest' locally
latest: Pulling from library/sonarqube
9621f1afde84: Pull complete
1220b1fb64e6: Pull complete
f0a3b7127ede: Pull complete
Digest: sha256:9ca40ae23bb2228a6c4cc8c20de41fcd72a8ed7358331b4bd5910cd20dcee995
Status: Downloaded newer image for sonarqube:latest
ed54d42e5aa9a31f212c204e48e47b80e63478abbf7960ce65c6c56a99a35e24
root@ubuntu:/home/manasi#
```

In the above command, we are forwarding port 9000 of the container to the port 9000 of the host machine as SonarQube is will run on port 9000. Then, from the browser, enter http://localhost:9000. After That, you will see the SonarQube is running. Then, login using default credentials (admin:admin).



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Log In to SonarQube	
admin	
•••••	
Log in Cancel	Use

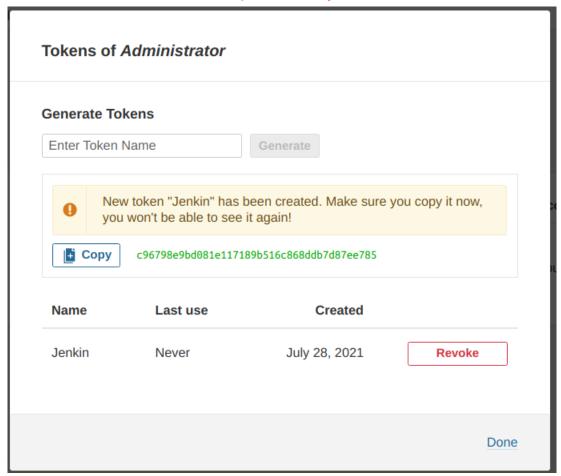
Now, we need to get the SonarQube user token to make connection between Jenkins and SonarQube. For the same, go to **Administration> User > My Account > Security** and then, from the bottom of the page you can create new tokens by clicking the Generate Button. Copy the Token and keep it safe. **C96798e9bd081e117189b516c868ddb7d87ee785 SonarQube**

Generate Token





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2) Configure Jenkins with the SonarQube Scanner plugin for automated static code analysis.

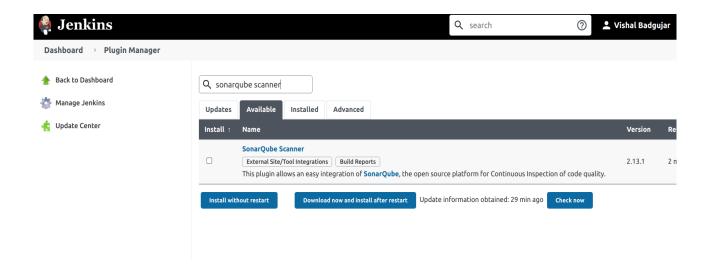
Jenkins Setup for SonarQube

Before all, we need to install the SonarQube Scanner plugin in Jenkins. For the same, go to **Manage Jenkins > Plugin Manager > Available.** From here, type SonarQube Scanner then select and install.



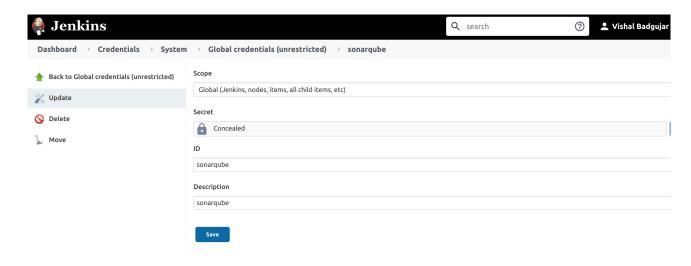


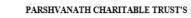
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Tool Configuration Sonar Qube Scanner

Now, we need to configure the Jenkins plugin for SonarQube Scanner to make a connection with the SonarQube Instance. For that, got to **Manage Jenkins** > **Configure System** > **SonarQube Server.** Then, Add SonarQube. In this, give the Installation Name, Server URL then Add the Authentication token in the Jenkins Credential Manager and select the same in the configuration.







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onarQube se	rvers
Environment vari	iables Enable injection of SonarQube server configuration as build environment variables
hecked, job administra	ators will be able to inject a SonarQube server configuration as environment variables in the build.
narQube installatio	ons
Name	
SonarQube	
Server URL	
http://localhost:	9000
Default is http://loca	alhost:9000
Server authentic	ation token
sonarqube 🕶	₽ Add ▼
SonarQube authenti	cation token. Mandatory when anonymous access is disabled.

Then, we need to set-up the SonarQube Scanner to scan the source code in the various stage. For the same, go to Manage Jenkins > Global Tool Configuration > SonarQube Scanner. Then, Click Add SonarQube Scanner Button. From there, give some name of the scanner type and Add Installer of your choice. In this case, I have selected SonarQube Scanner from Maven Central.



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SonarOube Scanner

Solidi Qube Sedililei
SonarQube Scanner installations
Add SonarQube Scanner
SonarQube Scanner
Name
SonarQube
✓ Install automatically
Install from Maven Central
Version
SonarQube Scanner 4.6.2.2472 ➤
Add Installer 🕶
Version SonarQube Scanner 4.6.2.2472 ✓



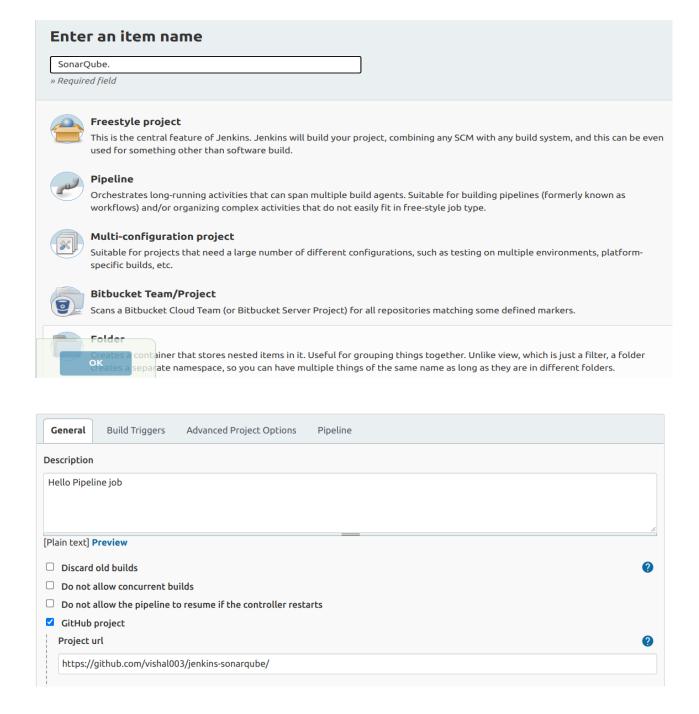


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SonarQube Scanner in Jenkins Pipeline

Now, It's time to integrate the SonarQube Scanner in the Jenkins Pipeline. For the same, we are going to add one more stage in the Jenkinsfile called SonarQube and inside that, I am adding the following settings and code.







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Github Configuration in Jenkins Pipeline

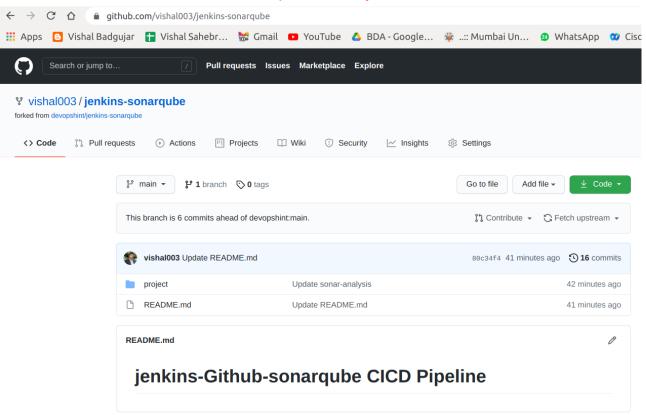


Git Clonning into Jenkins



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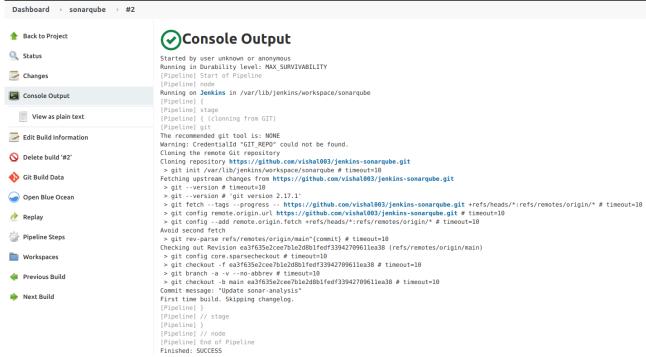


Github Repository Contents



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Successfully Build Github Repository in Jenkins

Pre-requiste required for Integration settings of Jenkins SAST with SonarQube we have done here successfully, now in order to Integrate of Jenkins CICD with SonarQube with the help of sample JAVA program we will implement in next experiment.

Conclusion: Write your own findings.