Fake News Detection

박진영 조교 김선명 소경민 이세희 정윤수 함영인 발표자 : 김선명

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 - -Stacked GRU
- 모델 평가

가짜뉴스 사례

여성들이 남성들보다 더 많은 시간을 일하다.

1600명의 근로자들을 대상으로 한 전국 조사에 따르면 여성들은 평균 주당 34시간을 일하는 것으로 나타났다듯 이는 5년 전의 30.4시간에 비해 반나절 더 늘어난 수치이다.

동일한 5년 동안 남성 평균 근무 시간은 주당 **45.5**시간에서 **44.8**시간으로 감소했다.

Privacy Policy | Feedback | Like 14.8M



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Women work longer hours than men

by MATTHEW HICKLEY, Daily Mail

Women are working longer hours while men are putting in less time for their money.

And yet the pay gap between the sexes has widened, research revealed yesterday.

A nationwide survey of 1,600 employees found that women now work almost 34 hours a week on average - half a day longer than the figure of 30.4 hours five years ago.

According to the Chartered Institute of Personnel and Development (CIPD) which carried out the research, the shift reflects the growing number of women in more demanding management roles and professional jobs.

Over the same five-year period, men's average work hours fell from 45.5 hours per week to 44.8 hours, although among the hardestworking males the number putting in more than 49 hours a week has passed the three million mark.

프로젝트 이해

기사 제목 (head) 기사 제목과 본문의 관계 파악 기사 본문 (body)

프로젝트 설계



데이터 개요

Training set : 49,972 쌍

Test set : 25,413 쌍

제목 (head)	기사 본문 (body)	스탠스(label)
Justin Bieber failed	The militant ISIS has warned	unrelated
Justin Bieber failed	Bieber failed his concert in India	agree
Justin Bieber failed	Bieber had his first concert successfully	disagree
Justin Bieber failed	Several officials say, Justin Bieber messed up	discuss

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Disagree

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데이터 개요

□ 클래스 별 분포

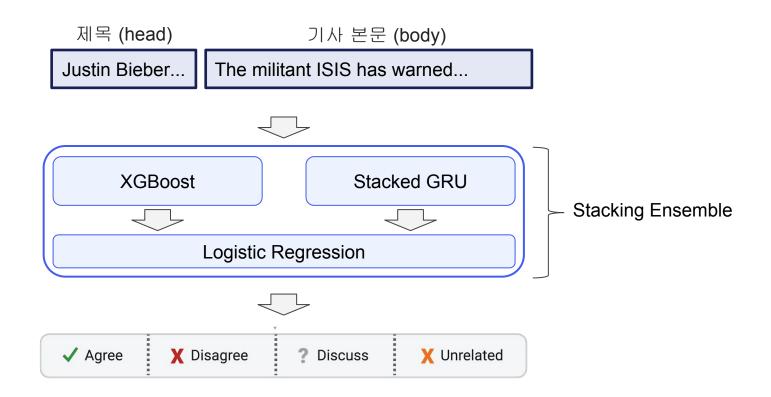
Agree	Disagree	Disagree Discuss		Total
3,678	840	8,909	36,345	49,924
(7.37%)	(1.7%)	(17.8%)	(72.8%)	

- □ 영문으로된 신문 기사 데이터
- ☐ Headline, body, stance label로 구성

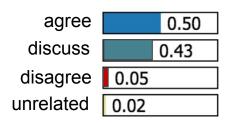
프로젝트 목표

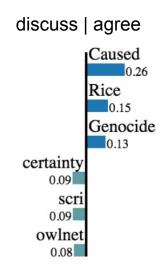
- XGBoost / RNN / Stacking Ensemble 모델을 이용한 가짜뉴스 탐지 성능 개선
- ◘ 설명가능 인공지능(Explainable AI)을 적용하여 가짜뉴스 판단 근거 제시

모델 개요

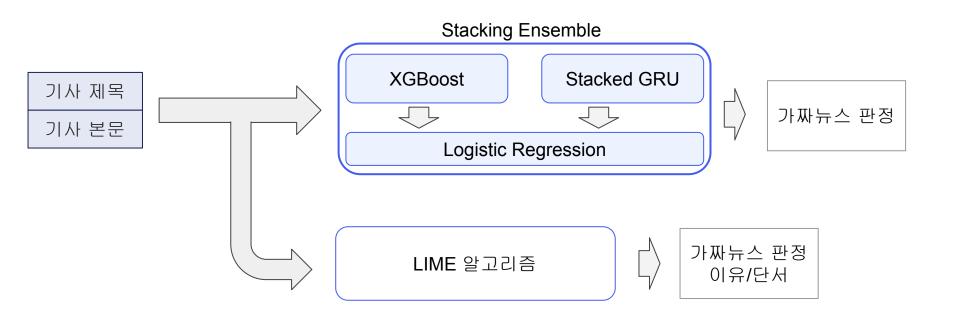


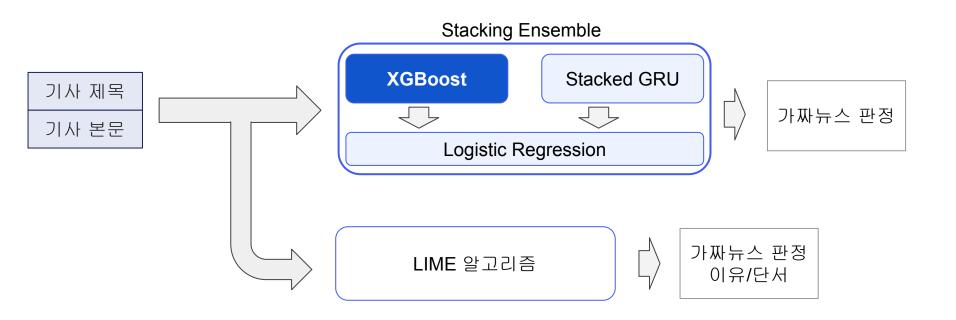
Explainable Al



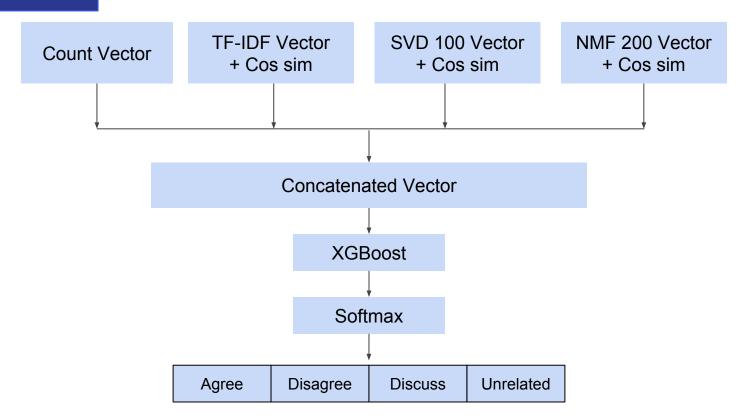


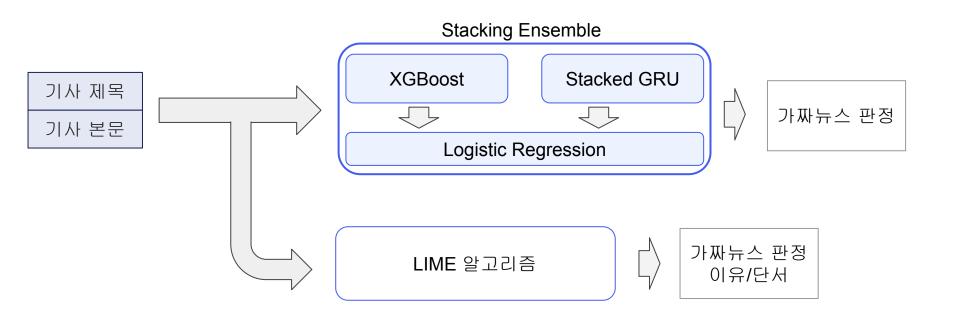
- □ LIME(Local Interpretable Model-agnostic Explanations) 알고리즘 적용
- □ 가짜뉴스를 판별했을 때, 어떤 항목을 토대로 판정했는지 근거 제시

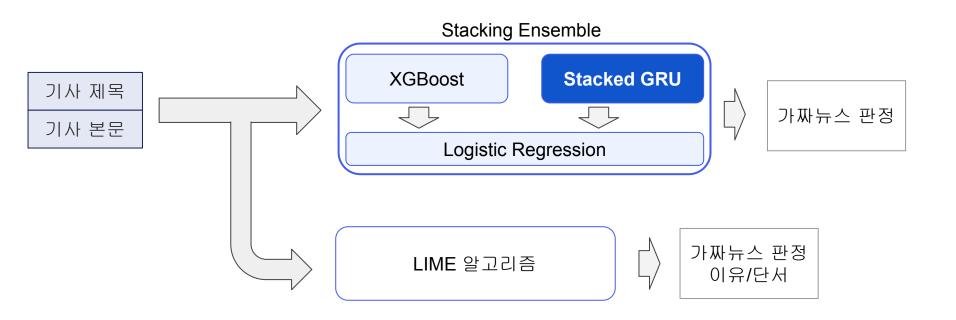




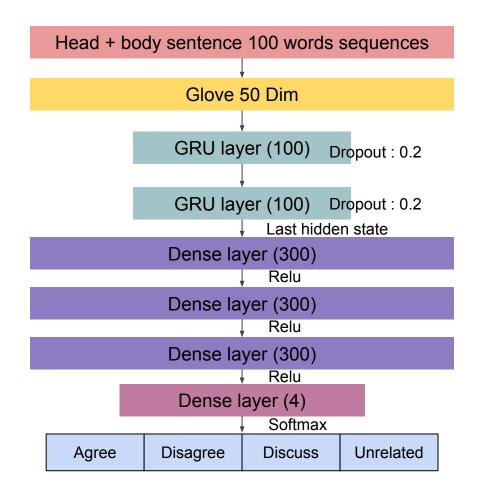
XGBoost

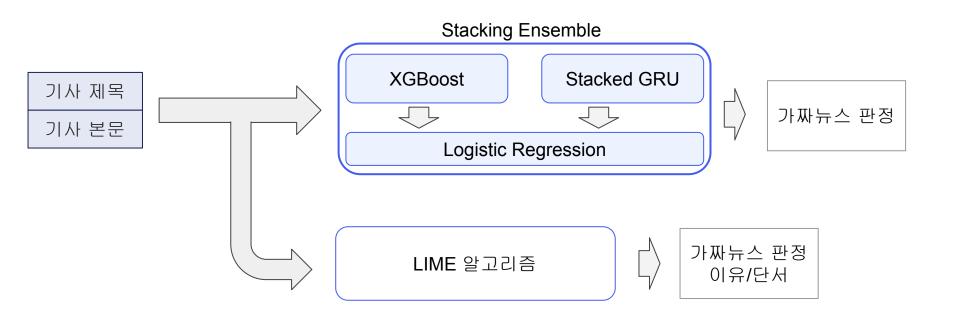


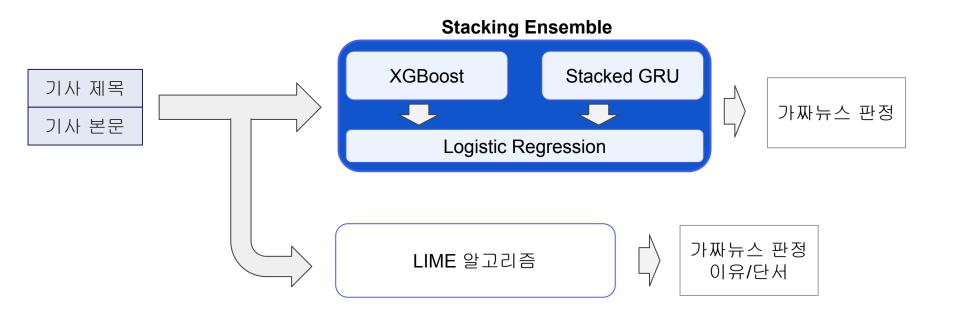




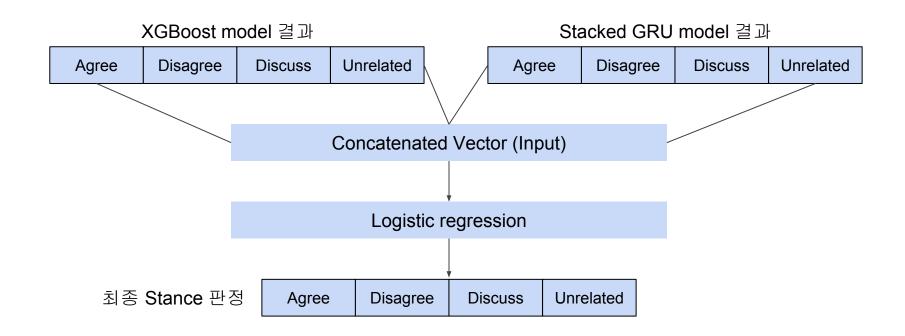
Stacked GRU







Stacking Ensemble



모델 평가 환경

Task environment

Naver Cloud Platform Cloud 이용 (Thanks to CLOUD PLATFORM)

- 🖵 평가 measures
 - FNC 점수 = (agree, disagree, discuss 맞춘 수) × 0.75 + (unrelated 맞춘 수) × 0.25
 - F-score
- □ 우승 팀 모델 분석

1등 팀: CNN + XGBoost

2등 팀: 7 layer MLP ensemble model

3등 팀 : Single MLP model

모델 평가

	f1 - macro	Agree	Disagree	Discuss	Unrelated	FNC 점수	accuracy
1등 모델	58.2%	53.9%	3.5%	76.0%	99.4%	82.02%	89.1%
2등 모델	60.4%	48.7%	15.1%	78.0%	99.6%	81.97%	89.5%
3등 모델	58.3%	47.9%	11.4%	74.7%	98.9%	81.7%	88.5%
Stacked GRU	37.42%	24.70%	11.18%	41.97%	71.84%	57.44%	57.69%
XGBoost	49.3%	25.7%	0.00%	74.0%	97.6%	81.1%	87.6%
Stacking Ensemble	53.34%	44.15%	14.82%	58.42%	95.96%	72.50%	87.11%

□ 각 클래스 별 평가는 F1 score 값으로 측정

모델 한계점 분석

Disagree인데 Agree로 잘못 판단한 기사 예시

제목 : Sorry, Argentina's President Didn't Actually Adopt a Jewish Werewolf

본문: The President of Argentina, Cristina Fernandez de Kirchner, has adopted a Jewish godson – to prevent him from becoming a werewolf. Although this sounds like something straight out of a fantasy novel, the President last week.... (하략)



기사 **제목**과 **본문 초반**의 단어 유사도가 높음

- → 원인 분석
 - GRU 모델은 제목과 기사 본문을 붙인 것의 초반 100단어를 feature로 사용하기 때문에 본문 전체를 반영하지 못한 것으로 추정

Future Work

GRU 모델 성능 개선

- GRU 모델 input feature 시퀀스 길이를 조정
 - 본문 feature input 길이를 늘려 본문이 모델이 반영되는 비율 확대

- Sentence embedding을 통해 다른 feature로 이용
 - 본문을 sentence단위로 끊어 각각 임베딩
 - 임베딩 된 제목과 임베딩 된 본문 sentence를 cos similarity와 같은 measure를 이용해 추가적인 input feature로 사용

Future Work

메타 데이터 활용

- □ 기사 페이지 분석
 - 기사 웹페이지 내의 광고 갯수 통계 활용
- □ 언론사 통계 활용
 - 언론사 사이트별 월간 방문자 수 통계 활용
 - o 언론사 별 재무 정보 비교
- □ 뉴스 이용자 반응 분석
 - 뉴스 기사 댓글 분석 (댓글 갯수, 내용 등)
 - 트윗 전파 속도, 리트윗 횟수 통계 활용

데모 구현

Headline *

Bill Aims to Ban Korea's Wild Animal Cafes

Body *

A lawmaker has proposed a bill to ban wild animal cafes, which have sprung up across Korea in recent years.

Rep. Lee Yong-deuk of the governing Democratic Party of Korea proposed a bill last week to ban displays of wild animals such as raccoons at cafes and restaurants.

The number of these cafes has increased in Seoul and other big cities over the past few years, attracting customers who want to enjoy their drinks in the company of unique animals such as meerkats, foxes, flying squirrels and even snakes.

Under the current law, cafe owners can use wild animals for commercial purposes as long as they are not endangered species recognized by the government.

If the National Assembly passes the bill, violators could face imprisonment for up to a year or a maximum fine of 10 million won (\$9,000).



EXPLAIN INSPECT

감사합니다 **Q&A**

참고 자료 출처

- https://www.fakenewschallenge.org
- https://github.com/Cisco-Talos/fnc-1 (2017 FNC winner)
- https://arxiv.org/pdf/1806.05180.pdf
 (A Retrospective Analysis of the Fake News Challenge Stance Detection Task)
- https://www.kdd.org/kdd2016/subtopic/view/why-should-i-trust-you-explaining-the-predictions-of-any-classifier (LIME)
- https://arxiv.org/abs/1711.09784 (LIME)