That a *kohain* read before him

שקרא לפניו כהן –

OVERVIEW

מעלה was מעלה a person to לויה based on the testimony that he read in the after a כהן. Our תוספות qualifies this ruling.

פירוש¹ פעם אחת:

The explanation why this proof is valid is because the כהן read **only one time;** he had only one tyring. If there would be no נעליות would have read twice (received two).

SUMMARY

If a כהן receives one עליה we can be certain that the following עליה was given to a לוי.

THINKING IT OVER

Why was it necessary for תוספות to tell us that כהן read one time (only) and not twice, when the גמרא clearly states that the צ said שני בביהכנ"ס; indicating that he received the second עליה; obviously the כהן read only once?!

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¹ תוספות (by saying פירוש) is seemingly negating (פירש"י (בד"ה שקרא לפניו), who maintains that if he was not a לוי they would have called up two עליות (for the first two תוספות disagrees for we do not call up two הבנים, but rather the same כהן receives the first two עליות עליות writes (הבן אחת), preceding this לוי , read only once (he only received the עליה of), indicating that the second להי was for a להרש"א.