# Scan Report

# April 7, 2024

### Summary

This document reports on the results of an automatic security scan. All dates are displayed using the timezone "Coordinated Universal Time", which is abbreviated "UTC". The task was "DokuWiki Scan". The scan started at Sun Mar 31 23:01:04 2024 UTC and ended at Mon Apr 1 03:22:47 2024 UTC. The report first summarises the results found. Then, for each host, the report describes every issue found. Please consider the advice given in each description, in order to rectify the issue.

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# 1 Result Overview

Host	High	Medium	Low	Log	False Positive
172.16.36.133	13	10	2	0	0
Total: 1	13	10	2	0	0

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Vendor security updates are not trusted.

Overrides are off. Even when a result has an override, this report uses the actual threat of the result.

Information on overrides is included in the report.

Notes are included in the report.

This report might not show details of all issues that were found.

Issues with the threat level "Log" are not shown.

Issues with the threat level "Debug" are not shown.

Issues with the threat level "False Positive" are not shown.

Only results with a minimum QoD of 70 are shown.

This report contains all 25 results selected by the filtering described above. Before filtering there were 140 results.

# 2 Results per Host

# $2.1 \quad 172.16.36.133$

Host scan start Sun Mar 31 23:02:30 2024 UTC Host scan end Mon Apr 1 03:22:43 2024 UTC

Service (Port)	Threat Level
$443/\mathrm{tcp}$	High
80/tcp	High
$12321/\mathrm{tcp}$	High
m general/tcp	High
$443/\mathrm{tcp}$	Medium
$22/\mathrm{tcp}$	Medium
$12320/\mathrm{tcp}$	Medium
$12321/\mathrm{tcp}$	Medium
general/icmp	Low
$22/\mathrm{tcp}$	Low

# $\mathbf{2.1.1} \quad \mathbf{High} \ 443/\mathbf{tcp}$

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# High (CVSS: 8.6)

# NVT: DokuWiki Reflected File Download Vulnerability

#### Summary

The call parameter of /lib/exe/ajax.php in DokuWiki does not properly encode user input, which leads to a reflected file download vulnerability, and allows remote attackers to run arbitrary programs.

# Quality of Detection: 99

### Vulnerability Detection Result

Vulnerable URL: https://172.16.36.133/lib/exe/ajax.php?call=%7c%7c%63%61%6c%63%7  $\hookrightarrow$  c%7c

#### Solution:

**Solution type:** VendorFix Apply the provided patch.

# Affected Software/OS

 $DokuWiki\ 2017-02-19e$  and prior.

# Vulnerability Detection Method

Sends a crafted HTTP GET request and checks the response. Details: DokuWiki Reflected File Download Vulnerability

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.140814 Version used: 2023-07-20T05:05:17Z

### References

cve: CVE-2017-18123

url: https://github.com/splitbrain/dokuwiki/issues/2029

dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2018-1733 dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2018-1317

[ return to 172.16.36.133 ]

# 2.1.2 High 80/tcp

# High (CVSS: 8.6)

NVT: DokuWiki Reflected File Download Vulnerability

#### Summary

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... continued from previous page ...

The call parameter of /lib/exe/ajax.php in DokuWiki does not properly encode user input, which leads to a reflected file download vulnerability, and allows remote attackers to run arbitrary programs.

# Quality of Detection: 99

# Vulnerability Detection Result

Vulnerable URL: http://172.16.36.133/lib/exe/ajax.php?call=%7c%7c%63%61%6c%63%7c  $\hookrightarrow$ %7c

#### Solution:

**Solution type:** VendorFix Apply the provided patch.

# Affected Software/OS

DokuWiki 2017-02-19e and prior.

# Vulnerability Detection Method

Sends a crafted HTTP GET request and checks the response. Details: DokuWiki Reflected File Download Vulnerability

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.140814 Version used: 2023-07-20T05:05:17Z

### References

cve: CVE-2017-18123

url: https://github.com/splitbrain/dokuwiki/issues/2029

dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2018-1733 dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2018-1317

[ return to 172.16.36.133 ]

### 2.1.3 High 12321/tcp

# High (CVSS: 9.8)

NVT: Webmin < 1.997 XSS Vulnerability

### Summary

Webmin is prone to a cross-site scripting (XSS) vulnerability.

Quality of Detection: 80

# Vulnerability Detection Result

Installed version: 1.831

Fixed version: 1.997

Installation
path / port: /

### Solution:

**Solution type:** VendorFix Update to version 1.997 or later.

### Affected Software/OS

Webmin version prior to 1.997.

#### Vulnerability Insight

Software/apt-lib.pl in Webmin lacks HTML escaping for a UI command.

# Vulnerability Detection Method

Checks if a vulnerable version is present on the target host.

Details: Webmin < 1.997 XSS Vulnerability

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.124131 Version used: 2023-10-19T05:05:21Z

#### References

cve: CVE-2022-36446

url: https://www.webmin.com/security.html

url: https://github.com/webmin/webmin/commit/13f7bf9621a82d93f1e9dbd838d1e220202

 $\hookrightarrow$ 21bde

cert-bund: WID-SEC-2022-0825

# High (CVSS: 9.8)

# NVT: Webmin 1.880 Information Disclosure Vulnerability

# Summary

Webmin is prone to an information disclosure vulnerability that allows non-privileged users to access arbitrary files.

# Quality of Detection: 80

# Vulnerability Detection Result

Installed version: 1.831

Fixed version: Please see the solution tag for an available Mitigation

### Impact

Successful exploitation would allow an attacker to access any file on the system, ranging from sensitive documents to administrator passwords.

### Solution:

Solution type: Mitigation

No patch is available as of 15th March, 2018. As a mitigation technique, the setting 'Can view any file as a log file' can be disabled, effectively stopping a user from exploiting this vulnerability.

# Affected Software/OS

Webmin through version 1.880

### Vulnerability Insight

An issue was discovered in Webmin when the default Yes setting of 'Can view any file as a log file' is enabled. As a result of weak default configuration settings, limited users have full access rights to the underlying Unix system files, allowing the user to read sensitive data from the local system (using Local File Include) such as the '/etc/shadow' file via a 'GET /syslog/save log.cgi?view=1&file=/etc/shadow' request.

# Vulnerability Detection Method

The script checks if a vulnerable version is present on the target host.

 $Details: \mbox{\sc Webmin 1.880 Information Disclosure Vulnerability}$ 

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.113135 Version used: 2023-07-20T05:05:18Z

#### References

cve: CVE-2018-8712

url: https://www.7elements.co.uk/resources/technical-advisories/webmin-1-840-1-8

 $\hookrightarrow$ 80-unrestricted-access-arbitrary-files-using-local-file-include/

url: http://www.webmin.com/changes.html

# High (CVSS: 9.6)

# NVT: Webmin <= 1.994 Multiple Vulnerabilities

### Summary

Webmin is prone to multiple vulnerabilities.

# Quality of Detection: 80

# **Vulnerability Detection Result**

Installed version: 1.831
Fixed version: None

Installation
path / port:

Solution:

### Solution type: WillNotFix

No known solution was made available for at least one year since the disclosure of this vulnerability. Likely none will be provided anymore. General solution options are to upgrade to a newer release, disable respective features, remove the product or replace the product by another one.

### Affected Software/OS

Webmin version 1.994 and prior.

# Vulnerability Insight

The following vulnerabilities exist:

- CVE-2021-32156: A cross-site request forgery (CSRF) vulnerability exists via the Scheduled Cron Jobs feature.
- CVE-2021-32157: A cross-site scripting (XSS) vulnerability exists via the Scheduled Cron Jobs feature.
- CVE-2021-32158: An XSS vulnerability exists via the Upload and Download feature.
- CVE-2021-32159: A CSRF vulnerability exists via the Upload and Download feature.
- CVE-2021-32160: An XSS vulnerability exists through the Add Users feature.
- CVE-2021-32161: An XSS vulnerability exists through the File Manager feature.
- CVE-2021-32162: A CSRF vulnerability exists through the File Manager feature.

#### Vulnerability Detection Method

Checks if a vulnerable version is present on the target host.

Details: Webmin <= 1.994 Multiple Vulnerabilities

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.127047 Version used: 2023-10-19T05:05:21Z

### References

cert-bund: CB-K22/0412

cve: CVE-2021-32156
cve: CVE-2021-32157
cve: CVE-2021-32158
cve: CVE-2021-32159
cve: CVE-2021-32160
cve: CVE-2021-32161
cve: CVE-2021-32162
url: https://github.com/Mesh31911/CVE-2021-32157
url: https://github.com/Mesh31911/CVE-2021-32158
url: https://github.com/Mesh31911/CVE-2021-32159
url: https://github.com/Mesh31911/CVE-2021-32160
url: https://github.com/Mesh31911/CVE-2021-32161
url: https://github.com/Mesh31911/CVE-2021-32161

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# High (CVSS: 8.8)

NVT: Webmin <= 1.991 Privilege Escalation Vulnerability

#### Summary

Webmin is prone to a privilege escalation vulnerability.

Quality of Detection: 80

# Vulnerability Detection Result

Installed version: 1.831
Fixed version: 1.994

Installation
path / port:

Solution:

**Solution type:** VendorFix Update to version 1.994 or later.

# Affected Software/OS

Webmin version 1.991 and prior.

# Vulnerability Insight

Webmin, when the Authentic theme is used, allows remote code execution when a user has been manually created (i.e., not created in Virtualmin or Cloudmin). This occurs because settings-editor\_write.cgi does not properly restrict the file parameter.

### **Vulnerability Detection Method**

Checks if a vulnerable version is present on the target host.

Details: Webmin <= 1.991 Privilege Escalation Vulnerability

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.127014 Version used: 2022-05-26T03:04:21Z

### References

cve: CVE-2022-30708

url: https://github.com/esp0xdeadbeef/rce\_webmin
url: https://github.com/webmin/webmin/issues/1635

url: https://www.webmin.com/security.html

cert-bund: CB-K22/0609

### High (CVSS: 8.8)

NVT: Webmin <= 1.983 RCE Vulnerability

### Summary

Webmin is prone to a remote code execution (RCE) vulnerability.

Quality of Detection: 80

### Vulnerability Detection Result

Installed version: 1.831
Fixed version: None

 ${\tt Installation}$ 

path / port: /

#### Solution:

# Solution type: WillNotFix

No known solution was made available for at least one year since the disclosure of this vulnerability. Likely none will be provided anymore. General solution options are to upgrade to a newer release, disable respective features, remove the product or replace the product by another one.

# Affected Software/OS

Webmin version 1.983 and prior.

### Vulnerability Insight

Arbitrary command execution can occur in Webmin. Any user authorized for the Package Updates module can execute arbitrary commands with root privileges via vectors involving %0A and %0C.

NOTE: this issue exists because of an incomplete fix for CVE-2019-12840.

### Vulnerability Detection Method

Checks if a vulnerable version is present on the target host.

 ${
m Details:}$  Webmin <= 1.983 RCE Vulnerability

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.145090 Version used: 2021-12-23T08:45:36Z

#### References

cve: CVE-2020-35606

url: https://www.pentest.com.tr/exploits/Webmin-1962-PU-Escape-Bypass-Remote-Com

 $\hookrightarrow$ mand-Execution.html

# High (CVSS: 8.8)

# NVT: Webmin < 1.930 Remote Code Execution (RCE) Vulnerability

### Summary

Webmin is prone to an authenticated remote code execution (RCE) vulnerability.

# Quality of Detection: 80

# Vulnerability Detection Result

Installed version: 1.831
Fixed version: 1.930

Installation
path / port:

### Impact

Successful exploitation would allow an authenticated attacker to gain control over the target system.

### Solution:

**Solution type:** VendorFix Update to version 1.930 or later.

### Affected Software/OS

Webmin version 1.920 and prior.

### Vulnerability Insight

rpc.cgi in Webmin through 1.920 allows authenticated Remote Code Execution via a crafted object name because unserialise variable makes an eval call.

### Vulnerability Detection Method

Checks if a vulnerable version is present on the target host.

Details: Webmin < 1.930 Remote Code Execution (RCE) Vulnerability

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.142804 Version used: 2021-09-08T08:01:40Z

### References

cve: CVE-2019-15642

url: https://www.calypt.com/blog/index.php/authenticated-rce-on-webmin/

 $\hookrightarrow$ 9432c

cert-bund: CB-K19/0786

# High (CVSS: 8.8)

NVT: Webmin <= 1.941 Remote Code Execution (RCE) Vulnerability

#### Summary

Webmin is prone to a remote code execution (RCE) vulnerability.

# Quality of Detection: 80

#### Vulnerability Detection Result

Installed version: 1.831 ... continues on next page ...

Fixed version: None

Installation

path / port:

### Impact

Successful exploitation would allow an authorized attacker to gain control over the target system.

#### Solution:

# Solution type: WillNotFix

No known solution was made available for at least one year since the disclosure of this vulnerability. Likely none will be provided anymore. General solution options are to upgrade to a newer release, disable respective features, remove the product or replace the product by another one.

### Affected Software/OS

Webmin through version 1.941.

### Vulnerability Insight

Any user authorized to the 'Package Updates' module can execute arbitrary commands with root privileges via the data parameter to update.cgi.

# **Vulnerability Detection Method**

Checks if a vulnerable version is present on the target host.

Details: Webmin <= 1.941 Remote Code Execution (RCE) Vulnerability

 $\begin{aligned} & \text{OID:} 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.113409} \\ & \text{Version used: } & \text{2021-09-08T08:} \text{01:} 40\text{Z} \end{aligned}$ 

# References

cve: CVE-2019-12840

url: https://pentest.com.tr/exploits/Webmin-1910-Package-Updates-Remote-Command-

 $\hookrightarrow$ Execution.html

url: https://www.exploit-db.com/exploits/46984

# High (CVSS: 8.8)

# NVT: Webmin <= 1.984 Multiple Vulnerabilities

# Summary

Webmin is prone to multiple vulnerabilities.

# Quality of Detection: 80

### Vulnerability Detection Result

Installed version: 1.831 Fixed version: 1.990

Installation

path / port:

Solution:

**Solution type:** VendorFix Update to version 1.990 or later.

# Affected Software/OS

Webmin version 1.984 and prior.

# Vulnerability Insight

The following vulnerabilities exist:

- CVE-2022-0824: Improper access control leads to remote code execution (RCE)
- CVE-2022-0829: Improper authorization

# Vulnerability Detection Method

Checks if a vulnerable version is present on the target host.

Details: Webmin <= 1.984 Multiple Vulnerabilities

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.147747 Version used: 2022-04-27T08:53:35Z

#### References

cve: CVE-2022-0824 cve: CVE-2022-0829

url: https://www.webmin.com/security.html

url: https://huntr.dev/bounties/d0049a96-de90-4b1a-9111-94de1044f295/url: https://huntr.dev/bounties/f2d0389f-d7d1-4f34-9f9d-268b0a0da05e/

url: https://github.com/webmin/webmin/commit/eeeea3c097f5cc473770119f7ac61f1dcfa

→671b9

url: https://github.com/webmin/webmin/commit/39ea464f0c40b325decd6a5bfb7833fa4a1

→42e38

cert-bund: CB-K22/0267

### High (CVSS: 8.8)

# NVT: Webmin $\leq 1.930$ XXE Vulnerability

# Summary

Webmin is prone to an authenticated XXE vulnerability in xmlrpc.cgi.

# Quality of Detection: 80

#### Vulnerability Detection Result

Installed version: 1.831
Fixed version: None

Installation

path / port:

### **Impact**

Successful exploitation would allow an authenticated attacker to gain control over the target system.

### Solution:

Solution type: WillNotFix

No known solution was made available for at least one year since the disclosure of this vulnerability. Likely none will be provided anymore. General solution options are to upgrade to a newer release, disable respective features, remove the product or replace the product by another one.

### Affected Software/OS

Webmin version 1.930 and prior.

### **Vulnerability Detection Method**

Checks if a vulnerable version is present on the target host.

Details: Webmin <= 1.930 XXE Vulnerability

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.142805 Version used: 2021-09-08T08:01:40Z

### References

cve: CVE-2019-15642

url: https://www.calypt.com/blog/index.php/authenticated-xxe-on-webmin/

cert-bund: CB-K19/0786

High (CVSS: 7.8)

NVT: Webmin <= 1.941 RCE Vulnerability

# Summary

Webmin is prone to an authenticated remote code execution vulnerability.

Quality of Detection: 80

#### Vulnerability Detection Result

Installed version: 1.831
Fixed version: None

# Solution:

# Solution type: WillNotFix

No known solution was made available for at least one year since the disclosure of this vulnerability. Likely none will be provided anymore. General solution options are to upgrade to a newer release, disable respective features, remove the product or replace the product by another one.

#### Affected Software/OS

Webmin through version 1.941. The vendor does not classify this vulnerability as workable exploit, as it requires that the attacker already knows the root password. Hence there is no fix for it in Webmin.

# Vulnerability Detection Method

Checks if a vulnerable version is present on the target host.

Details: Webmin <= 1.941 RCE Vulnerability

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.141897Version used: 2021-09-08T08:01:40Z

#### References

cve: CVE-2019-9624

url: https://www.exploit-db.com/exploits/46201

url: http://www.webmin.com/security.html

[ return to 172.16.36.133 ]

# 2.1.4 High general/tcp

# High (CVSS: 10.0)

# NVT: Operating System (OS) End of Life (EOL) Detection

### Product detection result

cpe:/o:debian:debian\_linux:8

Detected by OS Detection Consolidation and Reporting (OID:  $1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0 \hookrightarrow .105937$ )

#### Summary

The Operating System (OS) on the remote host has reached the end of life (EOL) and should not be used anymore.

# Quality of Detection: 80

### Vulnerability Detection Result

The "Debian GNU/Linux" Operating System on the remote host has reached the end o  $\hookrightarrow$ f life.

CPE: cpe:/o:debian:debian\_linux:8

Installed version, build or SP:

EOL date: 2020-06-30

EOL info:  $https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/List_of_Debian_releases\#Release \hookrightarrow_{table}$ 

#### Impact

An EOL version of an OS is not receiving any security updates from the vendor. Unfixed security vulnerabilities might be leveraged by an attacker to compromise the security of this host.

# Solution:

Solution type: Mitigation

Upgrade the OS on the remote host to a version which is still supported and receiving security updates by the vendor.

### Vulnerability Detection Method

Checks if an EOL version of an OS is present on the target host. Details: Operating System (OS) End of Life (EOL) Detection

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.103674 Version used: 2024-02-28T14:37:42Z

### **Product Detection Result**

Product: cpe:/o:debian:debian\_linux:8

Method: OS Detection Consolidation and Reporting

OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.105937)

[ return to 172.16.36.133 ]

# 2.1.5 Medium 443/tcp

Medium (CVSS: 4.3)

NVT: SSL/TLS: Deprecated TLSv1.0 and TLSv1.1 Protocol Detection

#### Summary

It was possible to detect the usage of the deprecated TLSv1.0 and/or TLSv1.1 protocol on this system.

Quality of Detection: 98

### Vulnerability Detection Result

In addition to TLSv1.2+ the service is also providing the deprecated TLSv1.0 and  $\hookrightarrow$  TLSv1.1 protocols and supports one or more ciphers. Those supported ciphers c  $\hookrightarrow$ an be found in the 'SSL/TLS: Report Supported Cipher Suites' (OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1  $\hookrightarrow$  .25623.1.0.802067) VT.

### Impact

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An attacker might be able to use the known cryptographic flaws to eavesdrop the connection between clients and the service to get access to sensitive data transferred within the secured connection.

Furthermore newly uncovered vulnerabilities in this protocols won't receive security updates anymore.

# Solution:

Solution type: Mitigation

It is recommended to disable the deprecated TLSv1.0 and/or TLSv1.1 protocols in favor of the TLSv1.2+ protocols. Please see the references for more information.

### Affected Software/OS

All services providing an encrypted communication using the TLSv1.0 and/or TLSv1.1 protocols.

### Vulnerability Insight

The TLSv1.0 and TLSv1.1 protocols contain known cryptographic flaws like:

- CVE-2011-3389: Browser Exploit Against SSL/TLS (BEAST)
- CVE-2015-0204: Factoring Attack on RSA-EXPORT Keys Padding Oracle On Downgraded Legacy Encryption (FREAK)

# Vulnerability Detection Method

Check the used TLS protocols of the services provided by this system.

Details: SSL/TLS: Deprecated TLSv1.0 and TLSv1.1 Protocol Detection

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.117274 Version used: 2023-10-20T16:09:12Z

# References

cve: CVE-2011-3389 cve: CVE-2015-0204

url: https://ssl-config.mozilla.org/

url: https://bettercrypto.org/

url: https://datatracker.ietf.org/doc/rfc8996/

url: https://vnhacker.blogspot.com/2011/09/beast.html

url: https://web.archive.org/web/20201108095603/https://censys.io/blog/freak

url: https://www.enisa.europa.eu/publications/algorithms-key-size-and-parameters

 $\hookrightarrow$ -report-2014

cert-bund: WID-SEC-2023-1435

cert-bund: CB-K18/0799 cert-bund: CB-K16/1289 cert-bund: CB-K16/1096

cert-bund: CB-K15/1751

cert-bund: CB-K15/1266 cert-bund: CB-K15/0850

cert-bund: CB-K15/0764 cert-bund: CB-K15/0720

cert-bund: CB-K15/0548

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... continued from previous page ...
cert-bund: CB-K15/0526
cert-bund: CB-K15/0509
cert-bund: CB-K15/0493
cert-bund: CB-K15/0384
cert-bund: CB-K15/0365
cert-bund: CB-K15/0364
cert-bund: CB-K15/0302
cert-bund: CB-K15/0192
cert-bund: CB-K15/0079
cert-bund: CB-K15/0016
cert-bund: CB-K14/1342
cert-bund: CB-K14/0231
cert-bund: CB-K13/0845
cert-bund: CB-K13/0796
cert-bund: CB-K13/0790
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2020-0177
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2020-0111
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2019-0068
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2018-1441
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2018-1408
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2016-1372
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2016-1164
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2016-0388
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-1853
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-1332
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0884
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0800
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0758
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0567
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0544
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0530
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0396
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0375
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0374
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0305
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0199
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0079
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0021
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2014-1414
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2013-1847
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2013-1792
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-1979
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-1829
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-1530
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-1380
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-1377
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-1292
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... continued from previous page ...
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-1214
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-1213
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-1180
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-1156
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-1155
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-1039
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-0956
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-0908
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-0868
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-0867
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-0848
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-0838
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-0776
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-0722
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-0638
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-0627
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-0451
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-0418
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-0354
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-0234
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-0221
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-0177
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-0170
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-0146
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-0142
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-0126
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-0123
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-0095
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-0051
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-0047
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-0021
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2011-1953
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2011-1946
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2011-1844
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2011-1826
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2011-1774
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2011-1743
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2011-1738
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2011-1706
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2011-1628
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2011-1627
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2011-1619
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2011-1482
```

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Medium (CVSS: 4.0)

NVT: SSL/TLS: Diffie-Hellman Key Exchange Insufficient DH Group Strength Vulnerability

#### **Summary**

The SSL/TLS service uses Diffie-Hellman groups with insufficient strength (key size < 2048).

Quality of Detection: 80

# Vulnerability Detection Result

Server Temporary Key Size: 1024 bits

### Impact

An attacker might be able to decrypt the SSL/TLS communication offline.

#### Solution:

Solution type: Workaround

Deploy (Ephemeral) Elliptic-Curve Diffie-Hellman (ECDHE) or use a 2048-bit or stronger Diffie-

Hellman group (see the references).

For Apache Web Servers: Beginning with version 2.4.7, mod\_ssl will use DH parameters which

include primes with lengths of more than 1024 bits.

# Vulnerability Insight

The Diffie-Hellman group are some big numbers that are used as base for the DH computations. They can be, and often are, fixed. The security of the final secret depends on the size of these parameters. It was found that 512 and 768 bits to be weak, 1024 bits to be breakable by really powerful attackers like governments.

### **Vulnerability Detection Method**

Checks the DHE temporary public key size.

Details: SSL/TLS: Diffie-Hellman Key Exchange Insufficient DH Group Strength Vulnerabili.

 $\hookrightarrow$  . .

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.106223 Version used: 2023-07-21T05:05:22Z

### References

url: https://weakdh.org/

url: https://weakdh.org/sysadmin.html

 $[\ {\rm return\ to\ 172.16.36.133}\ ]$ 

# 2.1.6 Medium 22/tcp

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Medium (CVSS: 5.3)

NVT: Weak Host Key Algorithm(s) (SSH)

### Summary

The remote SSH server is configured to allow / support weak host key algorithm(s).

Quality of Detection: 80

### Vulnerability Detection Result

The remote SSH server supports the following weak host key algorithm(s): host key algorithm | Description

-----

 $\hookrightarrow$ -----

ssh-dss | Digital Signature Algorithm (DSA) / Digital Signature Stand

 $\hookrightarrow$ ard (DSS)

# Solution:

Solution type: Mitigation

Disable the reported weak host key algorithm(s).

# Vulnerability Detection Method

Checks the supported host key algorithms of the remote SSH server.

Currently weak host key algorithms are defined as the following:

- ssh-dss: Digital Signature Algorithm (DSA) / Digital Signature Standard (DSS)

Details: Weak Host Key Algorithm(s) (SSH)

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.117687 Version used: 2023-10-12T05:05:32Z

### References

url: https://www.rfc-editor.org/rfc/rfc8332
url: https://www.rfc-editor.org/rfc/rfc8709

url: https://www.rfc-editor.org/rfc/rfc4253#section-6.6

[ return to 172.16.36.133 ]

# 2.1.7 Medium 12320/tcp

Medium (CVSS: 4.3)

NVT: SSL/TLS: Deprecated TLSv1.0 and TLSv1.1 Protocol Detection

### Summary

It was possible to detect the usage of the deprecated TLSv1.0 and/or TLSv1.1 protocol on this system.

# Quality of Detection: 98

#### Vulnerability Detection Result

In addition to TLSv1.2+ the service is also providing the deprecated TLSv1.0 and  $\hookrightarrow$  TLSv1.1 protocols and supports one or more ciphers. Those supported ciphers c  $\hookrightarrow$ an be found in the 'SSL/TLS: Report Supported Cipher Suites' (OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1  $\hookrightarrow$ .25623.1.0.802067) VT.

### Impact

An attacker might be able to use the known cryptographic flaws to eavesdrop the connection between clients and the service to get access to sensitive data transferred within the secured connection.

Furthermore newly uncovered vulnerabilities in this protocols won't receive security updates anymore.

### Solution:

### Solution type: Mitigation

It is recommended to disable the deprecated TLSv1.0 and/or TLSv1.1 protocols in favor of the TLSv1.2+ protocols. Please see the references for more information.

### Affected Software/OS

All services providing an encrypted communication using the TLSv1.0 and/or TLSv1.1 protocols.

# Vulnerability Insight

The TLSv1.0 and TLSv1.1 protocols contain known cryptographic flaws like:

- CVE-2011-3389: Browser Exploit Against SSL/TLS (BEAST)
- CVE-2015-0204: Factoring Attack on RSA-EXPORT Keys Padding Oracle On Downgraded Legacy Encryption (FREAK)

### Vulnerability Detection Method

Check the used TLS protocols of the services provided by this system.

Details: SSL/TLS: Deprecated TLSv1.0 and TLSv1.1 Protocol Detection

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.117274 Version used: 2023-10-20T16:09:12Z

# References

cve: CVE-2011-3389 cve: CVE-2015-0204

url: https://ssl-config.mozilla.org/

url: https://bettercrypto.org/

url: https://datatracker.ietf.org/doc/rfc8996/

url: https://vnhacker.blogspot.com/2011/09/beast.html

url: https://web.archive.org/web/20201108095603/https://censys.io/blog/freak

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... continued from previous page ...
url: https://www.enisa.europa.eu/publications/algorithms-key-size-and-parameters
\hookrightarrow-report-2014
cert-bund: WID-SEC-2023-1435
cert-bund: CB-K18/0799
cert-bund: CB-K16/1289
cert-bund: CB-K16/1096
cert-bund: CB-K15/1751
cert-bund: CB-K15/1266
cert-bund: CB-K15/0850
cert-bund: CB-K15/0764
cert-bund: CB-K15/0720
cert-bund: CB-K15/0548
cert-bund: CB-K15/0526
cert-bund: CB-K15/0509
cert-bund: CB-K15/0493
cert-bund: CB-K15/0384
cert-bund: CB-K15/0365
cert-bund: CB-K15/0364
cert-bund: CB-K15/0302
cert-bund: CB-K15/0192
cert-bund: CB-K15/0079
cert-bund: CB-K15/0016
cert-bund: CB-K14/1342
cert-bund: CB-K14/0231
cert-bund: CB-K13/0845
cert-bund: CB-K13/0796
cert-bund: CB-K13/0790
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2020-0177
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2020-0111
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2019-0068
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2018-1441
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2018-1408
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2016-1372
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2016-1164
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2016-0388
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-1853
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-1332
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0884
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0800
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0758
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0567
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0544
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0530
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0396
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0375
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0374
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0305
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dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0199
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0079
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0021
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2014-1414
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2013-1847
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2013-1792
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-1979
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dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-1213
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-1180
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dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-1155
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-1039
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-0956
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-0908
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-0868
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-0867
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-0848
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-0838
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dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-0722
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-0638
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-0627
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-0451
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-0418
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-0354
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-0234
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-0221
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-0177
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-0170
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-0146
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-0142
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-0126
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-0123
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-0095
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-0051
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-0047
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-0021
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2011-1953
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2011-1946
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2011-1844
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2011-1826
... continues on next page ...
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dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2011-1774
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2011-1743
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2011-1738
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2011-1706
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2011-1628
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2011-1627
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2011-1619
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2011-1619

Medium (CVSS: 4.0)

NVT: SSL/TLS: Diffie-Hellman Key Exchange Insufficient DH Group Strength Vulnerability

# Summary

The SSL/TLS service uses Diffie-Hellman groups with insufficient strength (key size < 2048).

Quality of Detection: 80

### Vulnerability Detection Result

Server Temporary Key Size: 1024 bits

### Impact

An attacker might be able to decrypt the SSL/TLS communication offline.

### Solution:

Solution type: Workaround

Deploy (Ephemeral) Elliptic-Curve Diffie-Hellman (ECDHE) or use a 2048-bit or stronger Diffie-Hellman group (see the references).

For Apache Web Servers: Beginning with version 2.4.7, mod\_ssl will use DH parameters which include primes with lengths of more than 1024 bits.

# Vulnerability Insight

The Diffie-Hellman group are some big numbers that are used as base for the DH computations. They can be, and often are, fixed. The security of the final secret depends on the size of these parameters. It was found that 512 and 768 bits to be weak, 1024 bits to be breakable by really powerful attackers like governments.

# Vulnerability Detection Method

Checks the DHE temporary public key size.

Details: SSL/TLS: Diffie-Hellman Key Exchange Insufficient DH Group Strength Vulnerabili.  $\hookrightarrow$ ..

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.106223 Version used: 2023-07-21T05:05:22Z

### References

url: https://weakdh.org/

url: https://weakdh.org/sysadmin.html

[ return to 172.16.36.133 ]

# 2.1.8 Medium 12321/tcp

Medium (CVSS: 6.1)

NVT: Webmin < 2.003 XSS Vulnerability

# Summary

Webmin is prone to a cross-site scripting (XSS) vulnerability.

Quality of Detection: 80

# Vulnerability Detection Result

Installed version: 1.831
Fixed version: 2.003

Installation

path / port: /

#### Solution:

**Solution type:** VendorFix Update to version 2.003 or later.

Note: While there is no dedicated mention of the fix in any changelog the relevant code fix/commit as been included in the GitHub tag '2.003'.

#### Affected Software/OS

Webmin prior to version 2.003.

### Vulnerability Insight

An XSS vulnerability exists in an unknown function of the file xterm/index.cgi.

# Vulnerability Detection Method

Checks if a vulnerable version is present on the target host.

Details: Webmin < 2.003 XSS Vulnerability

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.126206 Version used: 2023-11-10T16:09:31Z

### References

cve: CVE-2022-3844

url: https://github.com/webmin/webmin/compare/2.001...2.003

 $url:\ https://github.com/webmin/webmin/commit/d3d33af3c0c3fd3a889c84e287a038b7a45$ 

→7d811

cert-bund: WID-SEC-2022-1957

### Medium (CVSS: 6.1)

### $\mathrm{NVT}\colon \mathrm{Webmin} <= 1.941 \; \mathrm{Multiple} \; \mathrm{XSS} \; \mathrm{Vulnerabilities}$

# Summary

Webmin is prone to multiple cross-site scripting vulnerabilities.

# Quality of Detection: 80

### Vulnerability Detection Result

Installed version: 1.831
Fixed version: 1.953

Installation
path / port: /

#### Solution:

Solution type: VendorFix Update to version 1.953 or later.

### Affected Software/OS

Webmin version 1.941 and prior.

# Vulnerability Insight

The following vulnerabilities exist:

- XSS in the Command Shell module (CVE-2020-8820 and CVE-2020-8821)
- XSS in the Read Mail module (CVE-2020-12670)

# Vulnerability Detection Method

Checks if a vulnerable version is present on the target host.

 ${
m Details:}$  Webmin <= 1.941 Multiple XSS Vulnerabilities

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.144734 Version used: 2021-08-16T12:00:57Z

# References

cve: CVE-2020-8820 cve: CVE-2020-8821 cve: CVE-2020-12670

url: https://www.webmin.com/security.html

cert-bund: CB-K20/0973

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### Medium (CVSS: 6.1)

NVT: Webmin  $\leq 1.995$  XSS Vulnerability

### Summary

Webmin is prone to a cross-site scripting (XSS) vulnerability.

### Quality of Detection: 80

### Vulnerability Detection Result

Installed version: 1.831
Fixed version: None

 ${\tt Installation}$ 

path / port: /

#### Impact

An HTML email crafted by an attacker could capture browser cookies when opened.

#### Solution:

### Solution type: WillNotFix

No known solution was made available for at least one year since the disclosure of this vulnerability. Likely none will be provided anymore. General solution options are to upgrade to a newer release, disable respective features, remove the product or replace the product by another one.

### Affected Software/OS

Webmin version 1.995 and prior.

### Vulnerability Detection Method

Checks if a vulnerable version is present on the target host.

Details: Webmin <= 1.995 XSS Vulnerability

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.126099 Version used: 2023-08-03T05:05:16Z

### References

cve: CVE-2022-36880

url: https://www.webmin.com/security.html

cert-bund: WID-SEC-2022-0838

#### Medium (CVSS: 4.3)

#### NVT: SSL/TLS: Deprecated TLSv1.0 and TLSv1.1 Protocol Detection

# Summary

It was possible to detect the usage of the deprecated TLSv1.0 and/or TLSv1.1 protocol on this system.

### Quality of Detection: 98

#### Vulnerability Detection Result

In addition to TLSv1.2+ the service is also providing the deprecated TLSv1.0 and  $\hookrightarrow$  TLSv1.1 protocols and supports one or more ciphers. Those supported ciphers c  $\hookrightarrow$ an be found in the 'SSL/TLS: Report Supported Cipher Suites' (OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1  $\hookrightarrow$  .25623.1.0.802067) VT.

### **Impact**

An attacker might be able to use the known cryptographic flaws to eavesdrop the connection between clients and the service to get access to sensitive data transferred within the secured connection.

Furthermore newly uncovered vulnerabilities in this protocols won't receive security updates anymore.

### Solution:

# Solution type: Mitigation

It is recommended to disable the deprecated TLSv1.0 and/or TLSv1.1 protocols in favor of the TLSv1.2+ protocols. Please see the references for more information.

### Affected Software/OS

All services providing an encrypted communication using the TLSv1.0 and/or TLSv1.1 protocols.

# Vulnerability Insight

The TLSv1.0 and TLSv1.1 protocols contain known cryptographic flaws like:

- CVE-2011-3389: Browser Exploit Against SSL/TLS (BEAST)
- CVE-2015-0204: Factoring Attack on RSA-EXPORT Keys Padding Oracle On Downgraded Legacy Encryption (FREAK)

### Vulnerability Detection Method

Check the used TLS protocols of the services provided by this system.

Details: SSL/TLS: Deprecated TLSv1.0 and TLSv1.1 Protocol Detection

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.117274 Version used: 2023-10-20T16:09:12Z

### References

cve: CVE-2011-3389 cve: CVE-2015-0204

url: https://ssl-config.mozilla.org/

url: https://bettercrypto.org/

url: https://datatracker.ietf.org/doc/rfc8996/

url: https://vnhacker.blogspot.com/2011/09/beast.html

url: https://web.archive.org/web/20201108095603/https://censys.io/blog/freak

url: https://www.enisa.europa.eu/publications/algorithms-key-size-and-parameters

 $\hookrightarrow$ -report-2014

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cert-bund: WID-SEC-2023-1435
cert-bund: CB-K18/0799
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cert-bund: CB-K16/1096
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cert-bund: CB-K15/0850
cert-bund: CB-K15/0764
cert-bund: CB-K15/0720
cert-bund: CB-K15/0548
cert-bund: CB-K15/0526
cert-bund: CB-K15/0509
cert-bund: CB-K15/0493
cert-bund: CB-K15/0384
cert-bund: CB-K15/0365
cert-bund: CB-K15/0364
cert-bund: CB-K15/0302
cert-bund: CB-K15/0192
cert-bund: CB-K15/0079
cert-bund: CB-K15/0016
cert-bund: CB-K14/1342
cert-bund: CB-K14/0231
cert-bund: CB-K13/0845
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cert-bund: CB-K13/0790
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dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2019-0068
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2018-1441
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2018-1408
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2016-1372
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2016-1164
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2016-0388
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-1853
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-1332
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0884
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0800
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0758
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0567
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0544
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0530
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0396
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0375
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0374
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0305
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0199
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0079
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dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0021
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2014-1414
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2013-1847
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dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-1829
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dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-1377
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dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-0451
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dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-0234
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-0221
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-0177
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-0170
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-0146
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-0142
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-0126
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-0123
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-0095
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-0051
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-0047
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-0021
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2011-1953
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2011-1946
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2011-1844
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2011-1826
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2011-1774
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2011-1743
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dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2011-1738
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2011-1706
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2011-1628
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2011-1627
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2011-1619
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2011-1482

Medium (CVSS: 4.0)

NVT: SSL/TLS: Diffie-Hellman Key Exchange Insufficient DH Group Strength Vulnerability

### Summary

The SSL/TLS service uses Diffie-Hellman groups with insufficient strength (key size < 2048).

Quality of Detection: 80

### Vulnerability Detection Result

Server Temporary Key Size: 1024 bits

### Impact

An attacker might be able to decrypt the SSL/TLS communication offline.

#### Solution:

Solution type: Workaround

Deploy (Ephemeral) Elliptic-Curve Diffie-Hellman (ECDHE) or use a 2048-bit or stronger Diffie-Hellman group (see the references).

For Apache Web Servers: Beginning with version 2.4.7, mod\_ssl will use DH parameters which include primes with lengths of more than 1024 bits.

# Vulnerability Insight

The Diffie-Hellman group are some big numbers that are used as base for the DH computations. They can be, and often are, fixed. The security of the final secret depends on the size of these parameters. It was found that 512 and 768 bits to be weak, 1024 bits to be breakable by really powerful attackers like governments.

#### Vulnerability Detection Method

Checks the DHE temporary public key size.

Details: SSL/TLS: Diffie-Hellman Key Exchange Insufficient DH Group Strength Vulnerabili.

 $\hookrightarrow$  . .

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.106223 Version used: 2023-07-21T05:05:22Z

# References

url: https://weakdh.org/

url: https://weakdh.org/sysadmin.html

[ return to 172.16.36.133 ]

# 2.1.9 Low general/icmp

Low (CVSS: 2.1)

NVT: ICMP Timestamp Reply Information Disclosure

#### Summary

The remote host responded to an ICMP timestamp request.

Quality of Detection: 80

# Vulnerability Detection Result

The following response / ICMP packet has been received:

- ICMP Type: 14 - ICMP Code: 0

### Impact

This information could theoretically be used to exploit weak time-based random number generators in other services.

### Solution:

Solution type: Mitigation

Various mitigations are possible:

- Disable the support for ICMP timestamp on the remote host completely
- Protect the remote host by a firewall, and block ICMP packets passing through the firewall in either direction (either completely or only for untrusted networks)

# Vulnerability Insight

The Timestamp Reply is an ICMP message which replies to a Timestamp message. It consists of the originating timestamp sent by the sender of the Timestamp as well as a receive timestamp and a transmit timestamp.

# Vulnerability Detection Method

Sends an ICMP Timestamp (Type 13) request and checks if a Timestamp Reply (Type 14) is received.

Details: ICMP Timestamp Reply Information Disclosure

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.103190 Version used: 2023-05-11T09:09:33Z

#### References

cve: CVE-1999-0524

url: https://datatracker.ietf.org/doc/html/rfc792
url: https://datatracker.ietf.org/doc/html/rfc2780

cert-bund: CB-K15/1514 ...continues on next page ...

cert-bund: CB-K14/0632 dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2014-0658

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# $2.1.10 \quad Low \ 22/tcp$

Low (CVSS: 2.6)

NVT: Weak MAC Algorithm(s) Supported (SSH)

# Summary

The remote SSH server is configured to allow / support weak MAC algorithm(s).

Quality of Detection: 80

### Vulnerability Detection Result

The remote SSH server supports the following weak client-to-server MAC algorithm  $\hookrightarrow$  (s):

umac-64-etm@openssh.com

umac-64@openssh.com

The remote SSH server supports the following weak server-to-client MAC algorithm  $\hookrightarrow$  (s):

umac-64-etm@openssh.com

umac-64@openssh.com

### Solution:

Solution type: Mitigation

Disable the reported weak MAC algorithm(s).

# Vulnerability Detection Method

Checks the supported MAC algorithms (client-to-server and server-to-client) of the remote SSH server.

Currently weak MAC algorithms are defined as the following:

- $\mathrm{MD}5$  based algorithms
- 96-bit based algorithms
- 64-bit based algorithms
- 'none' algorithm

Details: Weak MAC Algorithm(s) Supported (SSH)

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.105610

Version used: 2023-10-12T05:05:32Z

### References

url: https://www.rfc-editor.org/rfc/rfc6668

$\dots$ continued from previous page $\dots$
url: https://www.rfc-editor.org/rfc/rfc4253#section-6.4
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