



tag



Noah Marconi

CTO



## Who am I

12+ year research and software development background with companies such as Vision Critical, LoyaltyOne, Blockable, and Tag Innovation.

Co-designed and developed George Brown College's Blockchain Development Program. The first of its kind in Canada.

Numerous blockchain pilots and mainnet deployments.

Speaker at industry events, including Deloitte's CryptoCamp & Airline Information Events.

# Four strategies

## Data Fields

- Lock in what you know
- Toggle what you don't

## Start Over

- Deploy new contract
- Migrate data over

## Keep Data, New Address

- Keep data contract
- Create new logic contract
- Interact with data contract from logic contract

## Keep Data & Address

- Keep data contract
- Keep contract address
- Delegate calls to new logic contract

# Data Fields

Vary your variables



## Scenario

- Crowdsale contract commissioned
- Requires audit ASAP
- Client's multisig address is...unknown

```
/*----- Global Address Variables -----*/
```

```
// Recipient of the ETH funds collected.  
address public multiSig;  
bool public multiSigSet = false;
```

```
/*----- Modifiers -----*/
```

```
/**  
 *  
 * @dev Ensures multisig beneficiary address is set.  
 */  
modifier multiSigIsSet() {  
    require(multiSigSet);  
    _;  
}
```

```
/*----- Owner: Variable Setters -----*/  
  
/**  
 * @dev Allows owner to set the multiSig (i.e. beneficiary) address.  
 * To maintain trustlessness, the address can only be set one time.  
 * @param _multiSig The multiSig address to receive sale proceeds.  
 */  
function setMultiSig(address _multiSig) public onlyOwner {  
    require(!multiSigSet);  
    require(_multiSig != address(0));  
    require(_multiSig != address(this));  
  
    multiSigSet = true;  
    multiSig = _multiSig;  
}
```

```
/*----- Internal Methods -----*/  
  
/**  
 * @dev Forwards funds collected to secure multiSig wallet.  
 */  
function forwardFunds() internal multiSigIsSet {  
    multiSig.transfer(msg.value);  
}
```



## Scenario

- Token needs to be “issued” yesterday
- Might be vesting
- Vesting terms TBD

```
interface ILocking {  
    function canTransfer(address sender, uint256 value)  
        external  
        returns (bool);  
}
```

```
/*----- Globals -----*/
```

```
// (GMT) Thursday, July 15, 2021 0:00:00.  
uint256 public constant lockEnd = 1626307200;
```

```
// Locking logic contract.  
ILocking private locking;
```

```
// Disable locking logic update flag.  
bool public canUpdateLockingLogic = true;
```

```
/*----- Locking Logic -----*/  
  
function updateLockingContract(ILocking newLocking)  
    public  
    onlyMinter  
{  
    require(  
        canUpdateLockingLogic,  
        "Locking contract updates are disabled."  
    );  
    locking = newLocking;  
}  
  
function disableLockingLogicUpdate()  
    public  
    onlyMinter  
{  
    canUpdateLockingLogic = false;  
}
```

```
/*----- Transfer overrides -----*/  
  
function transfer(address to, uint256 value)  
public  
returns (bool)  
{  
    // solium-disable-next-line security/no-block-members  
    if(block.timestamp < lockEnd && locked[msg.sender]) {  
        require(  
            locking.canTransfer(msg.sender, value),  
            "Invalid transfer. Funds still locked."  
        );  
    }  
    return super.transfer(to, value);  
}
```

# Start Over

Scorched earth: new contract, new address.



## Scenario

- Launched a token
- Errors :(



## Scenario

- Launched a token
- Errors :(
- We were prepared :)

```
interface MigrateContract {  
    function migrateData(address account, uint256 amount) external;  
}
```

```
/*----- Types -----*/
enum Stage { Active, Stopped, Migrating }

/*----- Globals -----*/
mapping (address => uint256) public _balances;
Stage public stage;
MigrateContract private _newContract;

/*----- Modifiers -----*/
modifier whenLive() {
    require(
        stage == Stage.Active,
        "Function not permitted when not Status.Active"
    );
    _;
}
```



```
/*----- Owner Methods -----*/
function retireContract()
    public
    whenLive
    onlyOwner
{
    stage = Stage.Stopped;
}

function initMigrate(MigrateContract newContract)
    public
    onlyOwner
{
    require(
        stage == Stage.Stopped,
        "Stage must be set to Stopped before initializing migration."
    );
    stage = Stage.Migrating;
    _newContract = newContract;
}
```

```
function migrateData(address account)
    public
{
    require(
        stage == Stage.Migrating,
        "Stage must be set to Migrating before migrating data."
    );
    uint256 amountToMove = _balances[account];
    delete _balances[account];
    _newContract.migrateData(account, amountToMove);
}
```



## Scenario

- We don't know what we don't know
- Elegant upgrade is required

Consensys Curated: [https://consensys.github.io/smart-contract-best-practices/known\\_attacks/](https://consensys.github.io/smart-contract-best-practices/known_attacks/)

Dasp top 10: <https://dasp.co/>

SCW Registry: <https://smartcontractsecurity.github.io/SWC-registry/>

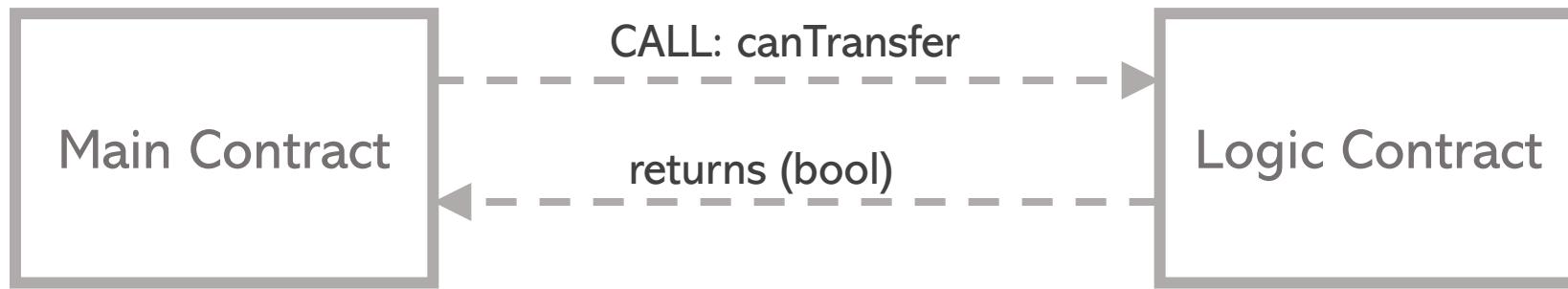
## call **vs** delegatecall

“call - Execute code of another contract

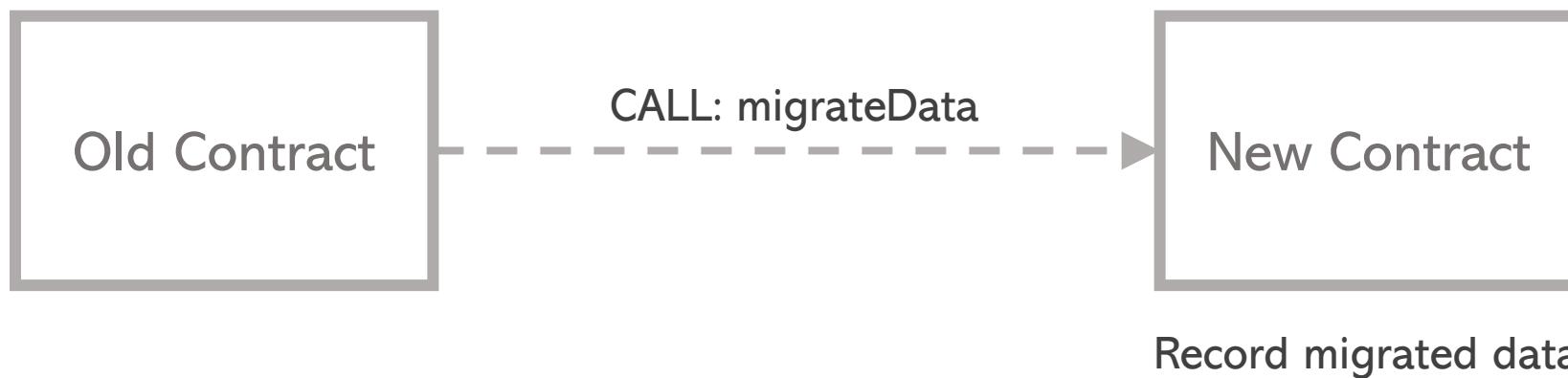
delegatecall - Execute code of another contract, but with the state(storage) of the calling contract.”

Source: <https://zupzup.org/smart-contract-interaction/>

## Locking Example external CALL



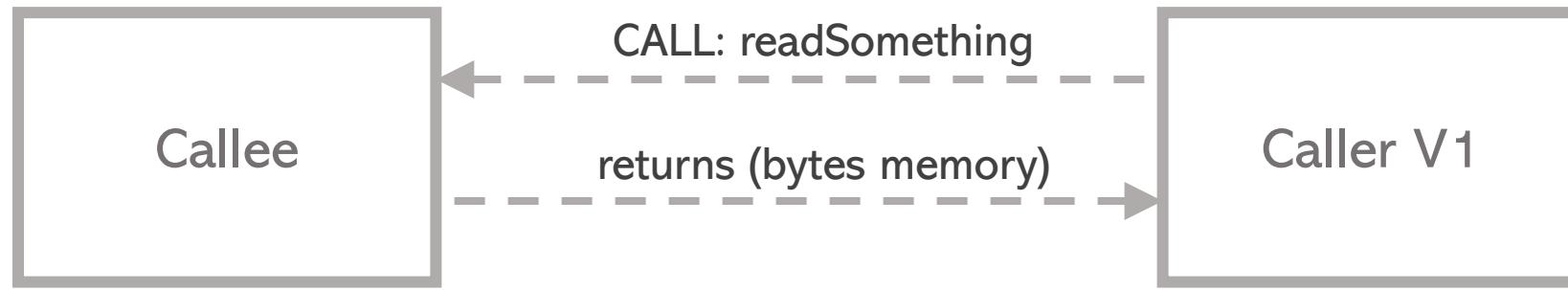
## Migrate Example external CALL



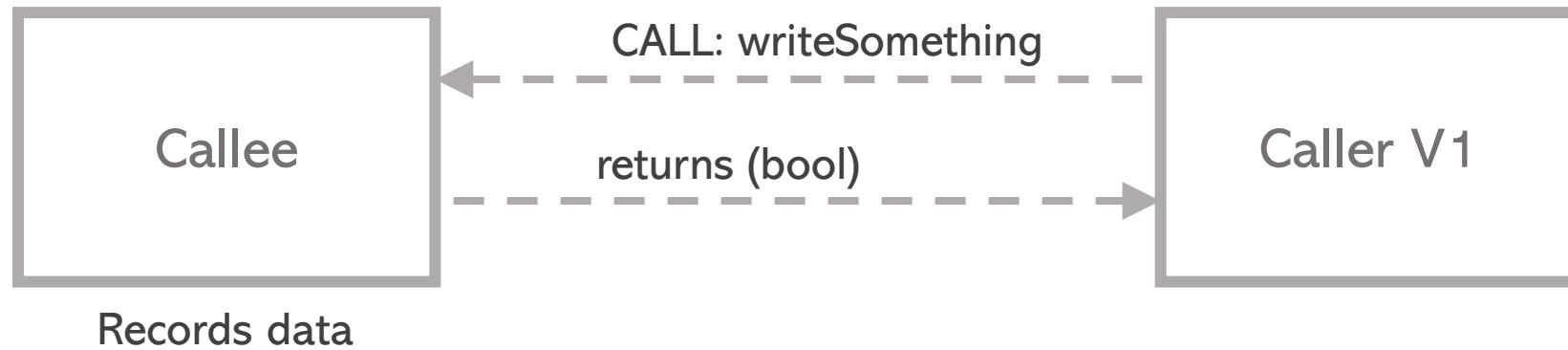
# Caller Callee

Separate Data and Logic

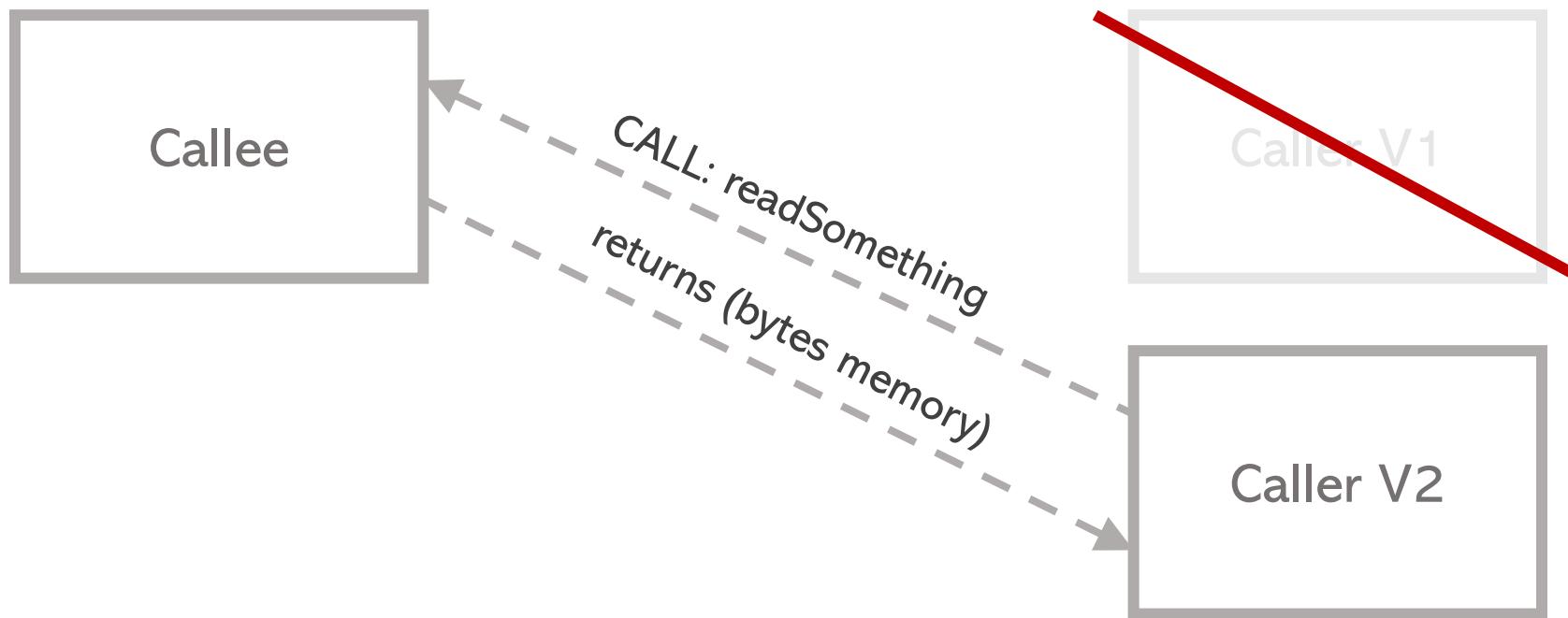
## Caller Callee



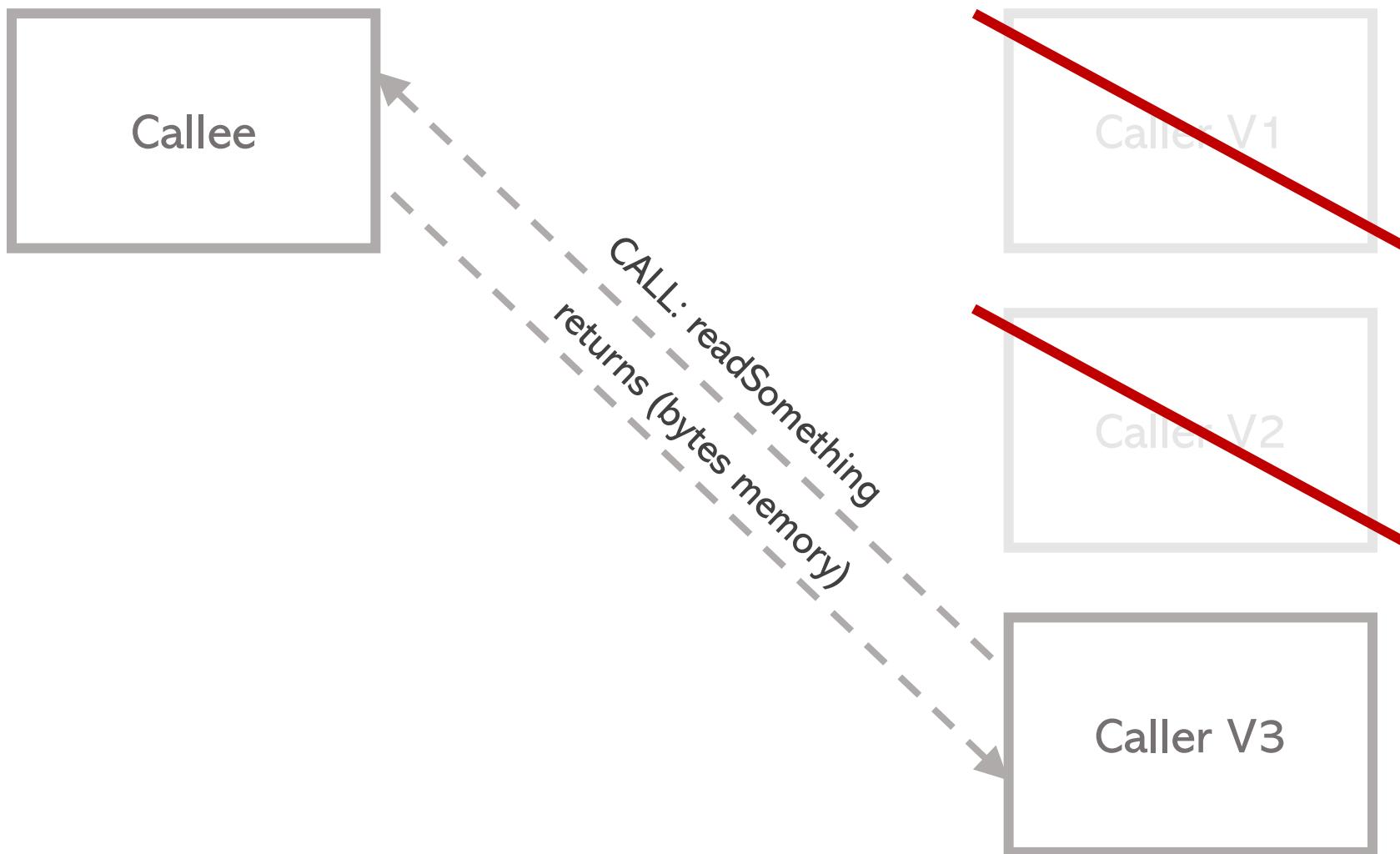
## Caller Callee



# Caller Callee



## Caller Callee



```
interface Callee {  
    function storeBytes(bytes32 key, bytes calldata value) external;  
    function getBytes(bytes32 key) external returns(bytes memory);  
}  
  
contract Caller {  
    Callee public _callee;  
  
    constructor(Callee callee) public {  
        _callee = callee;  
    }  
  
    function storeBytes(bytes32 key, bytes memory value) public {  
        _callee.storeBytes(key, value);  
    }  
  
    function getBytes(bytes32 key) external returns(bytes memory) {  
        return _callee.getBytes(key);  
    }  
}
```

# Proxy

No change in address.

# Proxy Pattern



Source: <https://blog.zeppelinos.org/proxy-patterns/>

```
address _logicContract;

function implementation() private view returns(address){
    return _logicContract;
}

function setLogicContract(address logicContract) public onlyOwner {
    _logicContract = logicContract;
}

function () external payable {
    address _impl = implementation();
    require(_impl != address(0), "Logic contract cannot be address(0)");

    assembly {
        let ptr := mload(0x40)
        calldatcopy(ptr, 0, calldatasize)
        let result := delegatecall(gas, _impl, ptr, calldatasize, 0, 0)
        let size := returndatasize
        returndatacopy(ptr, 0, size)
        switch result
        case 0 { revert(ptr, size) }
        default { return(ptr, size) }
    }
}
```



## Storage Layout Matters

Logic contract writes to proxy contract and can accidentally overwrite its own location.

Trustlessness went  
out the window

Whoever can upgrade can  
introduce malicious code.



Github Repo:  
<https://github.com/NoahMarconi/upgradeStrategies>

CAUTION:

Examples meant to communicate concepts  
and are not appropriate for production use.

Thank You  
for your time today

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