The tiny 'country' between England and Scotland

Standing firm against a determined breeze, I was surveying the scene from what marks the

south-western end of the border between Scotland and England. Peacefully admiring nature at

work, it was hard to believe that this seemingly tranquil, rural landscape was once at the edge of

one of Britain's most lawless, and for a time, bloodiest regions: the area known as the Debatable

Lands.

tranquil 平静的;稳定的

debatable 有争议的

The line between Scotland and England was established with the Treaty of York in 1237. But

when it was finalised, it seems that it drew a line through lands that were essentially familial,

dividing some held territory in two.

familial 家族的;遗传的

plunder 掠夺;侵吞

Therefore, the Debatable Lands became the flashpoint of a rebellion of sorts, where

powerful families *plundered* each other in both Scotland and England and neither government

was committed to sorting it out.

The region became a no-go zone, a hazardous region frequented by the Border Reivers. And

it essentially became Britain's fourth country, sitting alongside England, Wales and Scotland.

It wasn't until 1603 that the border areas became a real focus for the unifying monarch,

King James VI & I, King of Scotland and the first Stuart King of England, following the Union of the

Crowns.

monarch 君主; 帝王

Winding northwards up the A7, I struggled to get my head around how this small patch of

land had excelled at such remarkable lawlessness with colourful characters and tales to boot,

while, simultaneously, remaining so very under the radar.

excel 优于;超越

And that's where the appeal in the Debatable Lands lies; the intrigue of this *unfathomable* period and the surrounding towns and villages of the Borderlands, whose natural landscapes remain — almost — as wild and *untamed* as in the days of the reivers.

unfathomable 深不可测的;无底的 fathomable 可测的;探的透的

untamed 未开发的;原生态的