

复变函数单元测验试题 2005.9

班级_____学号_____姓名_____成绩_____

1. $-1+3i$ 的辐角及主辐角为 ()

- A. $\operatorname{Arg}(-1+3i) = \arctan(-3) + (2k+1)\pi$, $\arg(-1+3i) = \arctan(-3) + \pi$;
B. $\operatorname{Arg}(-1+3i) = \arctan(-3) + 2k\pi$, $\arg(-1+3i) = \arctan(-3)$;
C. $\operatorname{Arg}(-1+3i) = \arctan(-3) + (2k-1)\pi$, $\arg(-1+3i) = \arctan(-3) - \pi$;
D. $\operatorname{Arg}(-1+3i) = \arctan(-3) + 2k\pi$, $\arg(-1+3i) = \arctan(-3) + \pi$.

2. 方程 $z^3+8=0$ 的根为 ()

- A. $z_1 = -2$, $z_2 = \sqrt{3}+i$, $z_3 = \sqrt{3}-i$;
B. $z_1 = -2$, $z_2 = -1+\sqrt{3}i$, $z_3 = -1-\sqrt{3}i$;
C. $z_1 = -2$, $z_2 = 1+\sqrt{3}i$, $z_3 = 1-\sqrt{3}i$;
D. $z_1 = -2$, $z_2 = -\sqrt{3}+i$, $z_3 = -\sqrt{3}-i$.

3. $|z+i| > |z-i|$ 所表示的平面区域为 ()

- A. 下半平面;
B. 上半平面;
C. 以 i 为中心, $|2i|$ 为半径的圆的内部;
D. 以 i 为中心, $|2i|$ 为半径的圆的外部.

4. 设 $f(z) = x^3 - 3xy^2 + i(3x^2y - y^3)$, 则 $f'(z) =$ ()

- A. $3x^2 - 3y^2 + i(3x^2 - 3y^2)$; B. $3x^2 - 3y^2 + i6xy$;
C. $-6xy + i(3x^2 - 3y^2)$; D. 不存在.

5. 函数 $f(z) = x^2 + iy^2$ ()

- A. 在整个复平面上解析;
B. 仅在 $x=y$ 上解析;
C. 在 $x=y$ 上可导在复平面上不解析;
D. 在除 $x=y$ 的复平面上解析.

6. 已知调和函数 $u(x, y) = 2x^2 - 2y^2 + x$, 求函数 $v(x, y)$,
使函数 $f(z) = u(x, y) + iv(x, y)$ 解析且满足 $f(-1) = 1 + 2i$. ()

A. $f(z) = (2x^2 - 2y^2 + x) + i(-4xy - y + 2)$;

B. $f(z) = (2x^2 - 2y^2 + x) + i(4xy - y + 2)$;

C. $f(z) = (2x^2 - 2y^2 + x) + i(-4xy + y + 2)$;

D. $f(z) = (2x^2 - 2y^2 + x) + i(4xy + y + 2)$.

7. $(-1-i)^{(1+i)}$ 的值为 ()

A. $\sqrt{2}e^{\frac{\pi}{4}-2k\pi}e^{i\left(\frac{\pi}{4}+\ln\sqrt{2}\right)}$; B. $\sqrt{2}e^{-\frac{3\pi}{4}-2k\pi}e^{i\left(\frac{\pi}{4}+\ln\sqrt{2}\right)}$;

C. $\sqrt{2}e^{\frac{3\pi}{4}-2k\pi}e^{i\left(\frac{3\pi}{4}+\ln\sqrt{2}\right)}$; D. $\sqrt{2}e^{-\frac{3\pi}{4}-2k\pi}e^{i\left(\frac{3\pi}{4}+\ln\sqrt{2}\right)}$.

8. 积分 $\oint_{|z|=1} \frac{z}{(2z+1)(z-2)} dz =$ ()

A. $\frac{2}{5}\pi i$; B. $-\frac{1}{3}\pi i$; C. $\frac{3}{5}\pi i$; D. $\frac{1}{5}\pi i$.

9. 积分 $\oint_{|z|=2} \frac{8\sin z}{(2z-\pi)^3} dz =$ ()

A. $8\pi i$; B. $2\pi i$; C. $-\pi i$; D. πi .

10. 设 $f(z) = \oint_{|\xi|=3} \frac{3\xi^2 + 7\xi + 1}{\xi - z} d\xi$, 则 $f(1+i) =$ ()

A. $2\pi(-6+13i)$; B. $13+6i$;

C. $\frac{13+6i}{2\pi i}$; D. $-\frac{49}{(2-i)^2}$.

答案: A C B B C D C D C A.