## BRAC University (Department of Computer Science and Engineering)

## CSE 330 (Numerical Methods)

Spring 2025

Quiz 3 [CO3]

Student ID:

Set-B

Full Marks: 15

Section:

Name:

Duration: 20 minutes

1. Consider the following dataset:

X	2.1	2.3	2.5	2.7
f(x) +/ /	18.2	22.3	24.5	30.6

- a) Compute f<sup>(1)</sup>(2.5) upto 4 significant figures using the central difference method. [2 marks]
- b) Compute f(1)(2.3) upto 4 significant figures using the backward difference method.[2 marks]
- c) Compute the **truncation error** at x=4 using **backward** difference method if the above data is generated by the function,  $f(x) = 4x^2 + 3e^{-2x}$ . [2 marks]
- d) Compute the **upper bound** of truncation error at x=4 using **central** difference method, if the above data is generated by the function,  $f(x) = 4x^2 + 3e^{-2x}$ . [3 marks]
- 2. Consider a Runge function,  $f(x) = 3/(4 + 9x^2)$  for the given interval [-4,4] and n = 3.
  - a) Calculate the equally angled points/ $\theta_j$

[3 marks]

b) Calculate the value of Chebyshev nodes.

[3 marks]

2 a 
$$\phi_j$$
:  $\frac{(2j+1)\pi}{2(n+1)}$   $\theta_j$ :  $\frac{(2j+1)\pi}{2(3+1)}$   $j$ :  $0$ ,  $1$ ,  $2$ ,  $3$ 
 $0$ :  $\frac{\pi}{8}$ ,  $0$ :  $\frac{3\pi}{8}$ ,  $0$ :  $\frac{5\pi}{8}$ ,  $0$ :  $\frac{7\pi}{8}$ 

b)  $\chi_j$ :  $r\cos\phi_j$  + center

 $\chi_0$ :  $4\cos(\frac{\pi}{8})$ ,  $\chi_1$ :  $4\cos(\frac{3\pi}{8})$ ,  $\chi_2$ :  $4\cos(\frac{5\pi}{8})$ ,  $\chi_3$ :  $4\cos(\frac{7\pi}{8})$ ,  $\chi_3$ :  $4\cos(\frac{7\pi}{8})$ ,  $\chi_4$ :  $4\cos(\frac{5\pi}{8})$ ,  $\chi_5$ :  $4\cos(\frac{5\pi}{8})$ ,  $3\cos(\frac{5\pi}{8})$ ,

De h: 2.3-2.1 = 0.2

Using central difference method

$$f'(x) = f(x+h) - f(x-h)$$

$$\frac{2h}{2h}$$

$$f'(2.5) = \frac{(2.5 + 0.2) - f(2.5 - 0.2)}{2 * 0.2}$$

$$f'(2.5) = \frac{30.6 - 22.3}{0.4}$$

$$f'(2.5) = \frac{30.6 - 22.3}{0.4}$$

$$f'(2.5) = \frac{30.6 - 22.3}{0.4}$$

$$f'(2.5) = \frac{10.75}{0.4}$$

$$f'(2.5) = \frac{10.75}{0.4}$$

$$f'(2.5) = \frac{10.75}{0.2}$$

$$f'(2.5) = \frac{10.3}{0.2} - \frac{10.3 - 10.2}{0.2}$$

$$f'(2.5) = \frac{22.3 - 18.2}{0.2}$$

$$f'(2.5) = \frac{22.3 - 18.2}{0.2}$$

a) upper bound of truncation error at x = 4,  $\left| \frac{f^{**}(\xi)}{3!} h^{2} \right| \quad \xi \in [(x+h), (x-h)]$   $\xi \in [4.2, 3.8]$ 

 $f'(x) = 8x - 6e^{-2x}$   $f''(x) = 8 + 12e^{-2x}$  $f'''(x) = -24e^{-2x}$ 

1-24e-2(4.2)| : |-5.3968\*10-3 | 1-24e-2(3.8)|: 1-0.01201|

 $\frac{0.01201}{31} * (0.2)^{2} = 8.0067 * 10^{-5}.$ 

$$\mathcal{L}$$

$$\chi = 4, h = 0.2, f(x) = 4x^{2} + 3e^{-2x}$$

$$f'(x) = 8x - 6e^{-2x}$$

$$f'(4) = 31.997987.$$

$$BD = f(x) - f(x-h) = f(4) - f(4)$$

$$BD = \frac{f(x) - f(x-h)}{h} = \frac{f(4) - f(3.8)}{0.2}$$

$$= \frac{64.000006 - 57.7615}{0.2}$$

= 31.19753

= 0.800457.