

$$\begin{aligned}
 P_{dis} &= (9 - 1.6) i_{B1} + (9 - 2.3) i_{Ex} + (9 - 2.3) i_{Ey} \\
 &+ (1.6 - 0.8) i_{c1} + (9 - 0.8) i_{c2} + (0.8 - 0) i_1 \\
 &+ (0.8 - 0) i_{B0} + (9 - 0) i_{c0}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= 7.4 + 0.67 + 0.67 + 0.96 + 22.8 + 0.144 \\
 &+ 4.016 + 18
 \end{aligned}$$

$$= 64.66 \text{ mW}$$

Verification:

For  $T_2$ ,

$$B_{force} = \frac{I_{c2}}{I_{B2}} = \frac{4}{1.2} = 3.3 < B_f$$

(assumption correct)

For  $T_3$ ,

$$B_{force} = \frac{I_{c0}}{I_{B0}} = \frac{2}{5.02} = 0.398 < B_f$$

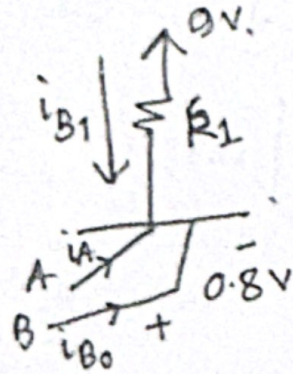
(assumption correct)



(2)

If  $V_A = V_B = 0V$  then  $T_2, T_3$  will go cut off mode due to insufficient voltage supply.

only  $T_1$  will be <sup>'ON'</sup> active and be in 'sat' mode.



Applying KCL at base, we get

$$i_{B1} = i_A + i_{B0}$$

$$\text{or } i_{B1} = i_A \times 2 \quad [\text{same}]$$

$$i_{B1} = \frac{9 - 0.8}{R_1}$$

$$i_A = i_{B0} = \frac{i_{B1}}{2} = \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{9 - 0.8}{R_1}$$

Given,  $P_{dis} = 1.23 \text{ mW}$ ,

Now,

$$P_{dis} = (9 - 0.8) I_{B1} + (0.8 - 0) I_A + (0.8 - 0) I_{B0}$$

$$\Rightarrow 1.23 = (9 - 0.8) \frac{(9 - 0.8)}{R_1} + 0.8 I_A \times 2$$

$$\Rightarrow 1.23 = (9 - 0.8) \frac{9 - 0.8}{R_1} + 0.8 \cdot \frac{I_B}{2} \times 2$$

$$\Rightarrow 1.23 = (9 - 0.8) \frac{9 - 0.8}{R_1} + 0.8 \cdot \frac{(9 - 0.8)}{R_1}$$

$$\Rightarrow 1.23 = \frac{9 - 0.8}{R_1} (9 - 0.8 + 0.8)$$

$$\Rightarrow 1.23 = \frac{9 - 0.8 \times 9}{R_1}$$

$$\therefore R_1 = 60 \text{ k}\Omega$$

So, the maximum value of  $R_1$  is to  $60 \text{ k}\Omega$  to satisfy the given criteria.