利用方向-能量重建探测 K-40 地球中微子

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• K40 Th232 U238衰变中微子能谱

• 地球模型

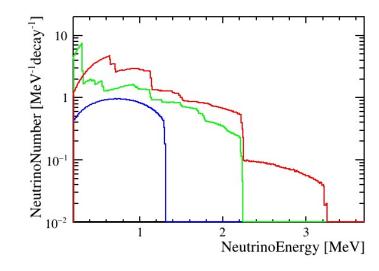
• 地球中微子通量计算

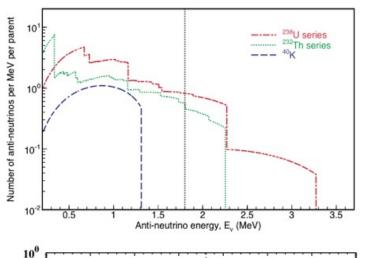
K40 Th232 U238衰变中微子能谱

红色: U238

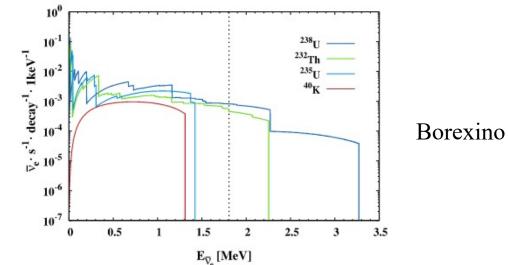
绿色: Th232

蓝色: K40



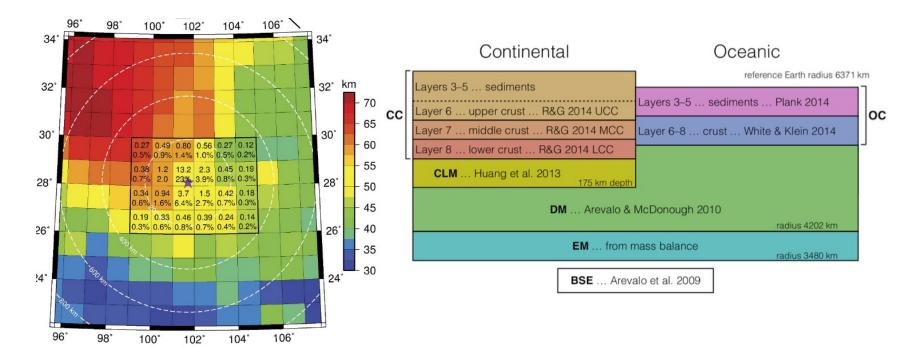






地球模型

- 地壳 Crust1.0
 - 1deg x 1 deg
 - 8 layers
- 地幔
 - CLM DM EM
- 元素含量
- 依据文献



| | | 1000000 | 0.77 | |
|----------------------|------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|----------------------------------|----|
| Upper CC + sediments | $(2.32 \pm 8\%) \times 10^{-2}$ | $(10.5\pm10\%)\times10^{-6}$ | $(2.7 \pm 21\%) \times 10^{-6}$ | 64 |
| Middle CC | $(1.91\pm14\%)\times10^{-2}$ | $(6.5 \pm 8\%) \times 10^{-6}$ | $(1.3 \pm 31\%) \times 10^{-6}$ | 64 |
| Lower CC | $(0.51 \pm 30\%) \times 10^{-2}$ | $(1.2 \pm 30\%) \times 10^{-6}$ | $(0.2 \pm 30\%) \times 10^{-6}$ | 64 |
| OC sediments | $(1.83 \pm 7\%) \times 10^{-2}$ | $(8.10 \pm 7\%) \times 10^{-6}$ | $(1.73 \pm 5\%) \times 10^{-6}$ | 69 |
| OC crust | $(716 \pm 30\%) \times 10^{-6}$ | $(0.21\pm30\%)\times10^{-6}$ | $(0.07 \pm 30\%) \times 10^{-6}$ | 70 |
| CLM | $315^{+432}_{-183} \times 10^{-6}$ | $150^{+277}_{-97} \times 10^{-9}$ | $33^{+49}_{-20} \times 10^{-9}$ | 15 |
| Depleted Mantle | $(152\pm20\%)\times10^{-6}$ | $(21.9 \pm 20\%) \times 10^{-9}$ | $(8.0 \pm 20\%) \times 10^{-9}$ | 71 |
| Enriched Mantle | $402^{+350}_{-238}\times10^{-6}$ | $147^{+74}_{-57} \times 10^{-9}$ | $30^{+24}_{-18} \times 10^{-9}$ | |
| Bulk Silicate Earth | $(280 \pm 21\%) \times 10^{-6}$ | $(80 \pm 15\%) \times 10^{-9}$ | $(20\pm20\%)\times10^{-9}$ | 72 |

Ref.

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Geoneutrinos at Jinping: Flux prediction and oscillation analysis

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• 由模型给出不同格点的密度、元素含量

- 计算该格点放出中微子数
- 按照立体角计算锦屏处的通量

$$d\phi(\vec{r})_e = \frac{X\lambda N_A}{\mu} n_v P_{ee}^{\oplus} \frac{A(\vec{r})\rho(\vec{r})}{4\pi |\vec{r} - \vec{d}|^2} dv,$$

- 锦屏位置
 - (28.15323° N, 101.7114° E, 海拔1500 m)

10⁻² NeutrinoEnergy [MeV]

点线:不考虑振荡 实线:振荡后

相差大约1个数量级 使用的元素含量、地球模型有些不同

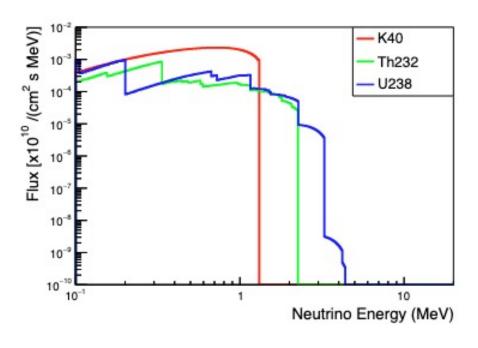


Figure B.15: Predicted non-oscillating geo electron-antineutrino energy spectra on the Earth's surface.

- •程序可能有bug
- 后续可以对比的量
 - 用matlab计算结果
 - Pee'
 - 地壳、地幔中微子总通量

