MECH564:

Fundamentals of Robot Mechanics and Controls Final Project

Due Date: May 13th, 11:59pm, 2017

1 Objective

Evaluate the task level robot control method for the first three joints of PUMA 560 robot (shown in Fig. 1) arm by computer simulations.

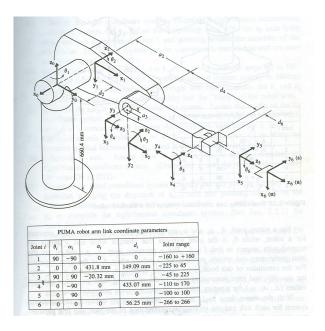


Figure 1: Problem 1

2 Dynamics Model of the Robot

The dynamics model of the first four links of PUMA 560 is

$$D(q)\ddot{q} + C(q, \dot{q})\dot{q} + g(q) = \tau$$

where

$$D(q) = \begin{bmatrix} d_{11} & d_{12} & d_{13} \\ d_{21} & d_{22} & d_{23} \\ d_{31} & d_{32} & d_{33} \end{bmatrix}; \quad C(q, \dot{q}) = \begin{bmatrix} c_{11} & c_{12} & c_{13} \\ c_{21} & c_{22} & c_{23} \\ c_{31} & c_{32} & c_{33} \end{bmatrix}; \quad g = \begin{bmatrix} g_1 \\ g_2 \\ g_3 \end{bmatrix} \quad q = \begin{bmatrix} q_1 \\ q_2 \\ q_3 \end{bmatrix}; \quad \tau = \begin{bmatrix} \tau_1 \\ \tau_2 \\ \tau_3 \end{bmatrix}$$

where the $(k,j)^{th}$ element of $C(q,\dot{q})$ is

$$c_{kj} = \sum_{i=1}^{n} c_{ijk}(q)\dot{q}_i$$

The numeric forms of d_{kj} $(kg - m^2)$ are as follows:

$$\begin{array}{rcl} d_{11} & = & 2.4574 + 1.7181c_2c_2 + 0.4430s_{23}s_{23} - 0.0324c_2c_{23} - 0.0415c_{23}s_{23} + 0.9378c_2s_{23} \\ d_{12} & = & 2.2312s_2 - 0.0068s_{23} - 0.1634c_{23} \\ d_{13} & = & -0.0068s_{23} - 0.1634c_{23} \\ \\ d_{21} & = & d_{12} \\ d_{22} & = & 5.1285 + 0.9378s_3 - 0.0324c_3 \\ d_{23} & = & 0.4424 + 0.4689s_3 - 0.0162c_3 \\ \\ d_{31} & = & d_{13} \\ d_{32} & = & d_{23} \\ d_{33} & = & 1.0236 \end{array}$$

The numeric forms of $c_{ijk}\ (kg-m^2)$ are as follows:

$$\begin{array}{lll} c_{111} &=& 0 \\ c_{121} &=& 0.0207 - 1.2752c_2s_2 + 0.4429c_3s_3 - 0.8859s_2s_3s_{23} \\ && + 0.0325c_2s_{23} + 0.4689c_2c_{23} - 0.4689s_2s_{23} \\ && - 0.0461c_{22} - 0.0415c_{23}c_{23} - 0.0163s_3 \end{array}$$

$$c_{131} &=& 0.0207 + 0.4429c_2s_2 + 0.4429c_3s_3 - 0.8859s_2s_3s_{23} \\ && + 0.0163c_2s_{23} + 0.4689c_2c_{23} - 0.0415c_{23}c_{23} \end{array}$$

$$c_{211} &=& c_{121} \\ c_{221} &=& 1.8181c_2 + 0.1634s_{23} - 0.0068c_{23} \\ c_{231} &=& 0.1634s_{23} - 0.0068c_{23} \end{aligned}$$

$$c_{311} &=& c_{131} \\ c_{321} &=& c_{231} \\ c_{321} &=& c_{231} \\ c_{321} &=& c_{231} \\ c_{321} &=& 0.1634s_{23} - 0.0068c_{23} \end{aligned}$$

$$c_{112} &=& -c_{121} \\ c_{122} &=& 0 \\ c_{132} &=& 0 \\ c_{212} &=& c_{122} \\ c_{222} &=& 0 \\ c_{232} &=& 0.4689c_3 + 0.0162s_3 \\ c_{312} &=& 0 \\ c_{322} &=& c_{232} \\ c_{332} &=& 0.4689c_3 + 0.0162s_3 \end{aligned}$$

$$c_{113} &=& -c_{131} \\ c_{123} &=& -c_{132} \\ c_{133} &=& 0 \\ c_{213} &=& c_{123} \\ c_{223} &=& -c_{232} \\ c_{233} &=& 0 \\ c_{313} &=& c_{123} \\ c_{223} &=& -c_{232} \\ c_{233} &=& 0 \\ c_{313} &=& c_{133} \\ c_{223} &=& c_{233} \\ c_{233} &=& c_{233} \\ c_{333} &=& 0 \\ \end{array}$$

The numeric forms of g_k $(kg - m^2 - sec^{-2})$ are as follows:

$$g_1 = 0$$

 $g_2 = -48.5564c_2 + 1.0462s_2 + 0.3683c_{23} - 10.6528s_{23}$
 $g_3 = 0.3683c_{23} - 10.6528s_{23}$

The forward kinematics model of the first four links of PUMA 560

$$Y = h(q) = \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \\ z \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} h_1(q) \\ h_2(q) \\ h_3(q) \end{bmatrix}$$

where the robot task space consists of (x, y, z), and

$$h(q) = \begin{bmatrix} a_3c_1c_{23} + d_4c_1s_{23} + a_2c_1c_2 - d_2s_1 \\ a_3s_1c_{23} + d_4s_1s_{23} + a_2s_1c_2 + d_2c_1 \\ -a_3s_{23} + d_4c_{23} - a_2s_2 \end{bmatrix}$$

The link parameters in the above formula can be found in the table shown in Fig. 1.

3 The Task Level Control Method

The task level controller is given as

$$\tau = D(q)J_h(q)^{-1}(u - \dot{J}_h(q)\dot{q}) + C(q,\dot{q})\dot{q} + g(q)$$

where $u = \ddot{Y}^d + K_v(\dot{Y}^d - \dot{Y}) + K_p(Y^d - Y)$ and

$$J_h(q) = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{\partial h_1}{\partial q_1} & \frac{\partial h_1}{\partial q_2} & \frac{\partial h_1}{\partial q_3} \\ \frac{\partial h_2}{\partial q_1} & \frac{\partial h_2}{\partial q_2} & \frac{\partial h_2}{\partial q_3} \\ \frac{\partial h_3}{\partial q_1} & \frac{\partial h_3}{\partial q_2} & \frac{\partial h_3}{\partial q_2} \end{bmatrix}; \quad u = \begin{bmatrix} u_1 \\ u_2 \\ u_3 \end{bmatrix}.$$

4 Required Tasks

4.1 Design of the Task Level Controller

- (1) Derive the nonlinear controller to linearize and decouple the robot dynamics model in the task space.
- (2) Write the linearized robot dynamics model in the state space form; Use any design method that you are familiar with to design the linear feedback controller.

4.2 The Simulation

(1) Develop a software to simulate the robot dynamics model, i.e. numerically solve

$$\begin{cases} D(q)\ddot{q} + C(q,\dot{q})\dot{q} + g(q) = \tau \\ Y = h(q) \end{cases}$$

You can write your own code to solve the ODE (e.g., Runge-Kutta 4th order method which can be found in "An Introduction to Numerical Analysis", Kendall E. Atkinson or other numerical analysis books). You can also directly use ODE solvers in Matlab (e.g., ode45, ode23), but then you need to rewrite the dynamics equation into the correct form.

(2) Numerically implement the nonlinear controller

$$\tau = D(q)J_h(q)^{-1}(u - \dot{J}_h(q)\dot{q}) + C(q,\dot{q})\dot{q} + g(q)$$

Let u_i be the unit step function for i = 1, 2, 3 respectively, i.e.,

$$u_i = \left\{ \begin{array}{ll} 1, & t \ge 0 \\ 0, & t < 0 \end{array} \right.$$

please plot x, y, z for all three cases.

(3) Apply the linear controller in order to track a given desired trajectory as follows:

$$Y_d(t) = \begin{bmatrix} -0.866R\cos(\omega t) - 0.56\\ R\sin(\omega t)\\ 0.5R\cos(\omega t) - 0.08 \end{bmatrix}$$

where R = 0.25m.

Please plot the errors

$$\left[\begin{array}{c} Y_d - Y \\ \dot{Y}_d - \dot{Y} \end{array}\right]$$

for $\omega = \pi/4$ or $\pi/2$ rad/sec, $\dot{Y}(0) = 0$, and $Y(0) = [-0.7765m, 0.0m, 0.045m]^T$ or $Y(0) = [-0.5m, -0.1m, 0.0m]^T$.

(4) The parameters in the robot dynamics model d_{kj} , c_{ijk} and g_i vary 2%, 5%, 10% or 30% from their nominal values. Please repeat the simulation in (3). Note: you should not change these parameters in the nonlinear controller.

4.3 Discussions

Please discuss the following questions based on the above simulation results.

- (1) Explain the linearization and decoupling. How do you verify them?
- (2) What kind of effects do the robot's initial position and the velocity of the desired trajectory have on the tracking errors?
- (3) Explain the effects of modeling errors on the robot tracking control.
- (4) Propose a method to reduce the effects of modeling errors and verify your ideas by the simulation.

5 Project Report

- (1) The report must be typed, and turned in before the due date.
- (2) In your report all tasks with proper explanations and discussions must be documented.
- (3) The derivation and design steps have to be presented and clearly explained.
- (4) The block diagram of all computer programs must be included in the report. All source codes of the computer programs must be clearly documented and submitted as Appendix at the end of the report.
- (5) All plots and diagrams must have proper captions and be clearly explained.
- (6) References must be provided in the report for any methods used in the project from sources other than the textbook and class notes.

6 Project Submission

All the documents including report and source codes should be submitted in a single Zip file on Canvas before May 13th, 11:59pm. Please name the zip file as FirstName_LastName.zip (e.g., Jianguo_Zhao.zip).