Different Every Time: A Framework to model Real-Time Instant Message Conversations

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Abstract—As startups and micro teams adopt real-time collaborative instant messaging solutions, a wealth of data is generated from day to day usage. Making sense of the data which is generated from these collaboration suites can be a challenge to teams, given the lack of inbuilt analytics. In this study we model the distribution of duration, inter-arrival time, word length and user count of real-time electronic chat conversations in a framework, where the distributions can be used as an analogue to service time estimation of problem determination. Using both an enterprise and open-source datasets, we answer the question of what distribution family and fitting techniques can be used to adequately model real-time chat conversations. Our framework can help startups and micro teams alike to effectively model their real-time chat discourse to allow high value decisions to be made based on their conversation output.

I. Introduction (Heading 1)

For publication in the section Full Paper, beginning with the Proceedings of FRUCT14, article must be at least 6 pages and no more than 12 pages. Abstracts for performances may be from 1 to 3 pages. Exceeding these volumes is only possible by prior agreement with the organizers of the conference.

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If you would like to make a cite, place it at the end of sentence before point or comma.

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Please place last name after first name, declare them completely. If all the authors work in one place, their names are written with a comma (after last's no comma) in a single column. So a number of columns are equal to number of authors working in different places. Following declare author's place of work (at new line, no comma in the end). Place of work it's only general name of company or university, without name of particular department. On the new line place city and country by comma, and on the last line – email (without word "Email", don't use hyperlinks). The sequence of authors – at your discretion. The order of publication in Proceedings is defined by the first author. Your can see different ways to design information about authors at Fig. 1.

II. MAIN PART (HEADING 1)

A. Structural components (Heading 2)

1) Introduction (Heading 3): The introduction it is a place for description of the problem, analysis of existing solutions

Fig. 1. Different ways to design information about authors

(with links to sources), their disadvantages and advantages of your approach. Clear statement of the work purpose is required.

- 2) Main part: The main part is recommended to be divided into sections. The section titles should have meaningful names. The name "Main part" is not allowed.
- 3) Lists: There are two types of lists: bulleted and numbered. In numbered list use right bracket after number.

In bulleted list as a marker is using bullet.

If you start item from first word capitalized place at the end point, if not – comma (or semicolon if in text of item comma have been used). At the end of last item place point.

4) Equations: Equations are numbered only if they are referenced in the text.

$$a - b = c \tag{1}$$

where a is main symbol, b - principal and c - basic.

Italicize Roman symbols for quantities and variables, but not Greek symbols. Use a long dash rather than a hyphen for a minus sign. Be sure that the symbols in your equation have been defined before or immediately following the equation.

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5) Algorithms: If you want to lead the algorithm, design it so Algorithm 1.

Algorithm 1 Your algorithm

- 0: Here will be the text of your algorithm. Make **operators** bold, variables *italic*. step 1;
- 0: step 2;

III. FIGURES AND TABLES

Place figures and tables at the top and bottom of page. Large figures and tables may span for all page. Them can be rotated if it is necessary. Each figure or table should be caption. Insert figures and tables after they are cited in the text. Use words rather than symbols or abbreviations when writing labels to avoid confusing the reader. Don't place point at the end of captions for figures or tables.

A. Figures

Use the abbreviation "Fig. 1" in text. Use black and white colors, example of bad black and white graphics – Fig. 2. Don't forget to attach to the source separate files with figures. Format EPS is mandatory for TeX source.

Fig. 2. Red, blue and green line

B. Tables

TABLE I. POPULAR DRAWBACKS FOR SUBMISSIONS OF FRUCT13

| Drawbacks in | Number of submissions |
|----------------------------------|-----------------------|
| Paper Title | 7 |
| Information about authors | 10 |
| Abstract | 2 |
| Index Terms | 11 |
| Title of sections | 9 |
| General text | 10 |
| Figures and tables | 15 |
| Lists | 4 |
| References | 13 |
| Design do not match our template | 7 |
| In total | 40 |

IV. DESIGN OF REFERENCES

The template number citations consecutively within brackets [1]. Numbering references depending on the order of their appearance in the text. The sentence punctuation follows the bracket [2]. Refer simply to the reference number, as in [3] -do not use "Ref. [3]" or "reference [3]" except at the beginning of a sentence: "Reference [3] was the first ..."

Unless there are six authors or more give all authors names; do not use "et al.". Papers that have not been published, even if they have been submitted for publication, should be cited as "unpublished" [5]. Papers that have been accepted for publication should be cited as "in press" [6]. Capitalize only the first word in a paper title, except for proper nouns and element symbols.

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Requirements for formatting references are various depending on its type:

Books

- Initials and family name of each authors by comma (at last use "and").
- Comma, *name of book without quotes (italic)*, point at the end.
- Then all other bibliographic information by comma (publisher, year, page), point at the end.

As example [1].

2) Articles

- Initials and family name of each authors by comma.
- Comma, name of article in quotes, name of the journal or conference (italic).
- Then all other bibliographic information by comma (publisher, year, page), point at the end.

Examples for article references in [2], [3].

3) Internet resources

- Initials and family name of each authors by comma.
- Comma, name of intertet resource and other bibliographic information by comma (if exists).
- Web: and web link (not hyperlink), point at the end.

Example – [4].

V. CONCLUSION

This part presents the key findings in substance. Avoid simple enumeration of the following material. It is desirable to provide a link to existing articles and grants.

ACKNOWLEDGMENT

This section is not numbered. You may wish to express gratitude here.

REFERENCES

- [1] (Example for books) T.M.Cover and J.A. Thomas, Elements of Information Theory. New York: Wiley, 1991.
- [2] (Example for articles) R.L. Dobrushin, "Optimum information transmission through a channel with unknown parameters", Radiotech. Electron., vol.4, Dec. 1959, pp. 1951-1956.
- [3] (Example for articles) N.M. Blachman, "Communication as a game", in Proc. WESCON Conf., Aug. 1957, pp. 61-66.
- [4] (Example for web-links) IEEE official website, Manuscript Templates for Conference Proceedings, Web: http://www.ieee.org/conferences_events/conferences/publishing/templates. html.

- [5] (Example for unpublished references) K. Elissa, "Title of paper if known", unpublished.
- [6] (Example for references have been accepted for publication) R. Nicole,

"Title of paper with only first word capitalized", J. Name Stand. Abbrev., in press.