2002:

QUANTIFIERS IN COMPARATIVES: A SEMANTICS OF DEGREE BASED ON INTERVALS

Traditional research (Cresswell 1976, Hellan 1981, von Stechow 1984, Rullmann 1995):

To generate the ordering of individuals, we should have a set of points representing the possible positions in the ordering that an individual might occupy.

Auther Claim:

Fuck points, scalar predicates have a semantics based on intervals, not fucking points.

Chief evidence:

If shirts range in price form $20 - $100, and the dress is $150, dress has a point 150, but no point for shirts. And clearly there is a interval.

Interval based method shown in Ch5.Ch6.

There is no definition about subtraction to intervals, so auther gives a def in Ch6…

2005

Measure Phrases as Modifiers of adj

5-feet tall: non-compared adj appear in a measure phrase. Why.

Auther Claim:

Degree arguments are ‘functional’, the measure phrase has to be an adjunct and not a syntactic argument of the adjective.

第一个part研究，measure phrase在各种语言中是否可以直接和adj结合。结论是：If a language has direct measure phrases, it will have indirect measure phrases, but not vice versa.

~~(2012) 2013 Degrees and segments (too difficult)~~

~~Directed scale segments~~